

STANFORD IN OXFORD, SAFETY, SECURITY & FIRE REPORT

October 1, 2011

This report has been compiled in compliance with the US federal Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act and the Higher Education Opportunity Act.

Safety on the Stanford in Oxford campus is a natural source of concern for students, parents and University employees. Education - the business of Stanford University - can take place only in an environment in which each student and employee feels safe and secure. Stanford recognizes this and employs a number of security measures to protect the members of its community. The local police force, and the students and employees themselves all share in the responsibility of making the Stanford in Oxford program a safe place to study, work and live.

SECURITY

Police Protection

The Stanford in Oxford program is under the jurisdiction of the Thames Valley Police. The Headquarters is located at Oxford Road, Kidlington, Oxfordshire OX5 2NX. Telephone: (44) (0) 8458-505505
All statistics at the close of this document are supplied by the Director of Stanford in Oxford program. Crime statistics for Oxford and surrounding area are available from the local police website:
<http://www.thamesvalley.police.uk/bcu/oxfordshire/local-police-area/index-oxford.htm>.

Timely Warnings

In the event that a situation arises, either on or off campus, that, in the judgment of the Director of Stanford in Oxford, constitutes an ongoing or continuing threat to the community, a program-wide "timely warning" will be issued. The warning may be issued through any means appropriate including: email lists, flyers and phone calls. Anyone with information warranting a timely warning should report the circumstances to the program staff by phone or in person.

Security and Access to the Stanford in Oxford facility

The Stanford House entrance doors have locking devices that can be opened only by a digital fob, which is issued only to staff and residents, and should be kept locked at all times. All exterior doors have automatic closing devices. Student room doors are also self-locking, and residents should keep their room doors locked at all times even while going to the bathroom. The fob issued to each student gives access through all external doors and to common areas such as the Computer Cluster, as well as to their bedroom, but not to any other bedrooms. The House Manager performs routine maintenance throughout the residence and responds to all reports of problems with locks, door-closers and lights. The Junior Dean is responsible for checking the external doors each night to ensure all are secured. Residents are required to report the presence of any stranger to a member of staff during office hours or the Junior Dean outside office hours. Residents are advised to stop and question any stranger in the house (e.g., "Can I help you with something?") only if accompanied by at least two other residents. Residents are advised to notify police immediately of any suspicious activity.

REPORTING CRIME AND SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITY

Reporting Crime

All students, faculty, staff and visitors are encouraged to report all crimes and public safety related incidents to the police in a timely manner. Anytime you need immediate police, fire, or medical response, dial 999. For a non-emergency police response on campus, dial Telephone: (44) (0) 8458-505505

Call 999 if you think a crime is in progress, which might be indicated by:

- A whistle, scream or call for help.
- A stranger repeatedly walking up and down the street outside the front door to Stanford House.
- Seeing someone you don't know or recognize entering Stanford House or your neighbor's room, enter an office or lab with no apparent business or transaction, loitering in the parking area by the rear gate to the garden, or in either of the rear gardens.

Remember that the police cannot be everywhere at once, and they depend on individuals in the community to assist them in crime prevention by reporting suspicious activities.

Important Telephone Numbers

Emergencies	999
Geoffrey Tyack, Director	01865 251302
Stephanie Williams, Administrator	01865 461193, 07948 517563
Theo Reynoso, House Manager	01865 725030
Rebecca Chaplin, Administrative Assistant	07826 523484
David Lewis (after office hours), Junior Dean	01865 253150, ext. 233, 07403 691255

Off-Campus Crime

When off-campus, all members of the Stanford community are encouraged to report all crimes and public safety related incidents to the local police agency in a timely manner. In case of an emergency, please call 999.

University judicial policy applies year-round to all on-campus activities, and to any acts that threaten the safety and integrity of the University community regardless of where such acts occur.

Location of Registered Sex Offender Information

The United Kingdom maintains a sex offender registry, information from which may be made available to head teachers, doctors, youth leaders, sports club managers and others, including landlords, but not to the public.

ALCOHOL, DRUGS, WORKPLACE VIOLENCE & WEAPONS

University Policy on Controlled Substances and Alcohol

It is the policy of Stanford University to maintain a drug-free workplace on campus. The unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, and/or use of controlled substances or the unlawful possession, use, or distribution of alcohol is prohibited on the Stanford campus, in the work place, or as part of any University activities. The workplace and campus are presumed to include all Stanford premises where activities of the University are conducted. Violation of this policy will result in disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination of employment or expulsion of students. Violations may also be referred to the appropriate authorities for prosecution. This policy will be reviewed at least biannually. Please see Administrative Guide Memo 26.3 for the complete University Controlled Substance and Alcohol Policy http://adminguide.stanford.edu/23_6.pdf

The offices of the Dean of Students and Residential Education make available a detailed description of policies, applications, consequences of violation, criminal and civil liability, the role of residence staff, guidelines for event planners, and campus helping resources concerned with alcohol and its use on campus.

The Stanford University Programme in Oxford operates a “Zero Tolerance” policy on immoderate consumption of alcohol and requires students to obtain permission from the Director for any events staged at Stanford House that may involve alcohol. Students are informed, in writing and during orientation meetings, that such permission will not usually be given.

Drug and Alcohol Abuse Education Programs

The Vaden Health Center at Stanford University provides a variety of education programs for drug and alcohol abuse prevention. Programs include educational activities, alcohol education seminars, individual consultation and an academic course. <http://vaden.stanford.edu/wellness/substanceAbuse.html>

Drinking and Driving

Besides the legal risks, you could be putting the lives of your friends in danger by letting them drive after drinking. If you plan on using alcohol, you should always designate a driver who will not be drinking.

University Policy on Violence in the Workplace

Stanford University strives to provide a safe environment in which to work; therefore, the university will not tolerate violence or threats of violence in any university facility where employees work. All weapons are banned from university premises unless written university policy gives permission. Employees who violate this policy will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination. Employees who intentionally bring false charges will also be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination.” Refer to Administrative Guide http://adminguide.stanford.edu/23_9.pdf

Weapons on Campus

- All weapons are prohibited on the Stanford and Stanford Branch Campuses. Except for local or government law enforcement officers. In addition to firearms, most knives that are capable of inflicting death by stabbing and all straight razors are prohibited.
- Weapons are also prohibited in student residences.

CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITIES

The US federal law known as the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act) requires “Campus Security Authorities” to report campus crime statistics to the Department of Education on an annual basis. At Stanford, the Department of Public Safety gathers and compiles the statistical information from all of the Campus Security Authorities.

“Campus Security Authorities,” as specified by the Clery Act, include security and law enforcement officers; deans (or other senior student administrative personnel); coaches; residence hall staff; overseers and advisors to student clubs and organizations; and other campus officials who have “significant responsibility for student and campus activities,” such as, but not limited to, student housing, student discipline and campus judicial proceedings. *Professional and pastoral counselors are exempt from the reporting requirement while working within the scope of a license or certification.*

Under the law, the Program Director and the Faculty Member in Residence with the Stanford In Oxford Program are also considered to be campus security authorities.

Campus Security Authorities provide STATISTICAL information only to the Stanford Department of Public Safety. This process ensures that the information provided to SUDPS does not include personal identifying information.

CRIME PREVENTION EDUCATION PROGRAMS

Crime prevention is a top priority. During orientation, issues of general safety, student conduct, sexual harassment and substance abuse policies are reviewed.

SEXUAL ASSAULT

All staff, students, tutors and lecturers are advised of Stanford's Sexual Harassment policies. Students are further advised that, in the event of sexual assault, they should dial "999" to call the police and advise either the Program Director or the Administrator of what has happened, especially if the assault has been perpetrated by somebody known to them, staff, student, tutor or lecturer. All students have access to the Director's and Administrator's home telephone numbers. The Program has access to counselors through the National Health Service and the police for assault victims, and will enable access to CAPS on campus.

Sexual Assault is the commission of an unwanted sexual act, whether by an acquaintance or by a stranger, that occurs without indication of consent of both individuals, or that occurs under threat or coercion. Sexual assault can occur either forcibly and / or against a person's will, or when a person is incapable of giving consent. A person is legally incapable of giving consent if under 18 years of age; if intoxicated by drugs and/or alcohol; if developmentally disabled; or if temporarily or permanently mentally or physically unable to do so. Anyone can be the target of sexual assault, regardless of age, gender, race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, sexual history, or social class. There is no stereotypical victim or rapist. Acquaintances (people who know each other in some way) are involved in 73% rapes in America.¹ A Department of Justice study indicates that a woman has between a 20 and 25% chance of being sexually assaulted during her years at college.²

Prevention - Evaluate and Communicate Your Intentions

It is important that you decide for yourself what you want to happen in intimate situations. Both women and men should consider the following:

- Pay close attention to what is happening around you. Clearly communicate your desires, limits, and intentions to your date, partner, or friend.
- Intercourse constitutes rape when a person is under the influence of drugs and/or alcohol and is **unable to give informed consent**. Be aware that alcohol and other drugs can impair your judgment, and cause you to be slow or unable to react to unwanted sexual contact or to escape from a dangerous situation.
- Consent is "positive cooperation in an act or attitude pursuant to an exercise of free will."
- Previous sexual contact, regardless of frequency, does not constitute consent for sexual activity in the present or future. A current or previous dating relationship does not constitute the basis for implied consent either.
- Do not assume that sexual intercourse is permissible if a person is dressed in a certain way.
- "No" means "No."

Prevention – Education

- **Stanford Sexual Assault Prevention Programs** works to prevent sexual violence and harassment through education, awareness, and skill building. Programs include educational seminars, resource information and referral, and the new student orientation theatrical production *Real World: Stanford*. <http://vaden.stanford.edu>
- **The Health Library** is a comprehensive resource center that contains journals, books, and videos on a wide range of contemporary college health issues including sexual assault. <http://vaden.stanford.edu>

¹ US Department of Justice, 2005 National Crime Victimization Study

² Fisher et al., The Sexual Victimization of College Women, 2000

- **Stanford Health Improvement Program (HIP, 723-9649)** – At various times throughout the calendar year, HIP offers classes and seminars for university employees in personal safety and self-defense. <http://hip.stanford.edu/>

If You Have Been Sexually Assaulted

The first priority is your immediate safety. Don't be afraid to seek medical attention or ask for help. You have options. You are strongly encouraged to seek professional assistance and guidance.

If You Need Medical Attention

- *For life threatening conditions,*
 - Call 999
 - - or -
 - Go to the nearest hospital Accident & Emergency Department.

If You Aren't Sure What to Do - Explore Your Options

A person who has experienced a sexual assault is encouraged to obtain information, support and counseling. Counselors at a variety of agencies, both on and off campus, can help a person decide which steps to take such as: seeking medical attention, preserving evidence, obtaining counseling, or reporting to the police. Remember -- you are not to blame. No one deserves to be assaulted.

The University will make every effort reasonably possible to preserve an individual's privacy and protect the confidentiality of information. The degree to which confidentiality can be protected depends upon the professional role of the person being consulted. An individual may speak confidentially with certain persons in legally protected roles. These confidential resources include: counselors at the YWCA Sexual Assault Center at Stanford, the Help Center, Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS), medical clinicians and clergy. State law permits law enforcement authorities to keep confidential the identity of a person officially reporting a sexual assault. The Stanford Department of Public Safety maintains such confidentiality.

- Students, faculty and staff may consult the following **confidential** resources:
 - **The YWCA Sexual Assault Center at Stanford**
http://ywca-sv.org/programs/rape_crisis_center.php
 - ✓ The YWCA Sexual Assault Center at Stanford is located on the first floor of the Health Center and serves faculty, staff, students, spouses and anyone needing help.
 - ✓ Assistance is available 24-hours a day via a telephone.
 - ✓ The YWCA helps coordinate access to a wide range of campus services related to the aftermath of an assault, such as medical assistance, law enforcement, legal and judicial services, and emotional/spiritual support.
 - **Office of Religious Life** <http://www.stanford.edu/group/religiouslife/>
 - **University Ombudsperson** <http://www.stanford.edu/dept/ombuds/>
 - ✓ Stanford's Ombudsperson can assist students, staff, and faculty with information and assessment of options regarding employment, housing, and other University needs following an incident.
- Students may consult the following **confidential** resources:
 - **Counseling and Psychological Services** <http://vaden.stanford.edu/caps/>
 - Medical clinicians at **Health Services** <http://vaden.stanford.edu/>
- Faculty and staff may consult the following **confidential** resources:
 - **Help Center** <http://www.stanford.edu/dept/helpcenter/>
 - Personal physicians.
- Other Campus Resources
 - **Judicial Affairs Office**
<http://www.stanford.edu/dept/vpsa/judicialaffairs/about/welcome.htm>

This office can help you explore potential university judicial disciplinary actions that could follow a sexual assault incident in compliance with the Stanford Judicial Charter, which governs internal disciplinary sanctions and procedures.

- **Residential Education** <http://www.stanford.edu/dept/resed/>

University Sanctions Against Sexual Assault and Sexual Harassment Offenders

- For Stanford University faculty and staff, possible sanctions for proved violations range from censure to dismissal from the University.
- For students, the process and procedures governing disciplinary cases of a sensitive nature can be found on the Judicial Affairs website, <http://www.stanford.edu/dept/vpsa/judicialaffairs/judicialprocess/arp.htm>. The Judicial Affairs Office (JAO) will investigate formal complaints of sexual assault and sexual misconduct and guide students through the process. For responding students that have been found responsible, possible sanctions range from formal warning to expulsion from the University.
- Alternate Review Process (ARP) is the Office of Judicial Affairs response to allegations of misconduct relating to sexual assault, sexual harassment, dating violence or stalking. The ARP was created to be more sensitive to privacy concerns such as involving a smaller number of specially trained individuals in the process, allowing for a shorter timeline and protecting the rights of all people involved. The charge must be filed no more than two years after the alleged misconduct.
- The first step in the ARP process is to file an official complaint in the Office of Judicial Affairs and reach out to campus resources for help and support.
- After an alleged sex offense has occurred, Stanford will change a survivor's academic and living situation if he or she requests it and the request can be reasonably accommodated. The accuser and the accused are entitled to due process, including the right to be accompanied by a person of his or her choice at all stages of the disciplinary process and the right to the same information regarding the outcome of the disciplinary proceedings.
- Judicial policy applies year-round to all on-campus activities, and to any acts that threaten the safety and integrity of the University community regardless of where such acts occur.
- In some cases, sexual assault also may constitute sexual harassment. See Administrative Guide Memo 23.2, http://adminguide.stanford.edu/23_2.pdf for the procedures to follow to make a complaint of sexual harassment. For more information, please refer to the Stanford University Sexual Harassment Homepage at <http://harass.stanford.edu>

Reporting a Sexual Assault to the Police

We encourage people to report sexual assaults to the police. Reporting a sexual assault to the police may seem intimidating, but you don't need to feel scared or embarrassed. Explore your options with someone from the YWCA before contacting the police. Bring a friend or advocate with you when you speak with the police. Reporting a crime can help you regain a sense of personal power and control.

Contact the local police:

- For a sexual assault that occurs on a Stanford branch campus
- For an off-campus sexual assault

This sexual Assault Section was written in compliance with the 1992 Higher Education Amendments, which has mandated requirements for preventing, reporting, and investigating sex offenses that occur on campus. Portions of this section were taken from Administrative Guide Memo 23.3 Sexual Assault.

EMERGENCY RESPONSE AND EVACUATION

In the event of a significant emergency or dangerous situation on campus that involves an immediate threat to the health or safety of the population, Stanford in Oxford will initiate, without delay, use of the e-mail lists, mobile 'phone network and/or land-line telephone list to contact staff, students and visiting faculty upon confirmation by first responders of the significant emergency or dangerous situation. Taking into account the safety of the community, the notification will be sent to everyone via the Stanford House Emergency Plan unless issuance of the notification will, in the professional judgment of responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the

emergency. The content of the message will vary depending on the situation. The people who can initiate an Emergency Plan message include the Director and the Administrator.

Regularly scheduled drills, exercises, and appropriate follow-up activities, designed for system assessment will be conducted each year. Emergency Evacuation plans and maps are posted in each student bedroom, each landing and corridor, and each office.

FIRE SAFETY

Housing Fire Safety Policies

The policies or rules on the following are:

1. Portable electrical appliances – students are required not to bring portable electrical appliances to Oxford. Those provided by the Stanford-in-Oxford Programme are tested by accredited PAT companies every two to three years.
2. Smoking – is not permitted anywhere on the premises
3. Open flames – are not permitted anywhere on the premises or in the gardens

Procedures for Evacuation

Notices giving instructions about what to do in the event of fire are posted in every room in Stanford House, and maps of the building showing exit routes and alternatives are located at all junction points on staircases and landings.

On hearing the fire alarm, all students are required to evacuate the building and assemble, either in the rear garden or, if the building is deemed unsafe, in the hotel car-park at the rear of the building.

The staff's responsibilities are as follows:

When a fire alarm sounds, the House Manager (or Junior Dean if out of office hours) will check where the alarm was triggered on the fully-addressable alarm system panel, go to the location of the detector which triggered the alarm and establish whether a real fire is burning. If it is a false alarm, he will cancel the Fire Service call-out. If it is genuine, he will return to the entrance Hall and be on hand when the Fire Service arrives to take them to the source of the fire. In the absence of the House Manager and/or the Junior Dean, the Administrator observes this procedure.

When a fire alarm sounds, other members of staff establish the nearest available safe route to the rear garden and instruct students which exit to use. In less accessible areas of Stanford House, this may entail smashing a glass bolt to open fire doors that are not in regular use. The Administrator coordinates which floors in the House will be covered by each staff member.

Once the safest route of exit has been established, the Administrator (or the Director in her absence) monitors the safe exit route and takes a roll-call. The Administrator will then notify the Fire Service of any absenteeism amongst staff and students.

If the alarm has been triggered accidentally, students and staff will continue to proceed as if a real fire exists and only when the roll-call has been taken and everybody accounted for, will the House Manager or Junior Dean disable the alarm bell and allow everybody back into the House.

The policies regarding fire safety education and information about fire safety training programs are provided to the students and employees.

Fire Safety Education is delivered to students at the beginning of each quarter, verbally at the orientation meetings, and in writing in the orientation handbook. All staff members and visiting faculty also receive a copy of the orientation handbook.

The House Manager has undertaken a Fire Marshal course provided by the local authority Fire Service.

Contact the following people to report that a fire occurred:

Oxfordshire Fire Service
The Administrator, Stanford University Centre in Oxford

Plans for future improvements in fire safety:

The fire alarm system, including all heat and smoke detectors and emergency lighting, and the fire extinguishers and fire blankets (in kitchens), are serviced every three months. The fully addressable system was installed in 2008. Investigation into installing “intelligent” detectors is being undertaken.

Fire log

An institution that maintains on-campus student housing facilities must maintain a written, easily understood fire log that records, by the date that the fire was reported, any fire that occurred in an on-campus student housing facility. This log must include the nature, date, time, and general location of each fire. This log is maintained by the Administrator.

Fire Statistics Log: 2008-2010

Incident Date	Student Residence Address	Description of Fire	Estimated cost of damage	Number of injuries	Number of deaths
2008	Stanford House, 65 High Street	None	0	0	0
2009	Stanford House, 65 High Street	None	0	0	0
2010	Stanford House, 65 High Street	None	0	0	0

Student Housing Fire Safety Systems:

Student Residence Address	Type of Fire Safety System	Number of Fire Drills Held - 2010	Number of Fire Drills Held - 2011
Stanford House, 65 High Street	All kitchens Extractor fans, fire doors and heat detectors wired into the alarm system. Fire blankets, and water fire extinguishers All corridors and areas on landings and outside kitchens Smoke detectors wired into the alarm system and C ₂ O fire extinguishers All bedrooms, offices, common rooms and teaching rooms Smoke detectors wired into the alarm system The alarm system connects automatically to the Fire Service	6 Fire Drills	6 Fire Drills

Missing Person Policy

If you believe someone might be missing, notify the Administrator immediately. Branch staff in receipt of information that a student may be missing, should immediately report the matter to the local police, inform the Director of BOSP, and call the Stanford Department of Public Safety as soon as possible. The Department of Public Safety can be reached 24 hours per day, seven days per week by calling +1-650-924-3209. The Department of Public Safety will notify University Officials.

US Federal law mandates that the University provide students with an option of specifying person(s) to contact in the event that he or she has been determined by the police to be a missing person. An option will be given to students to specify this person when they perform the Registrar's annual online check-in procedure. Federal law also requires the University to inform students that an emergency contact will be notified within (24) hours of the person being reported as missing. For non-emancipated minors, a custodial parent or guardian will be notified in addition to any listed emergency contact(s).

In addition to the minimum notifications that will be made under federal law, Stanford may make additional notifications as necessary as provided by FERPA to resolve a safety emergency; this could include notifying parents or guardians even when they were not specifically listed by a student as an emergency contact.

AVAILABILITY OF THE ANNUAL SAFETY AND SECURITY REPORT

Each year email notification is made to all enrolled students and employees that provide the police web site address to access this report. The report can also be accessed on the BOSP website. A paper copy of the report is available upon request by contacting the staff at Stanford in Oxford or the Department of Public Safety at +1-650-723-9633 or by email to PublicSafety@lists.stanford.edu.

JEANNE CLERY ACT CRIME STATISTICS

The procedures for preparing the annual disclosure of crime statistics include: (1) collecting and reporting statistics on crimes committed on the Stanford in Oxford campus; and (2) compilation of incident reports filed with Stanford in Oxford security authorities. Crime statistics reported to any of these sources are included in the Clery Act report for the calendar year in which the crime was reported. In addition to this report, the statistics are reported by the Stanford Clery Coordinator to the Department of Education with the Stanford in Oxford Program listed as a branch campus.

CRIME STATISTICS

In compliance with the Federal Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act of 1998 (formerly the Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act of 1990), the following page contains reported crime statistics for Stanford University over the last three calendar years. The statistics are presented in four categories. Visit our web site for more information: <http://police.stanford.edu>.

Definition of Locations and Crime Categories

Locations
Campus: Statistics include the academic and research areas and all student / staff residences on campus.
Dorm: statistics are a subset of the campus statistics and consist of all student residences and their immediately associated outside pedestrian areas.
Non-campus statistics consist of off-campus buildings and property owned or controlled by Stanford University.
Public property statistics consist of streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities contiguous to, but not within, the campus. These statistics are provided voluntarily by surrounding agencies.
Crime Categories
Homicide: Murder / Non-negligent Manslaughter: The willful killing of one human being by another. Negligent Manslaughter: The killing of another person through gross negligence.
Forcible sex offenses: Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly or against that person's will. Includes forcible rape (totalled separately), forcible sodomy, sexual assault with an object, and forcible fondling.
Non-forcible sex offenses: Unlawful non-forcible sexual intercourse. Includes incest and statutory rape.
Sex Offenses Reported to University Counselors: This category includes incidents reported to University officials, regardless of where they occurred, in which the victim chose not to file police reports.
Robbery: The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.
Aggravated assault: An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. (It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed.)
Burglary: Structures - the unlawful entry into a building or other structure with the intent to commit a felony or a theft. Vehicles - the unlawful entry into a locked vehicle with the intent to commit a felony or a theft.
Theft: Motor vehicles – the theft of a motor vehicle, including automobiles, trucks, motorcycles, golf carts and mopeds. Bicycles – the theft of any bicycle, regardless of value. May include bicycles taken during the commission of a burglary.
Arson: Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling, house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, or personal property of another.
Hate Crimes: Any of the above listed crimes and any other crime involving bodily injury, theft, intimidation, vandalism, or assault reported to local police agencies or to a campus security authority in which the victim is intentionally selected because of the actual or perceived race, gender, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity, or disability of the victim.
Arrest: A person (juveniles included) taken into custody (jail) or a citation issued for violation of liquor, drug or weapons laws (defined below). Disciplinary Referral: The referral of any person to any campus official who initiates a disciplinary action of which a record is kept and which may result in the imposition of a sanction. If both an arrest and disciplinary referral are made, only the arrest is counted.
Liquor Laws: The violation of laws prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, or use of alcoholic beverages. Driving under the influence and drunkenness violations are excluded.
Drug Laws: Violations of laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadone); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzadrine).
Weapons Laws: The violation of laws prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, knives, explosives, or other deadly weapons.

STANFORD IN OXFORD, ENGLAND



Contact Information:

Stanford Program in Oxford
65 High Street
Oxford, OX1 4EL, England
Telephone: (44) (0) 1865-251193

Local Law Enforcement Agency

Thames Valley Police
Headquarters, Oxford Road
Kidlington, Oxfordshire OX5 2NX
Telephone: (44) (0) 8458-505505

CRIME	2008				2009				2010			
	Campus	*Dorms	Non - Campus	Public Property	Campus	*Dorms	Non - Campus	Public Property	Campus	*Dorms	Non - Campus	Public Property
Non-negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary (Total)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Burglary - Structures</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Burglary - Vehicles</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Theft - Motor Vehicles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Theft - Bicycles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Offense (Total)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Forcible Rape</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Forcible Fondling</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Other Forcible Offenses</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-Forcible Offense (Total)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Incest</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Statutory Rape</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arrests												
Liquor Law Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons Possession	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals												
Liquor Law Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons Possession	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hate Crimes 2010 – No reportable hate crimes reported. 2009 – No reportable hate crimes reported. 2008 – No reportable hate crimes reported.												
*Crimes reported in the "Dorms" are a subset of the "Campus" category												