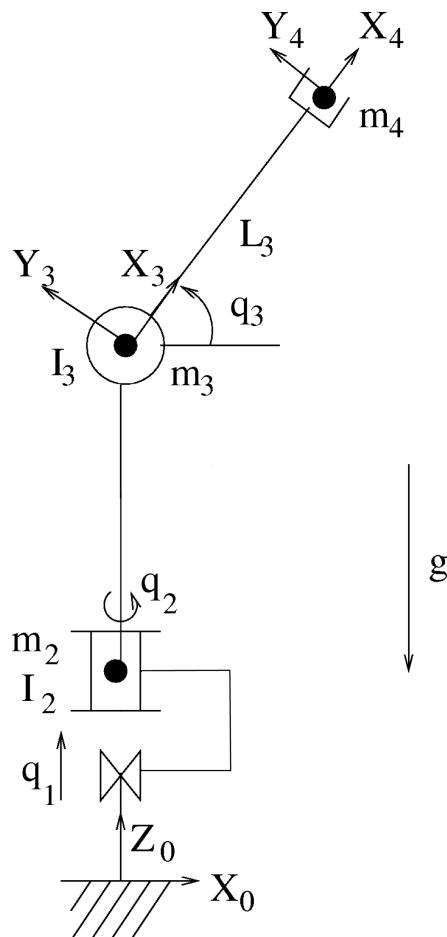


## Problem Set #3

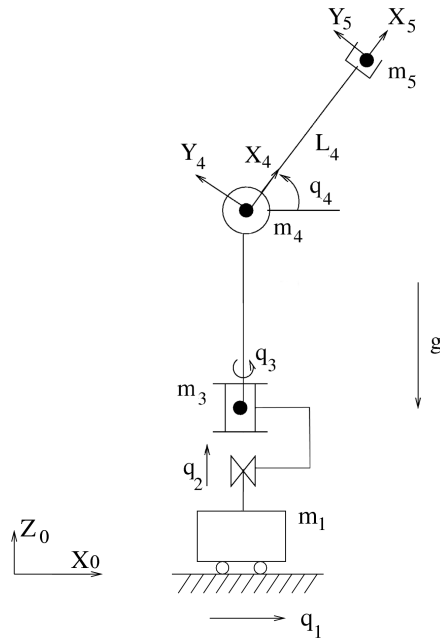
Due Tue, May 31<sup>st</sup>

1. Consider the PRR manipulator given below.



Consider when  $q_1 = 1m$  and  $q_2 = 0^\circ$  and  $q_3 = 60^\circ$ ,  $L_3 = 1$ ,  $m_i = 1$  for all  $i$ . Plot the translation *Belted Ellipsoid* in the  $X_3Y_3$  plane (it will be helpful to use Matlab). What is the effective mass in  $\hat{X}_0$  direction?

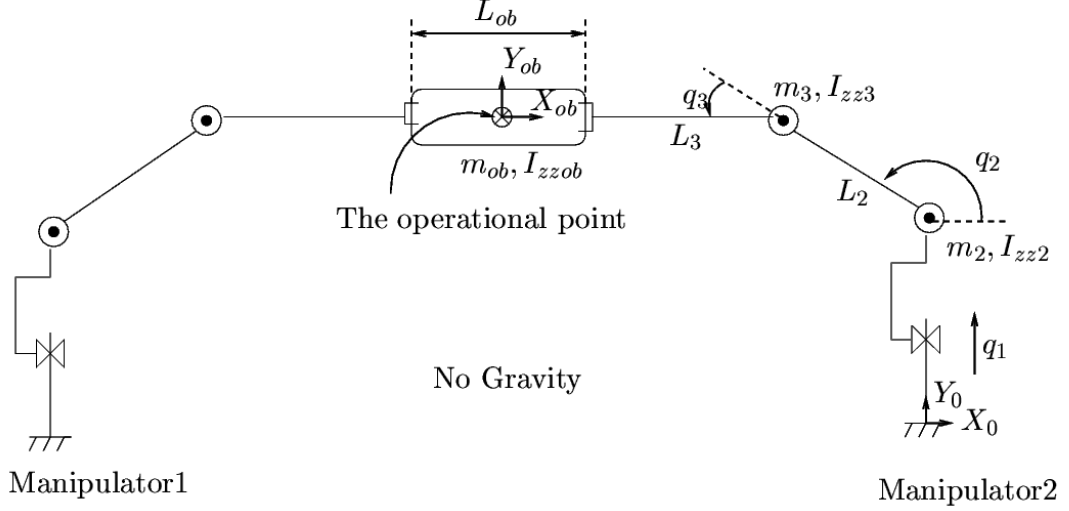
2. Consider the PPRR macro/mini-manipulator shown below. This manipulator is built by combining a P manipulator and the PRR-spatial manipulator from Question 1. The task of this macro-/mini-manipulator is to *position* the end-effector. Notice that the numbering for the joint coordinates will now be different from Problem 1, since there is a new joint at the base. The configuration shown below is when  $q_3 = 0$ .



- Find the Jacobian matrix.
- Find the Jacobian matrix in frame  $\{4\}$ .
- Complete the joint space kinetic energy matrix  $A(\mathbf{q})$ . You may assume, as before, that  $m_2 = 0$ , ie. the vertical prismatic joint is massless. You may use solutions from Homework #3, but be careful with the change in joint numbering.
- Consider the configuration when  $q_1 = 1m$ ,  $q_2 = 1m$ ,  $q_3 = 0^\circ$ , and  $q_4 = 60^\circ$ . The masses are  $m_i = 1kg$ , the inertias are  $I_{ii} = 0$ , and  $L_4 = 1m$ . Plot the *Belted Ellipsoid* in  $X_4Y_4$  plane. What is the effective mass in  $\hat{X}_0$  direction?
- Overplot your belted ellipsoid with that of Problem 1. Do your results satisfy the reduced effective mass property?

### 3. Augmented Object Model/Virtual Linkage

Let's consider two planar PRR-manipulators with an object. The task is to *position* and *orient* the object. Both PRR-manipulators are the same:  $m_{object} = 1kg$ ,  $I_{zz,object} = 1kgm^2$  and  $L_{object} = 1m$ .



The physical properties of each PRR-manipulator are  $m_2 = m_3 = 1kg$ ,  $I_{zz2} = I_{zz3} = 1kgm^2$ , and  $L_2 = L_3 = 1m$  (you may assume the prismatic joint is massless). The corresponding mass matrix and Jacobian for the end-effector are:

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -L_2 \sin(q_2) - L_3 \sin(q_2 + q_3) & -L_3 \sin(q_2 + q_3) \\ 1 & L_2 \cos(q_2) + L_3 \cos(q_2 + q_3) & L_3 \cos(q_2 + q_3) \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -s_2 - s_{23} & -s_{23} \\ 1 & c_2 + c_{23} & c_{23} \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} m_2 + m_3 & m_3 L_2 c_2 & 0 \\ m_3 L_2 c_2 & m_3 L_2^2 + I_{zz2} + I_{zz3} & I_{zz3} \\ 0 & I_{zz3} & I_{zz3} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & c_2 & 0 \\ c_2 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

The Jacobian for the operational point is

$$J_{ob} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -L_2 \sin(q_2) - (L_3 + \frac{L_{ob}}{2}) \sin(q_2 + q_3) & -(L_3 + \frac{L_{ob}}{2}) \sin(q_2 + q_3) \\ 1 & L_2 \cos(q_2) + (L_3 + \frac{L_{ob}}{2}) \cos(q_2 + q_3) & (L_3 + \frac{L_{ob}}{2}) \cos(q_2 + q_3) \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -s_2 - 1.5s_{23} & -1.5s_{23} \\ 1 & c_2 + 1.5c_{23} & 1.5c_{23} \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Let's consider the configuration where  $q_1 = 1m$ ,  $q_2 = 30^\circ$ ,  $q_3 = -30^\circ$  for the manipulator1 and  $q_1 = 1m$ ,  $q_2 = 150^\circ$ ,  $q_3 = 30^\circ$  for the manipulator2.

- (a) Calculate the pseudo kinetic energy matrix  $\Lambda_{\oplus}$  for this augmented object.

- (b) Find the  $W$  matrix, which relates resultant forces/moments and the applied forces/moments at the grasp points in the local frame of the object, i.e.

$$\begin{bmatrix} f_r \\ m_r \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} f_{r,x} \\ f_{r,y} \\ m_r \end{bmatrix} = W \begin{bmatrix} f_{1,x} \\ f_{1,y} \\ f_{2,x} \\ f_{2,y} \\ m_1 \\ m_2 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ where } W = [W_f \ W_m].$$

- (c) Find  $E$  matrix which relates the applied forces at the grasp points with internal forces, i.e.

$$\begin{bmatrix} f_{1,x} \\ f_{1,y} \\ f_{2,x} \\ f_{2,y} \end{bmatrix} = Et, \text{ where } t \text{ is tension between two grasping points.}$$

- (d) Compute the *Grasp Description Matrix*,  $G$ .