

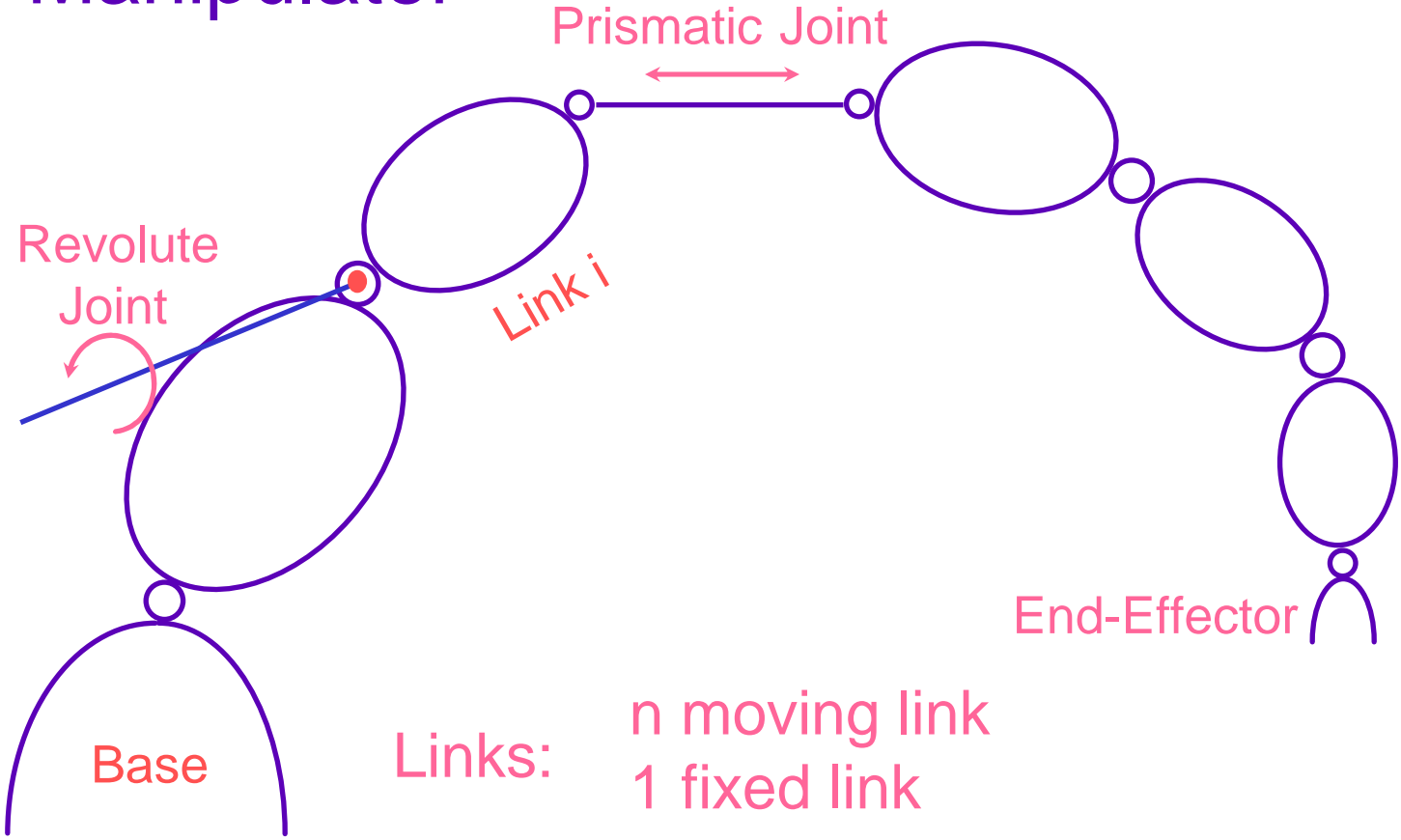
Kinematics

Spatial Descriptions

- Task Description
- Transformations
- Representations



Manipulator

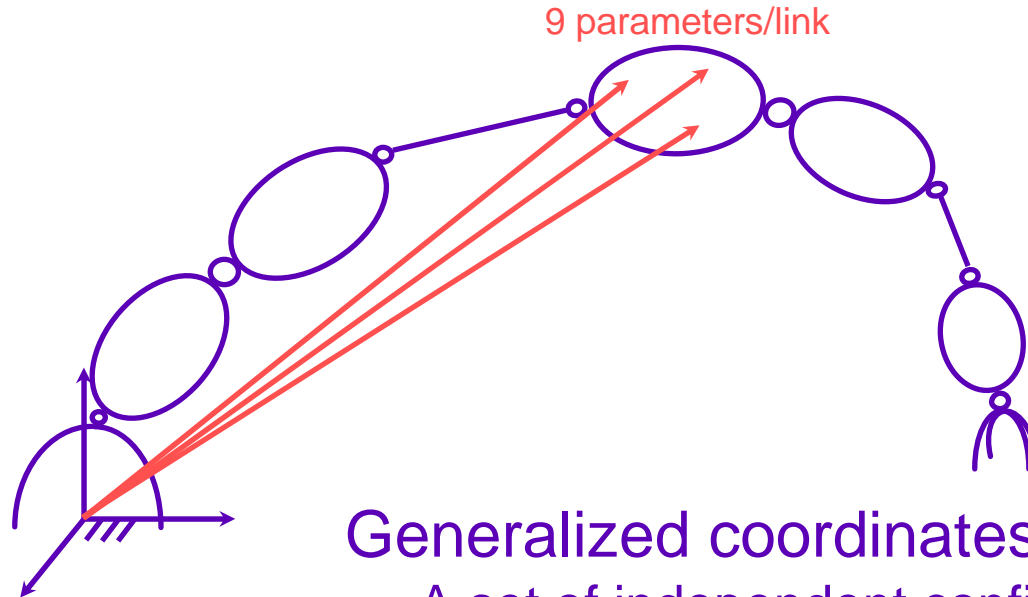


Links: n moving link
1 fixed link

Joints: Revolute (1 DOF)
Prismatic (1 DOF)

Configuration Parameters

A set of position parameters that describes the full configuration of the system.



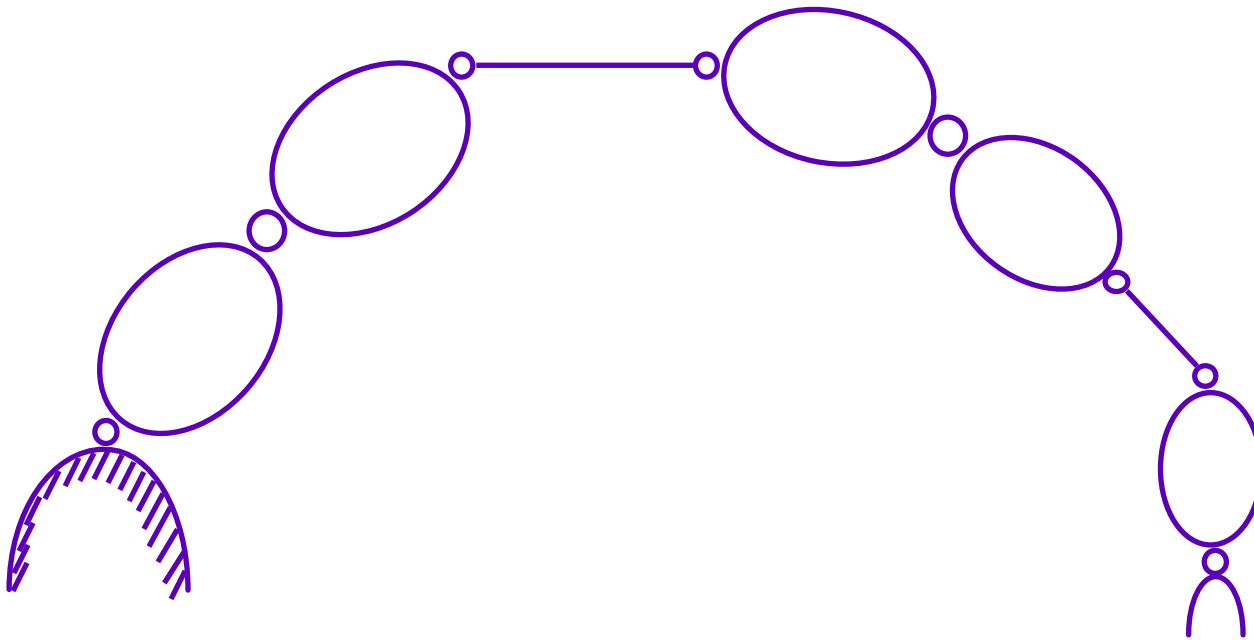
Generalized coordinates

A set of independent configuration parameters

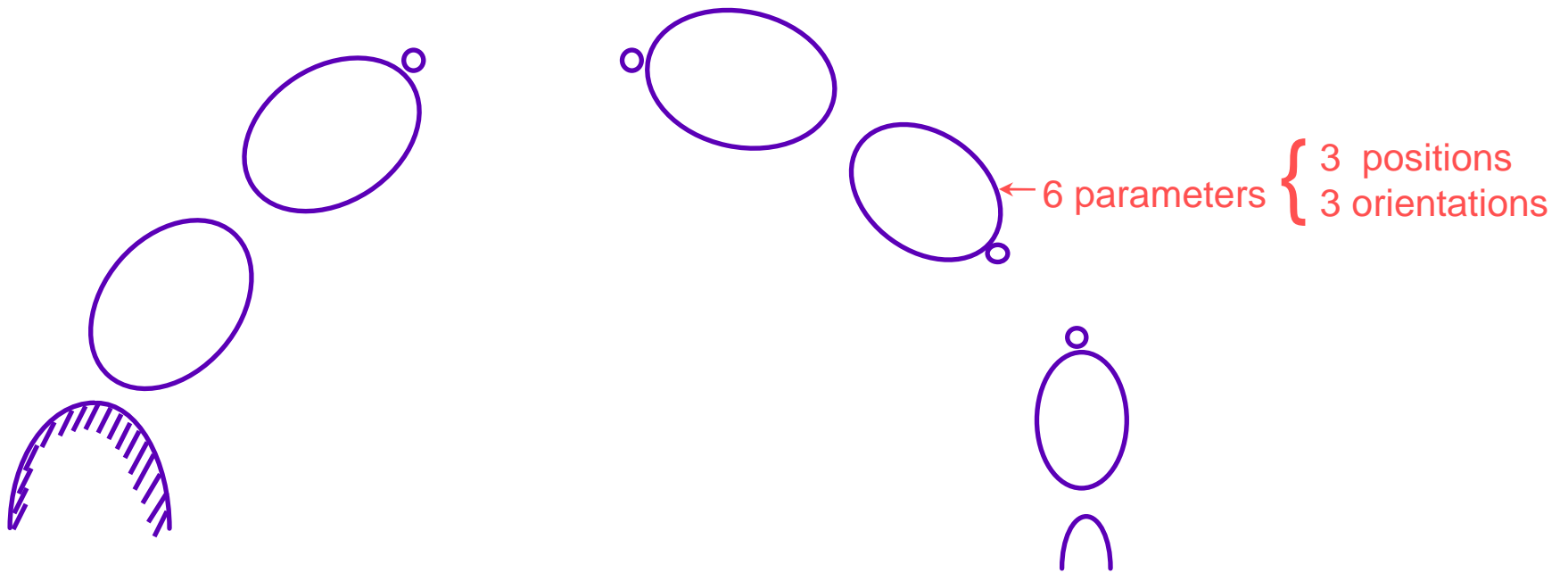
Degrees of Freedom

Number of generalized coordinates

Generalized Coordinates

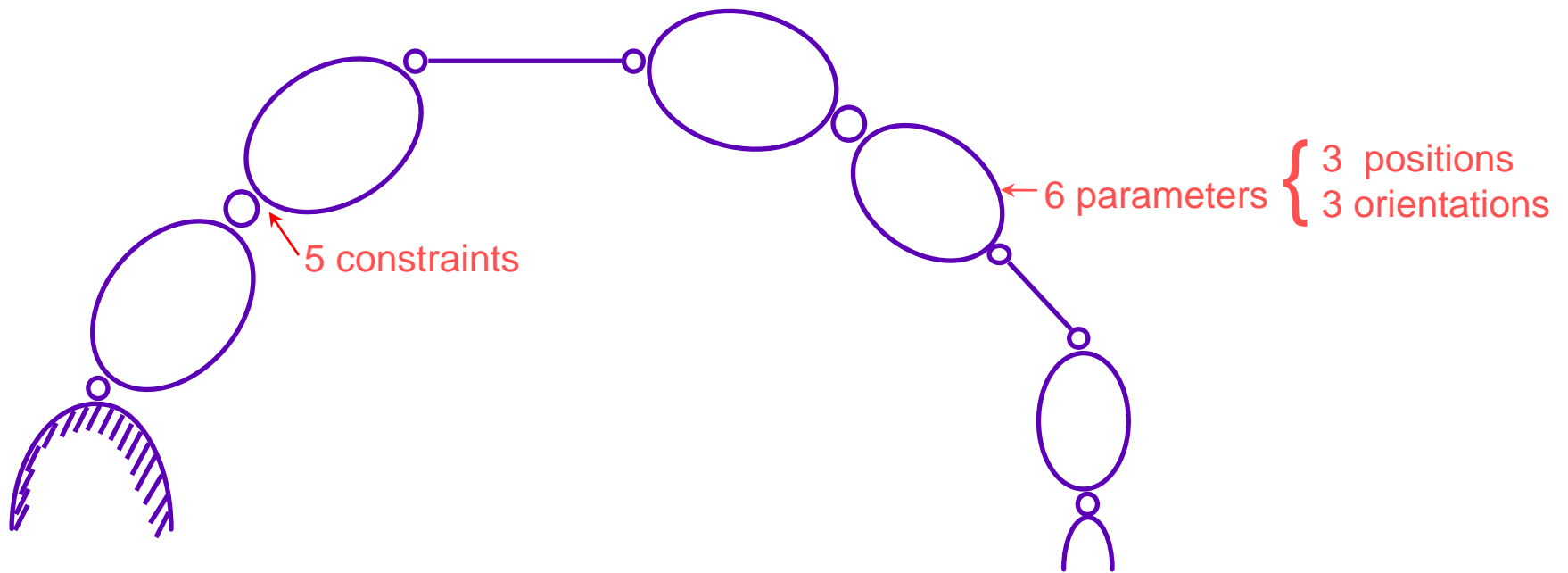


Generalized Coordinates



n moving links: $6n$ parameters

Generalized Coordinates

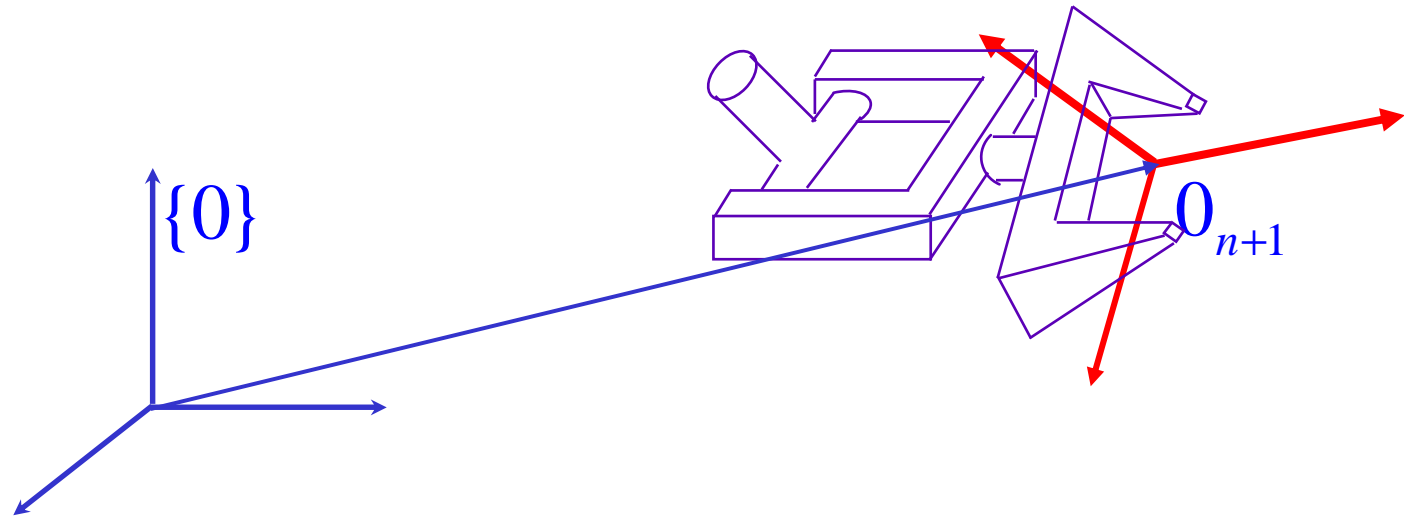


n moving links: $6n$ parameters

n 1 d.o.f. joints: $5n$ constraints

d.o.f. (system): $6n - 5n = n$

End-Effector Configuration Parameters



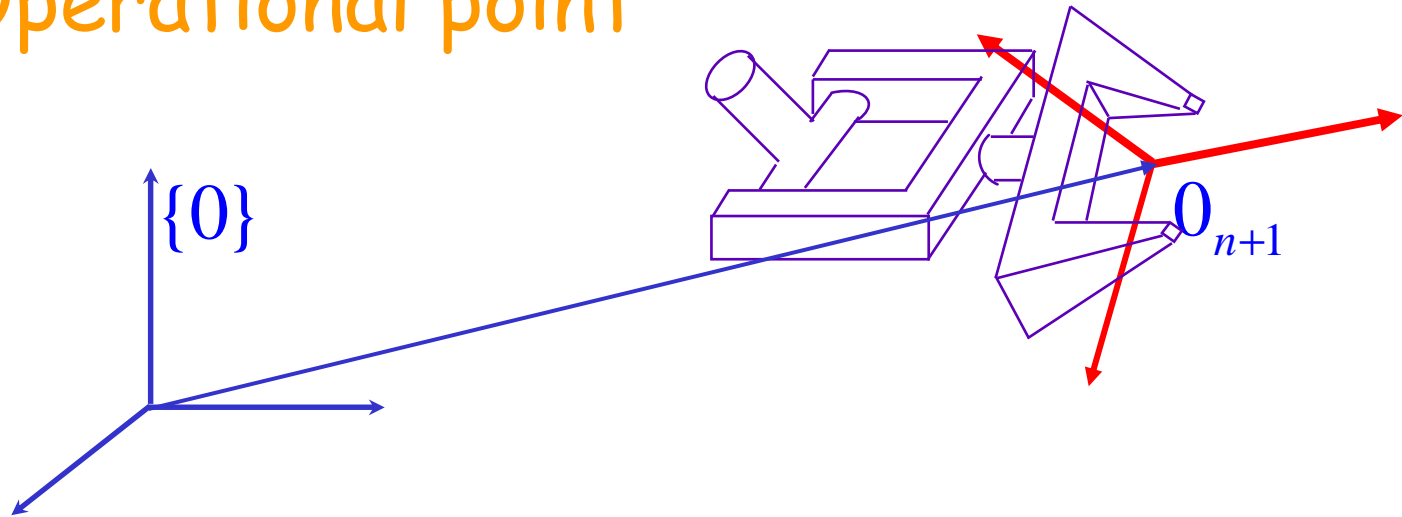
A set of m parameters:

$$(x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_m)$$

that completely specifies the end-effector position and orientation with respect to $\{0\}$

Operational Coordinates

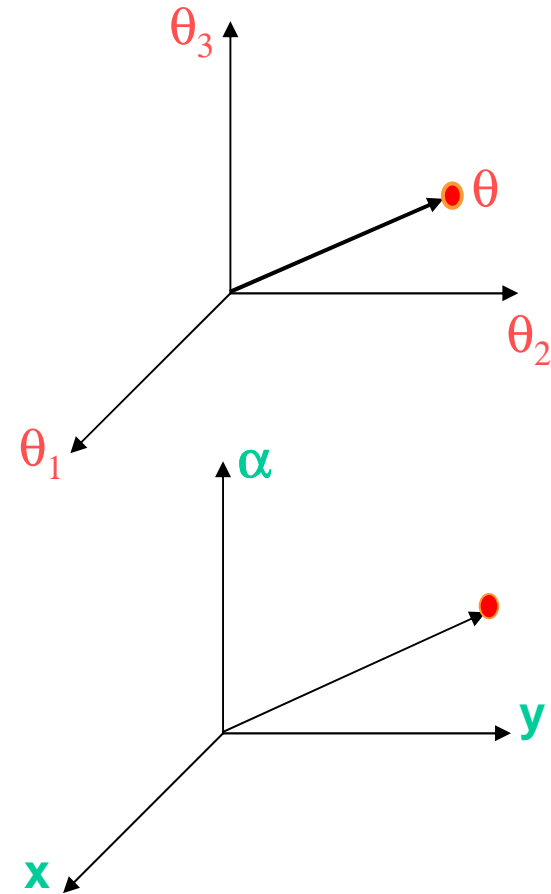
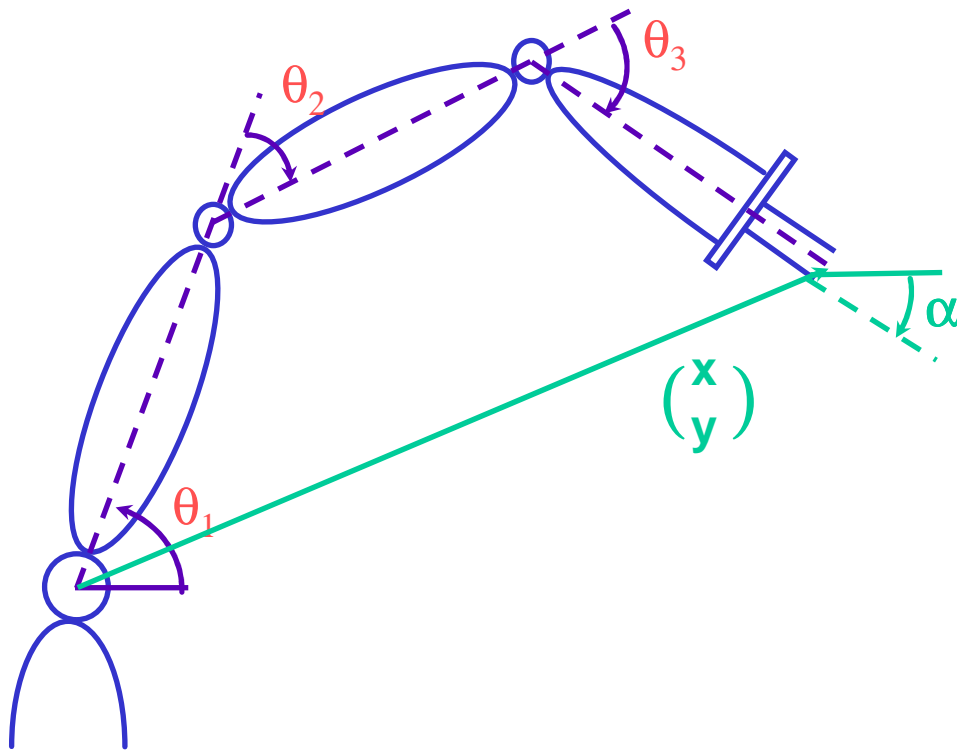
O_{n+1} : Operational point



A set x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{m_0}
of m_0 independent configuration parameters

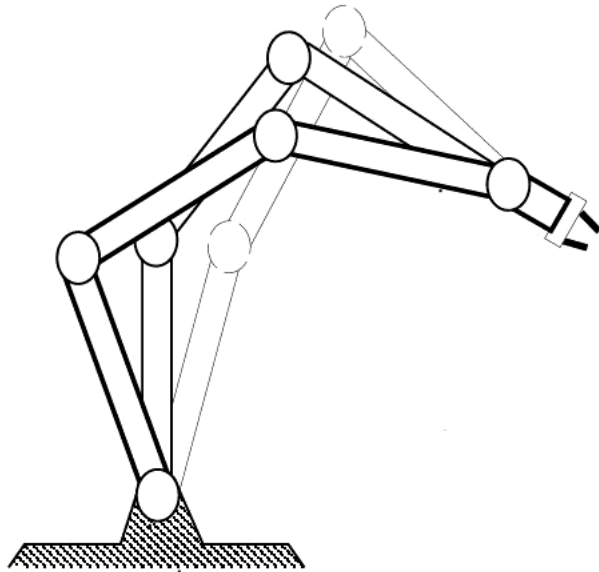
m_0 : number of degrees of freedom
of the end-effector.

Joint Coordinates \longrightarrow Joint Space



Operational Coordinates \longrightarrow Operational Space

Redundancy

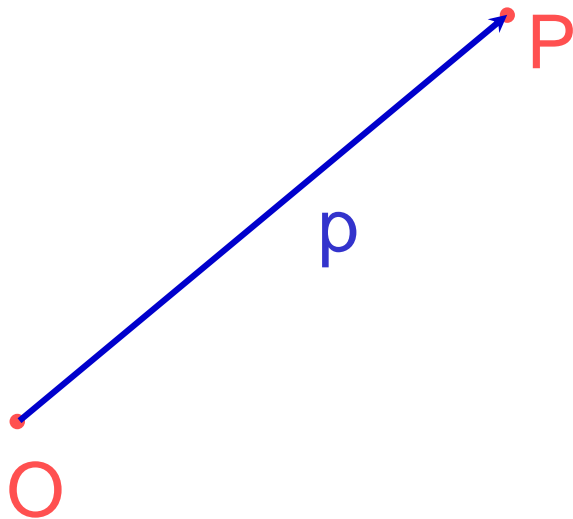


A robot is said to be redundant if

$$n > m_0$$

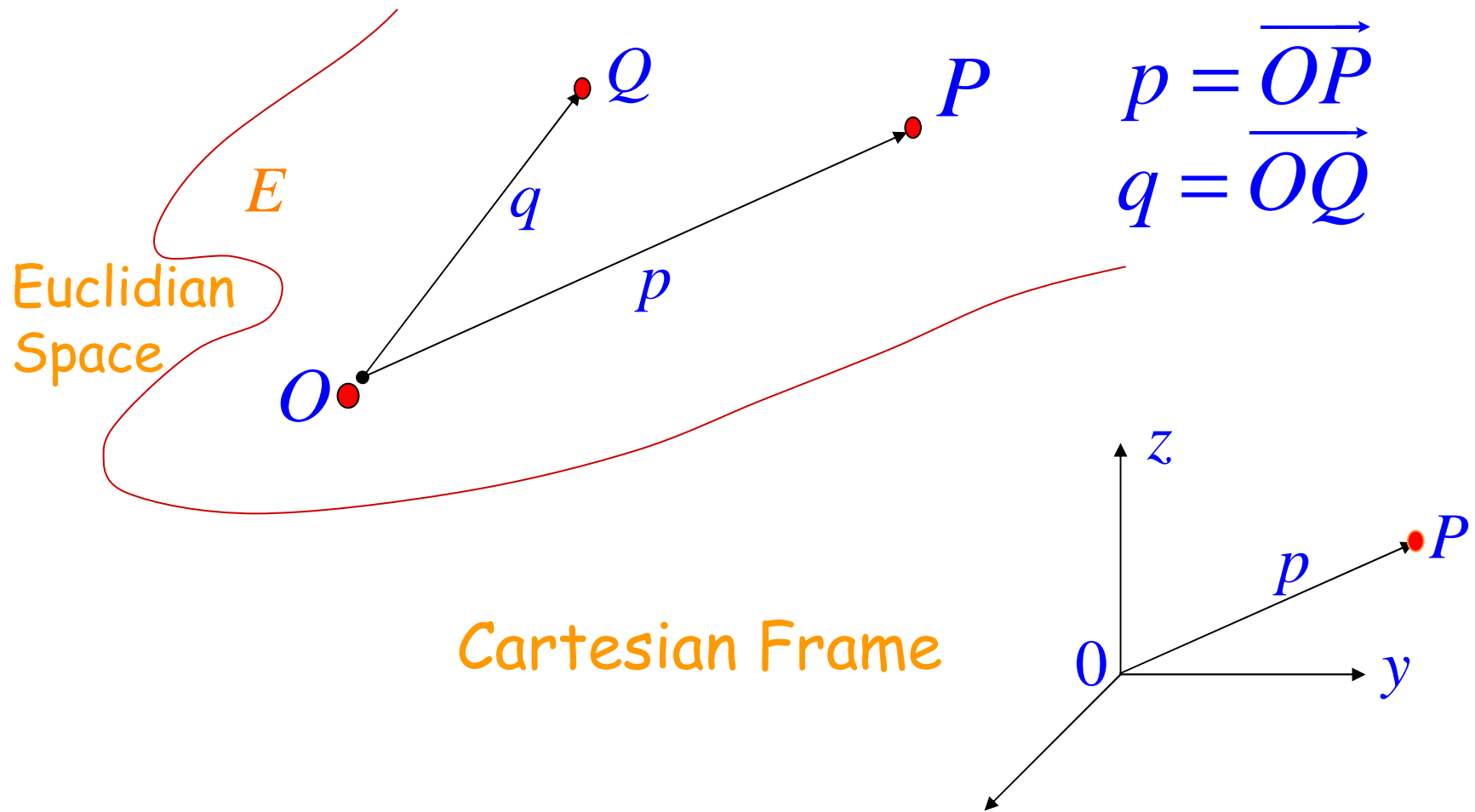
Degrees of redundancy: $n - m_0$

Position of a Point

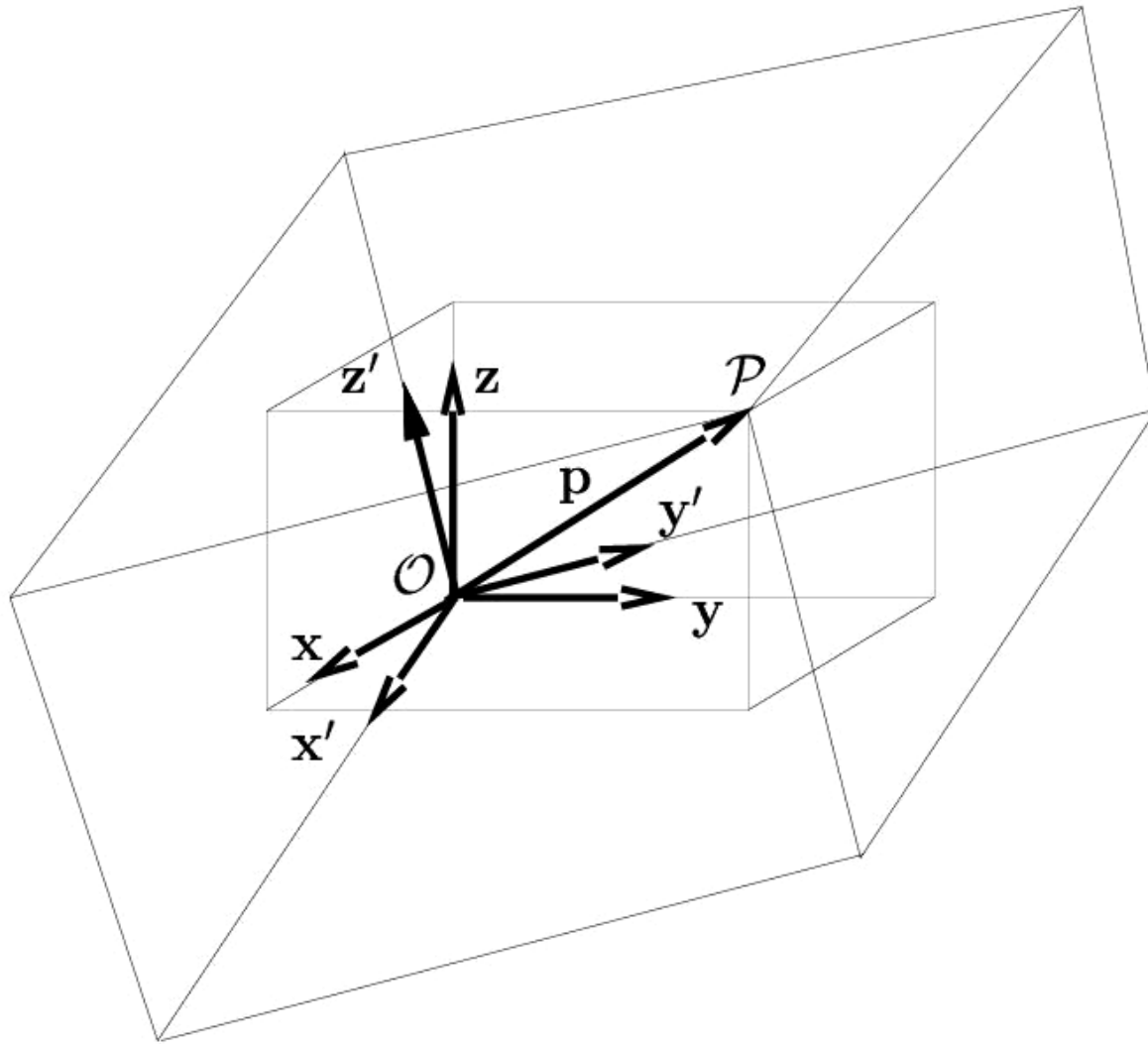


With respect to a fixed origin O , the position of a point P is described by the vector OP or simply by p .

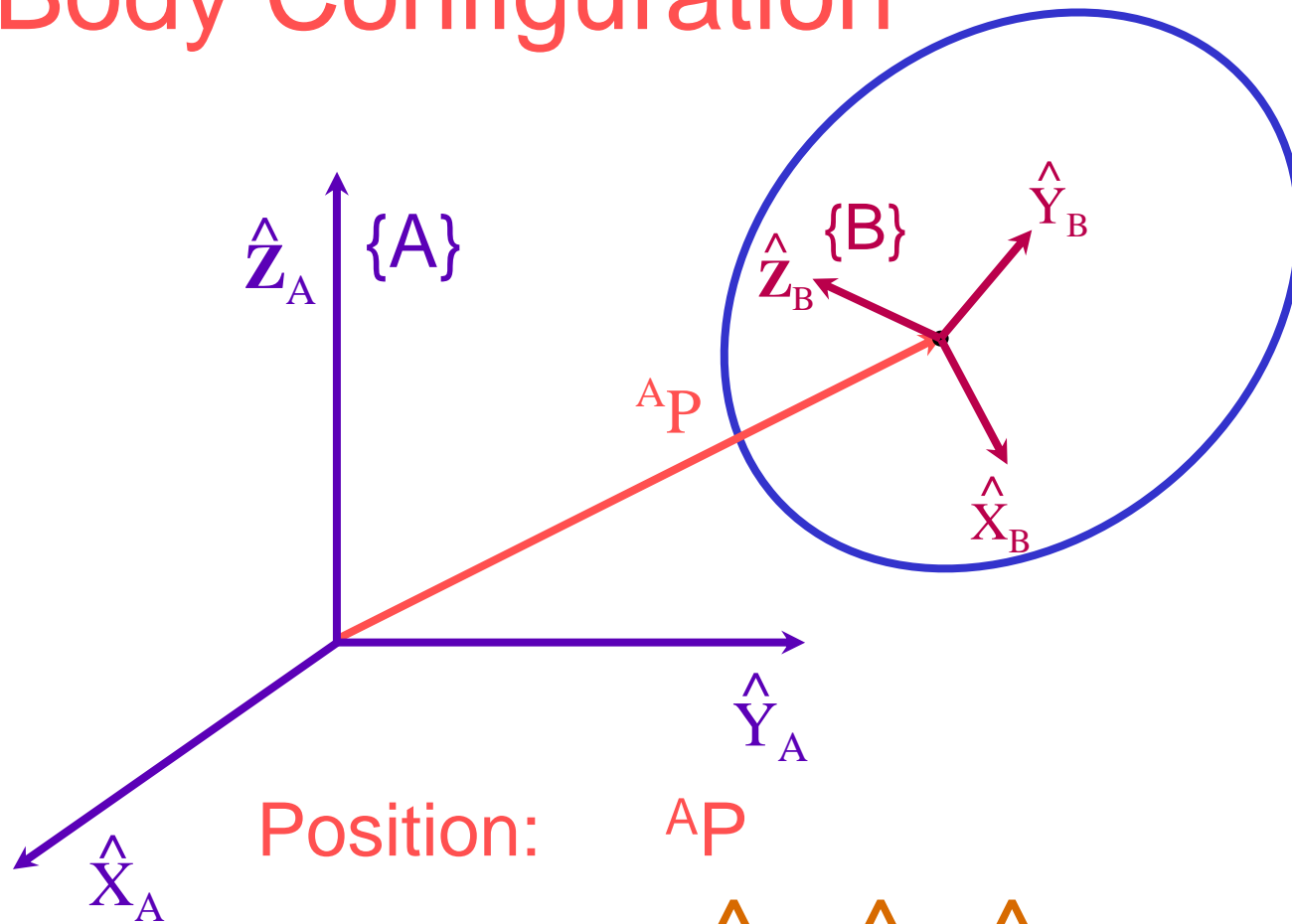
Rigid Body Configuration



Coordinate Frames



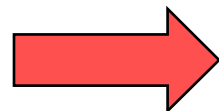
Rigid Body Configuration



Position: ${}^A P$

Orientation: $\{\hat{X}_B, \hat{Y}_B, \hat{Z}_B\}$

Describes rotations of {B} with respect to {A}

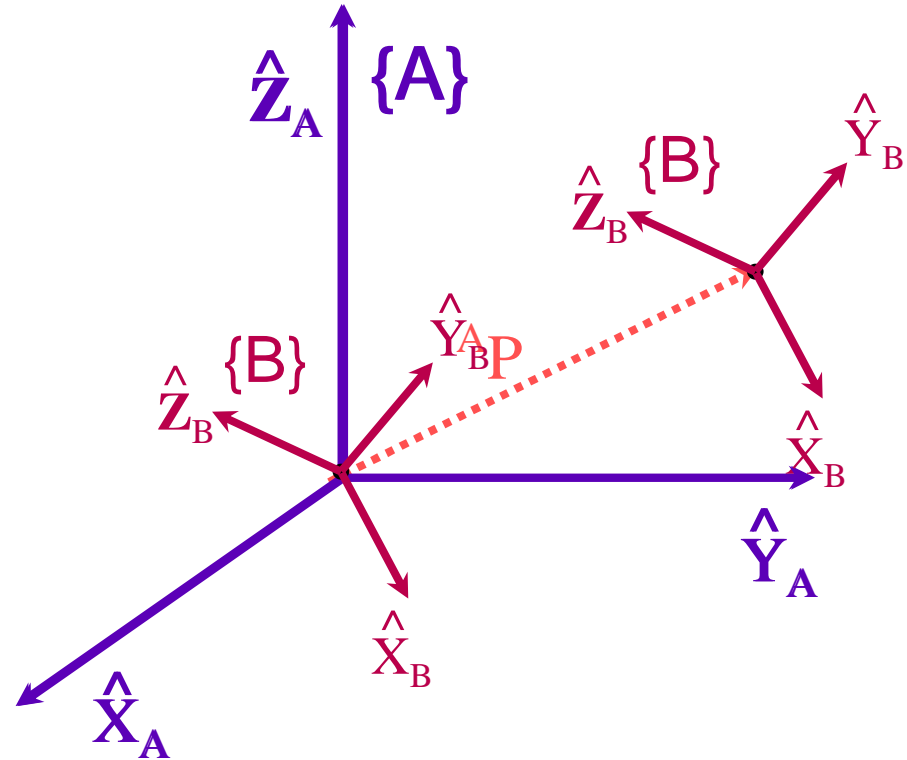


Rotation Matrix

Rotation Matrix

$${}^A_B R = \begin{bmatrix} r_{11} & r_{12} & r_{13} \\ r_{21} & r_{22} & r_{23} \\ r_{31} & r_{32} & r_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

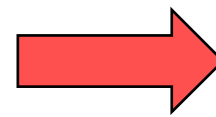
$${}^A \hat{X}_B = {}^A_B R {}^B \hat{X}_B$$



$${}^A \hat{X}_B = {}^A_B R \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$${}^A \hat{Y}_B = {}^A_B R \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$${}^A \hat{Z}_B = {}^A_B R \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



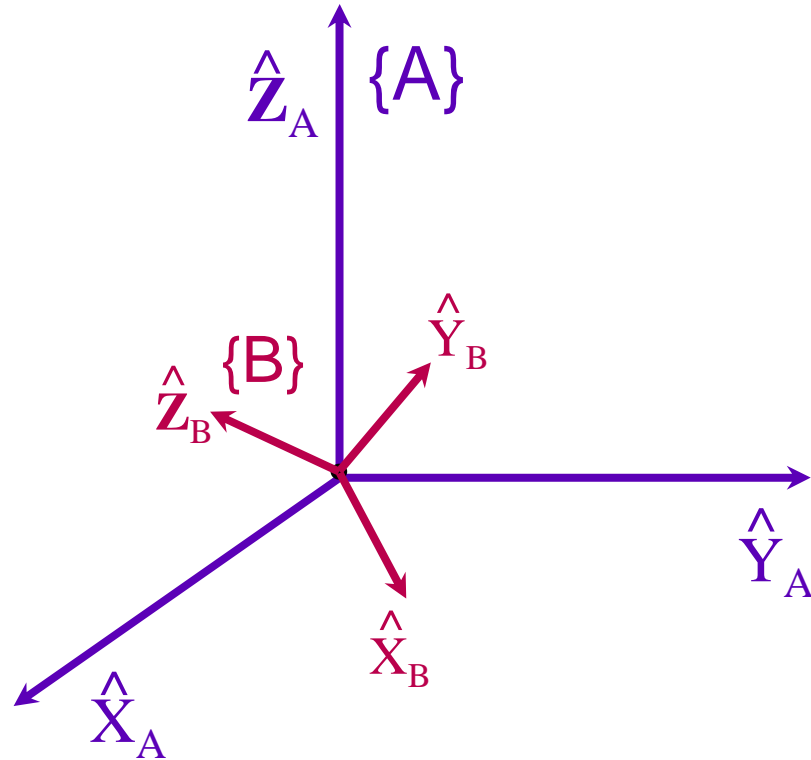
$${}^A_B R = \begin{bmatrix} {}^A \hat{X}_B & {}^A \hat{Y}_B & {}^A \hat{Z}_B \end{bmatrix}$$

Rotation Matrix

$${}^A R_B = \begin{bmatrix} {}^A \hat{X}_B & {}^A \hat{Y}_B & {}^A \hat{Z}_B \end{bmatrix}$$

Dot Product

$${}^A \hat{X}_B = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{X}_B \cdot \hat{X}_A \\ \hat{X}_B \cdot \hat{Y}_A \\ \hat{X}_B \cdot \hat{Z}_A \end{bmatrix}$$



$${}^A R_B = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{X}_B \cdot \hat{X}_A & \hat{Y}_B \cdot \hat{X}_A & \hat{Z}_B \cdot \hat{X}_A \\ \hat{X}_B \cdot \hat{Y}_A & \hat{Y}_B \cdot \hat{Y}_A & \hat{Z}_B \cdot \hat{Y}_A \\ \hat{X}_B \cdot \hat{Z}_A & \hat{Y}_B \cdot \hat{Z}_A & \hat{Z}_B \cdot \hat{Z}_A \end{bmatrix} \quad {}^B X_A^T$$

Rotation Matrix

$${}^A_B R = \begin{bmatrix} {}^A \hat{X}_B & {}^A \hat{Y}_B & {}^A \hat{Z}_B \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} {}^B \hat{X}_A^T \\ {}^B \hat{Y}_A^T \\ {}^B \hat{Z}_A^T \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} {}^B \hat{X}_A & {}^B \hat{Y}_A & {}^B \hat{Z}_A \end{bmatrix}^T = {}^B_A R^T$$

$$\underline{\underline{{}^A_B R = {}^B_A R^T}}$$

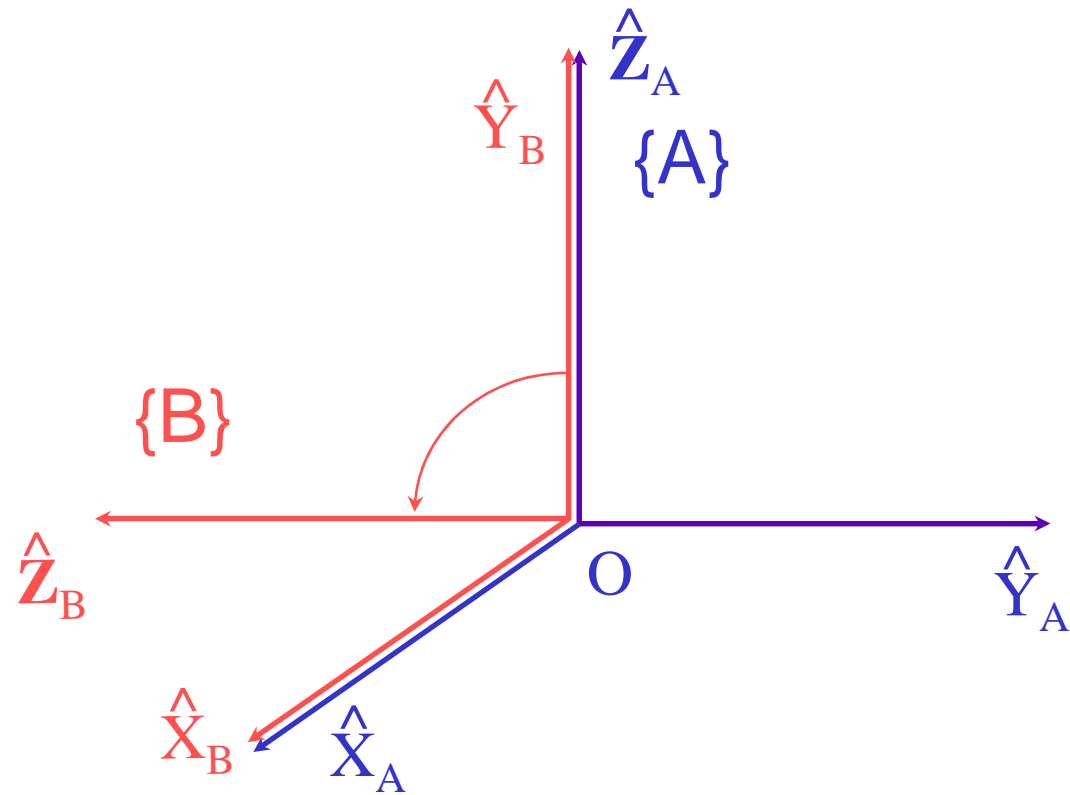
Inverse of Rotation Matrices

$${}^A_B R^{-1} = {}^B_A R = {}^A_B R^T$$

$$\boxed{{}^A_B R^{-1} = {}^A_B R^T}$$

Orthonormal Matrix

Example

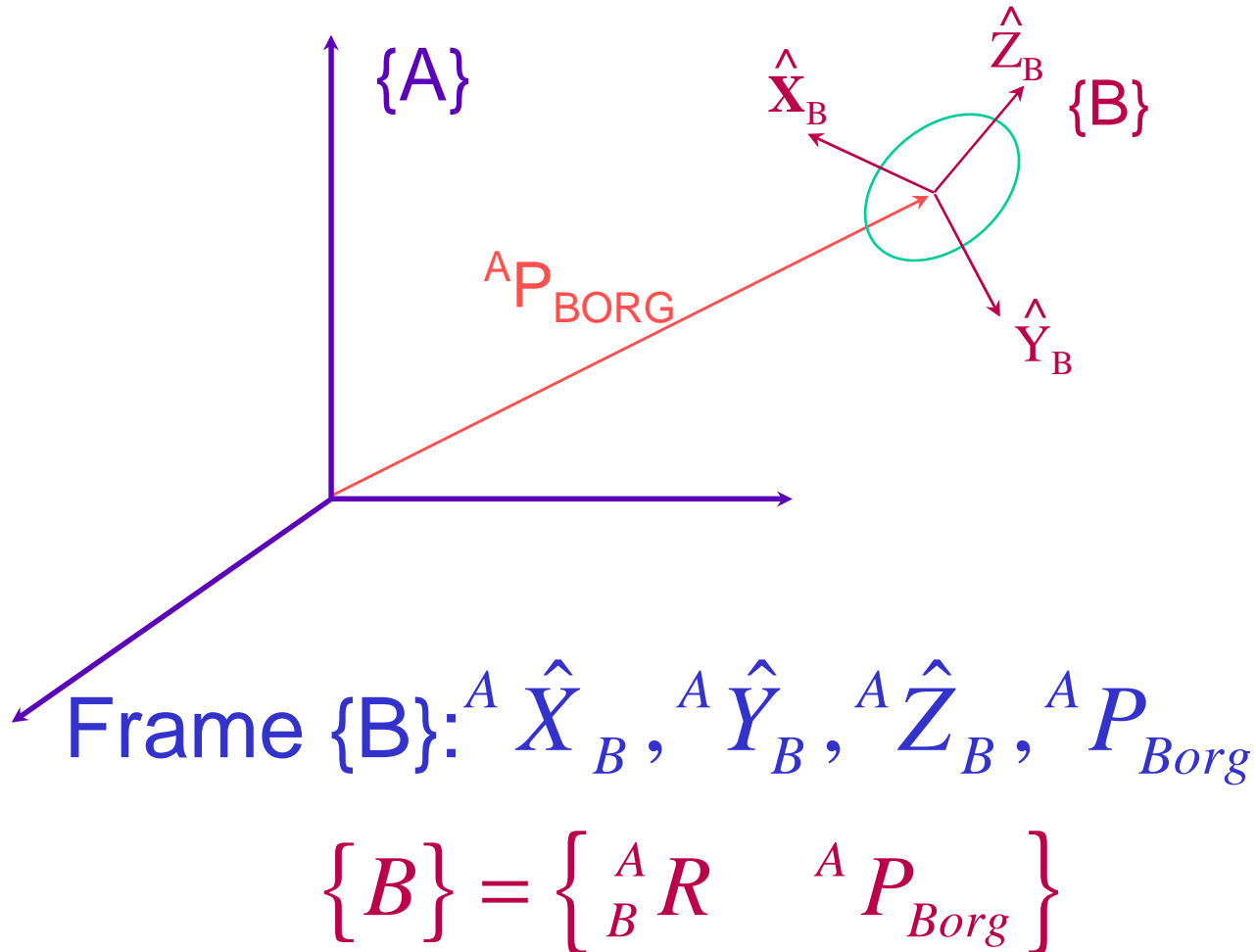


$${}^A_B R = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} \leftarrow {}^B \hat{X}_A^T \\ \leftarrow {}^B \hat{Y}_A^T \\ \leftarrow {}^B \hat{Z}_A^T \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ {}^A \hat{X}_B & {}^A \hat{Y}_B & {}^A \hat{Z}_B \end{matrix}$$

Description of a Frame

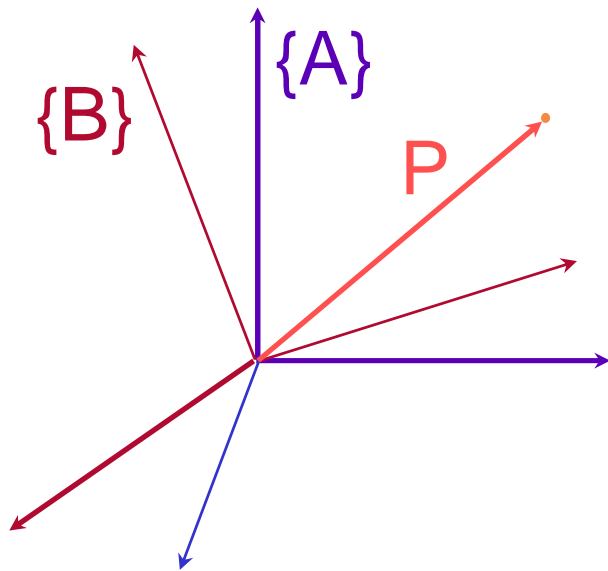
with respect to reference frame



Mapping

changing descriptions from frame to frame

Rotations



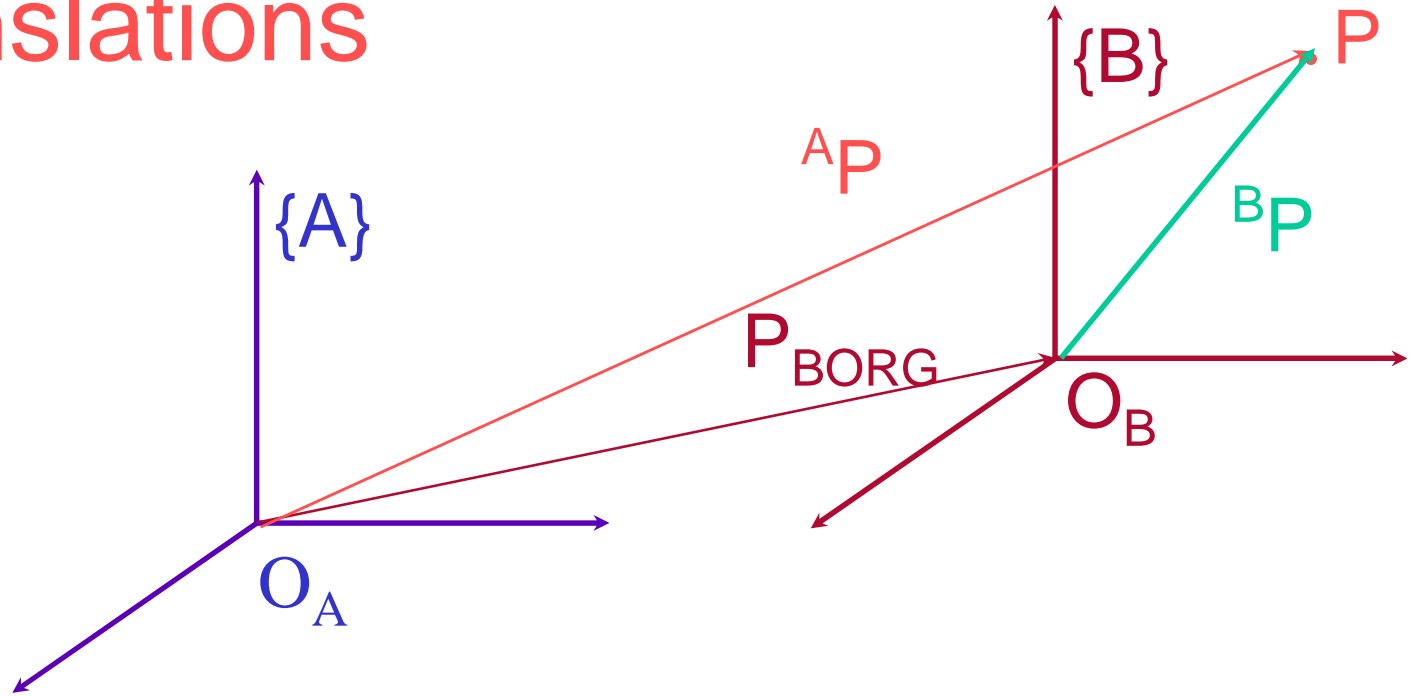
If P is given in {B}: ${}^B P$

$${}^A P = \begin{pmatrix} {}^B \hat{X}_A \cdot P \\ {}^B \hat{Y}_A \cdot P \\ {}^B \hat{Z}_A \cdot P \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} {}^B \hat{X}_A^T \\ {}^B \hat{Y}_A^T \\ {}^B \hat{Z}_A^T \end{pmatrix} \cdot P$$



$${}^A P = {}^A R_B {}^B P$$

Translations



changing the position description of a point P

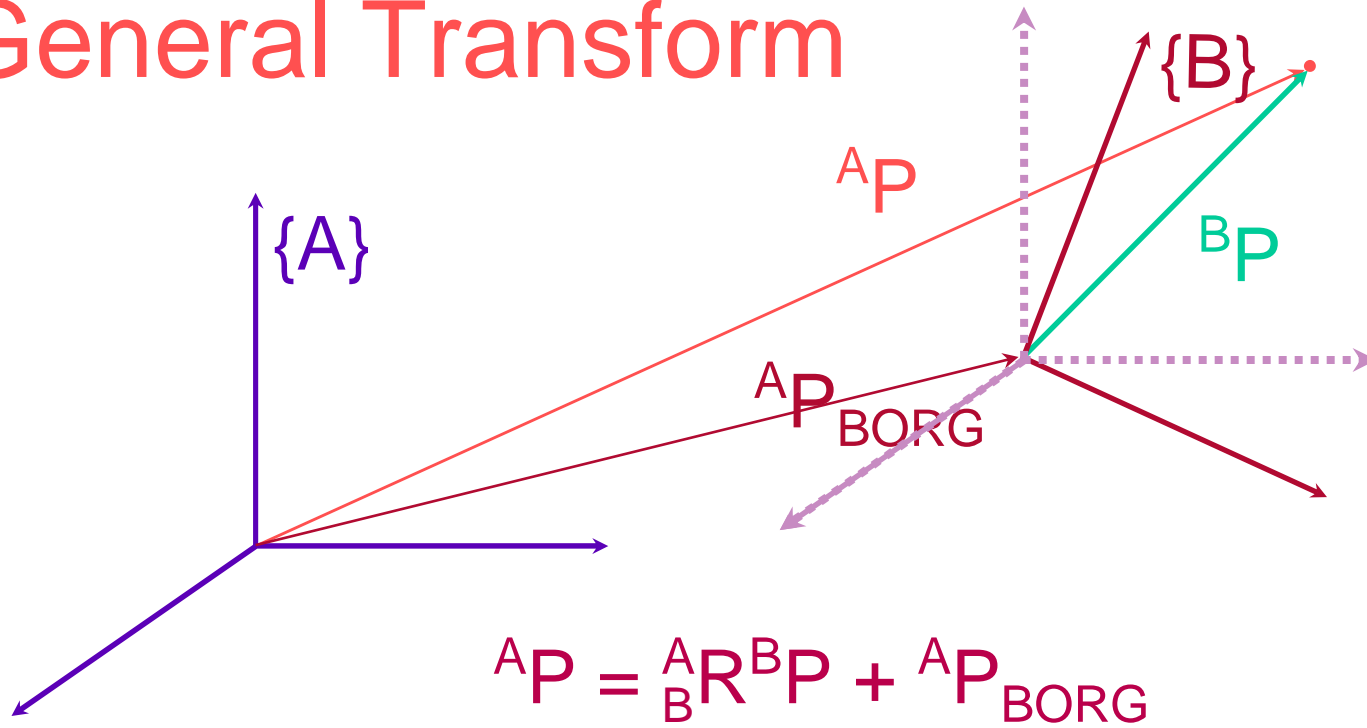
$$\vec{O_B P} \implies \vec{O_A P}$$

(Two different vectors)

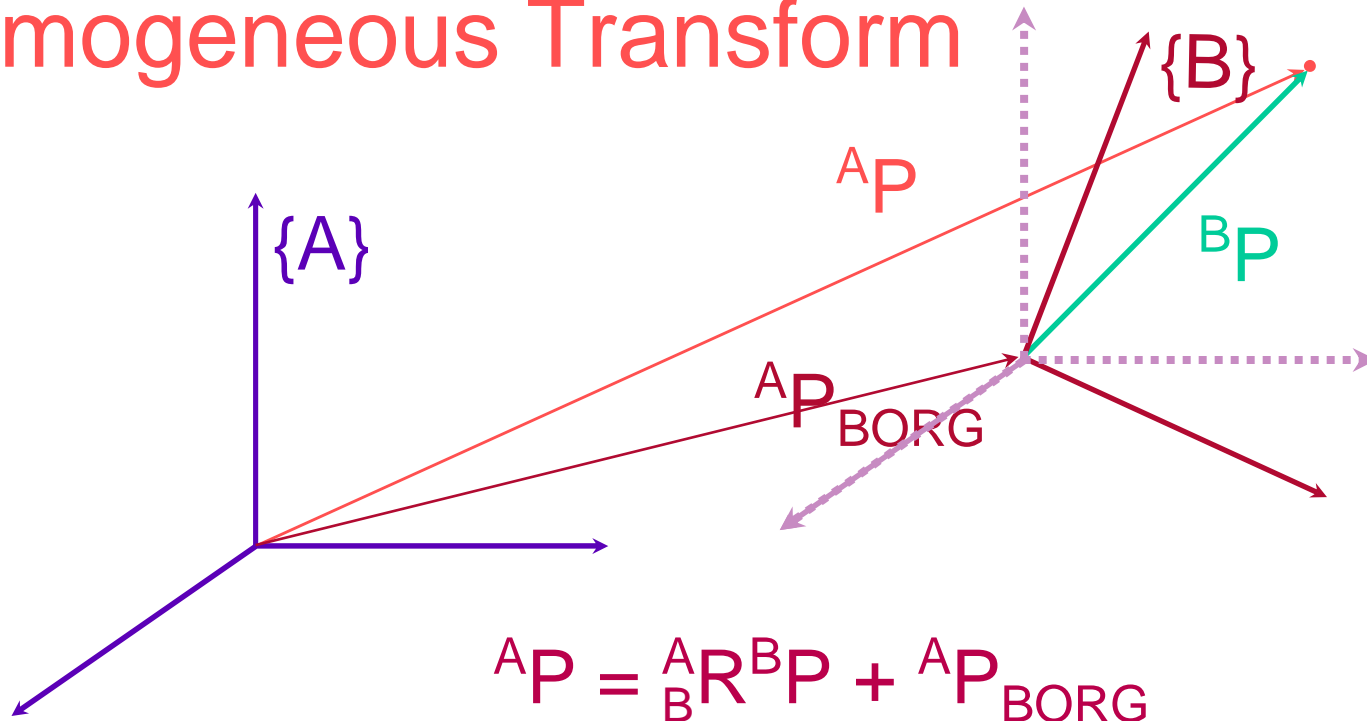
$$P_{BORG} : P_{O_B} \implies P_{O_A}$$

$$\boxed{{}^A P_{O_A} = {}^A P_{O_B} + {}^A P_{BORG}}$$

General Transform



Homogeneous Transform



$${}^A P = {}^A R_B {}^B P + {}^A P_{BORG}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} {}^A P \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} {}^A R_B & | & {}^A P_{BORG} \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & | & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} {}^B P \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{\underline{{}^A P = {}^A T_B {}^B P}}$$

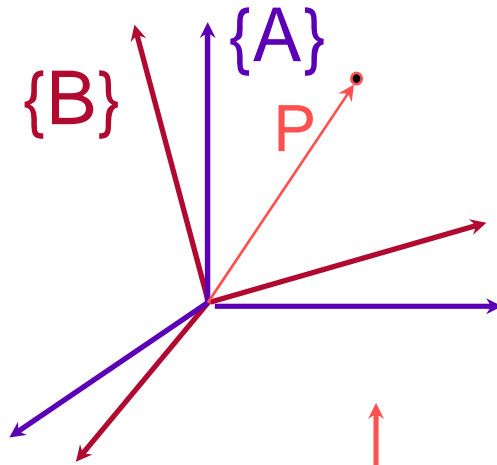
$(4 \times 1) \quad (4 \times 4) \quad (4 \times 1)$

Operators

Mapping: changing descriptions from frame to frame

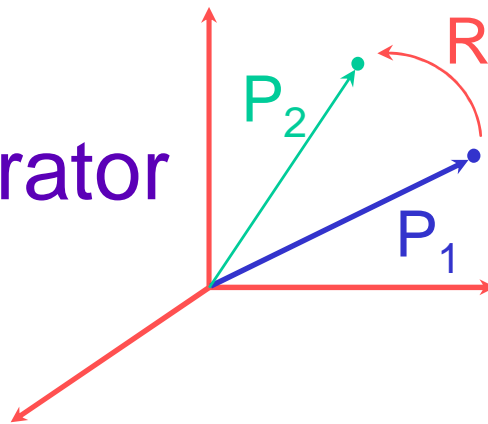
Operators: moving points (within the same frame)

Mapping



$${}^A P = {}^A_B R {}^B P$$

Rotational Operator



$$R: P_1 \longrightarrow P_2$$

$$P_2 = R P_1$$

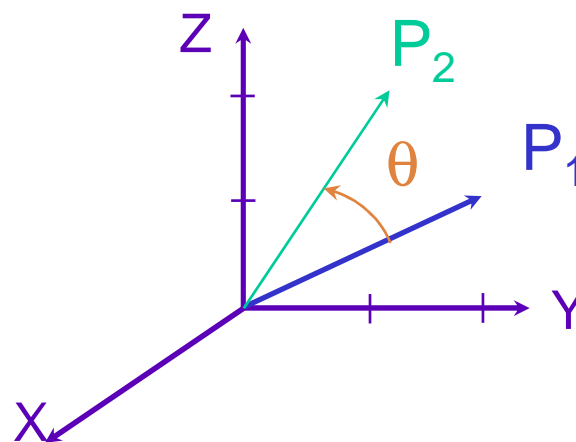
Rotational Operators

$$R_K(\theta): P_1 \longrightarrow P_2$$

$$P_2 = R_K(\theta) P_1$$

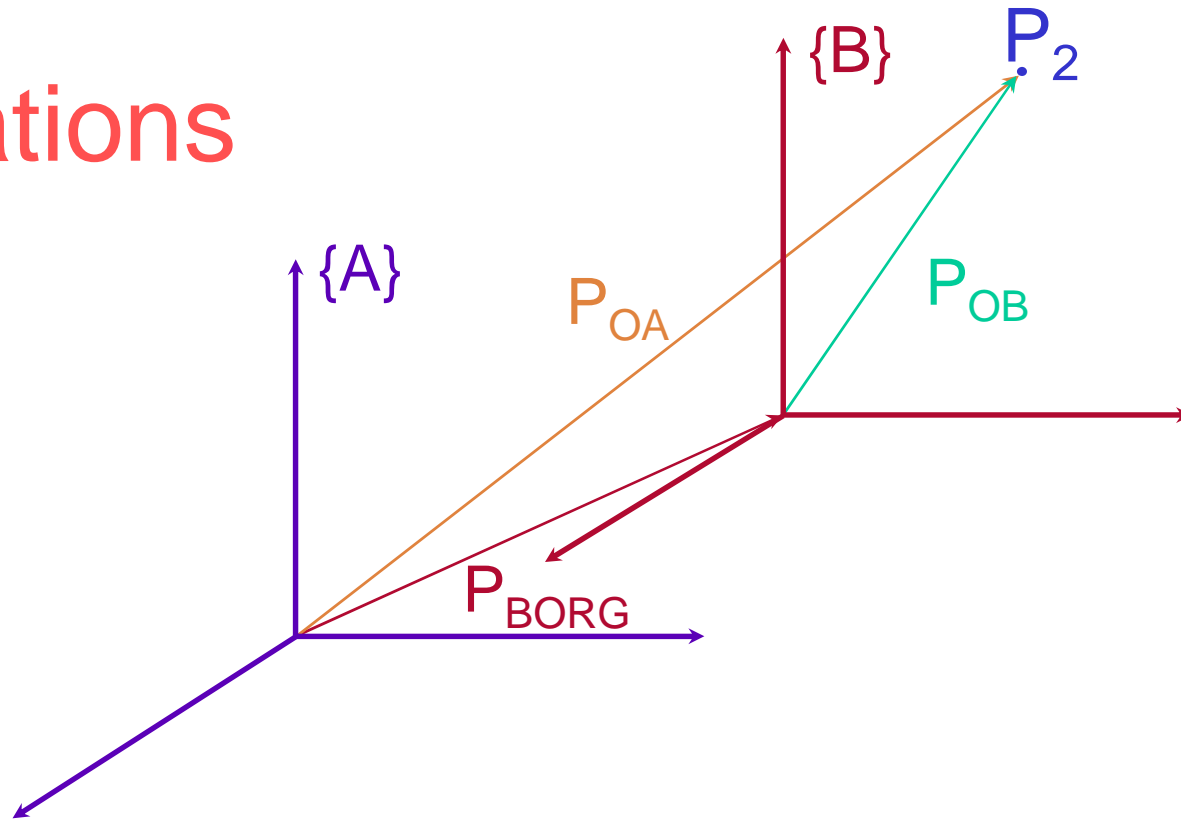
Example

$$R_X(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ 0 & \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$$



$$P_2 = R_X(\theta)P_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.8 & -0.6 \\ 0 & 0.6 & 0.8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

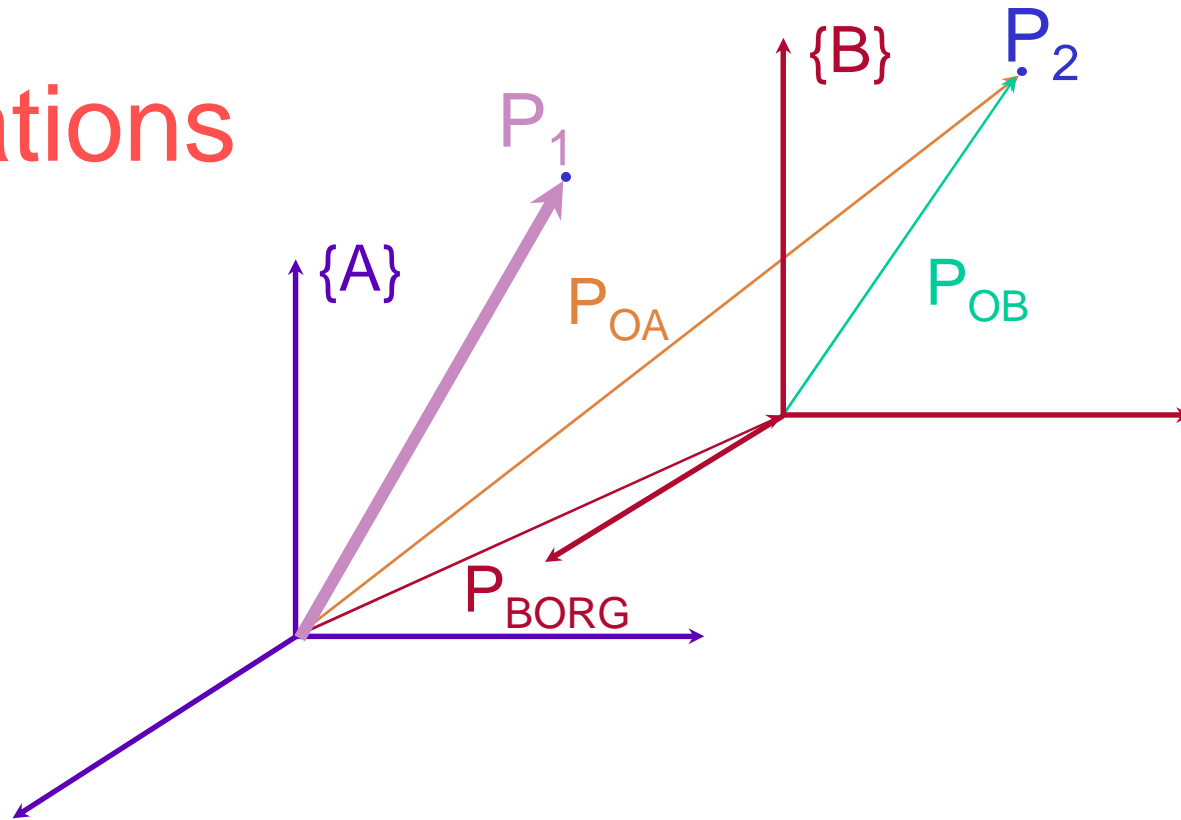
Translations



Mapping: $P_{BORG} : P_{OB} \longrightarrow P_{OA}$ (same point)
2 diff. vectors

$$P_{OA} = P_{OB} + P_{BORG}$$

Translations

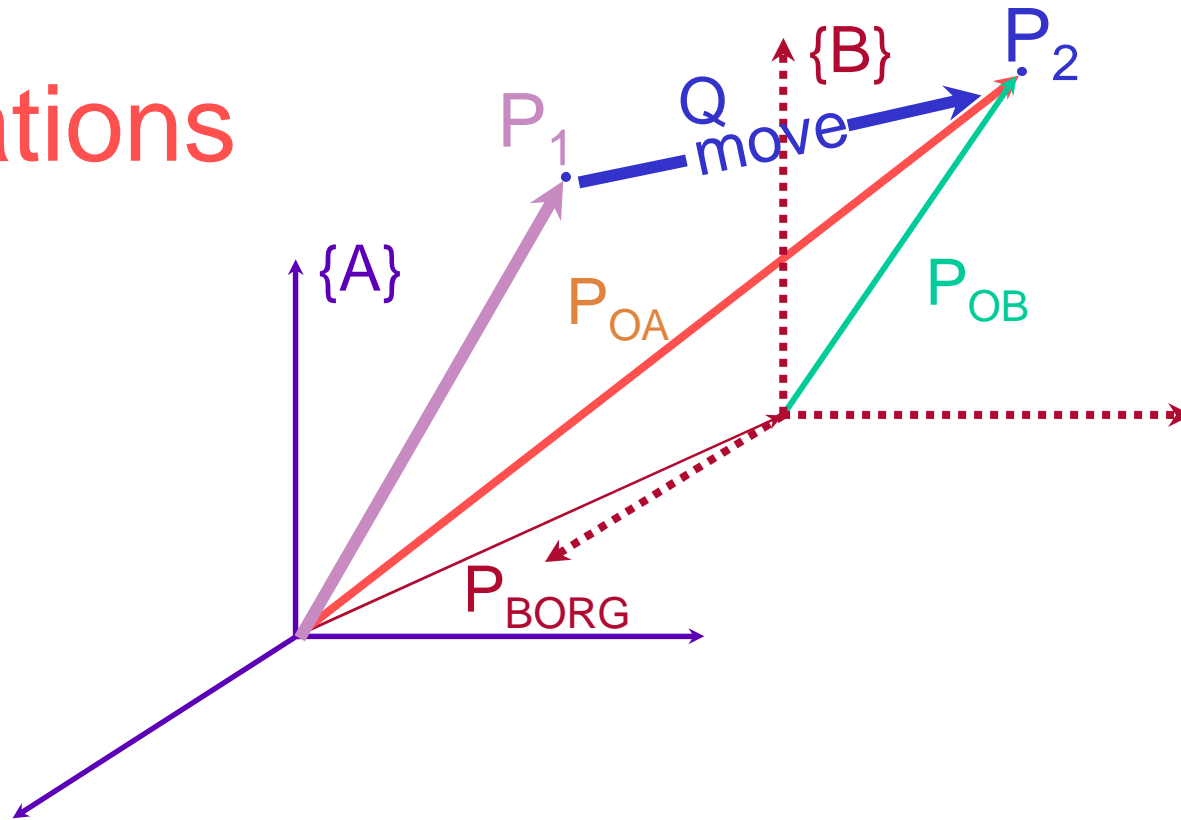


Mapping: $P_{\text{BORG}} : P_{\text{OB}} \longrightarrow P_{\text{OA}}$ (same point)
2 diff. vectors

$$P_{\text{OA}} = P_{\text{OB}} + P_{\text{BORG}}$$

Translational Operator:

Translations



Mapping: $P_{\text{BORG}} : P_{\text{OB}} \longrightarrow P_{\text{OA}}$ (same point)
2 diff. vectors

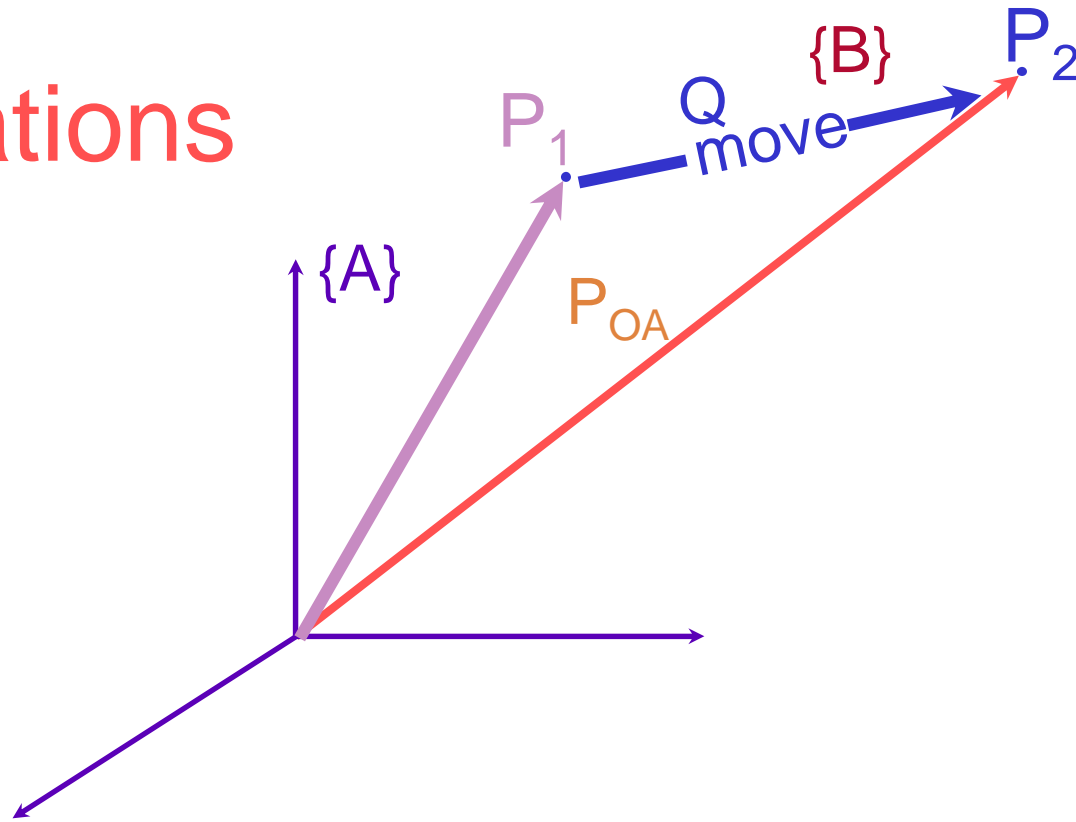
$$P_{\text{OA}} = P_{\text{OB}} + P_{\text{BORG}}$$

Translational Operator:

$Q : P_1 \longrightarrow P_2$ (2 points, 2 diff vectors)

$$P_2 = P_1 + Q$$

Translations



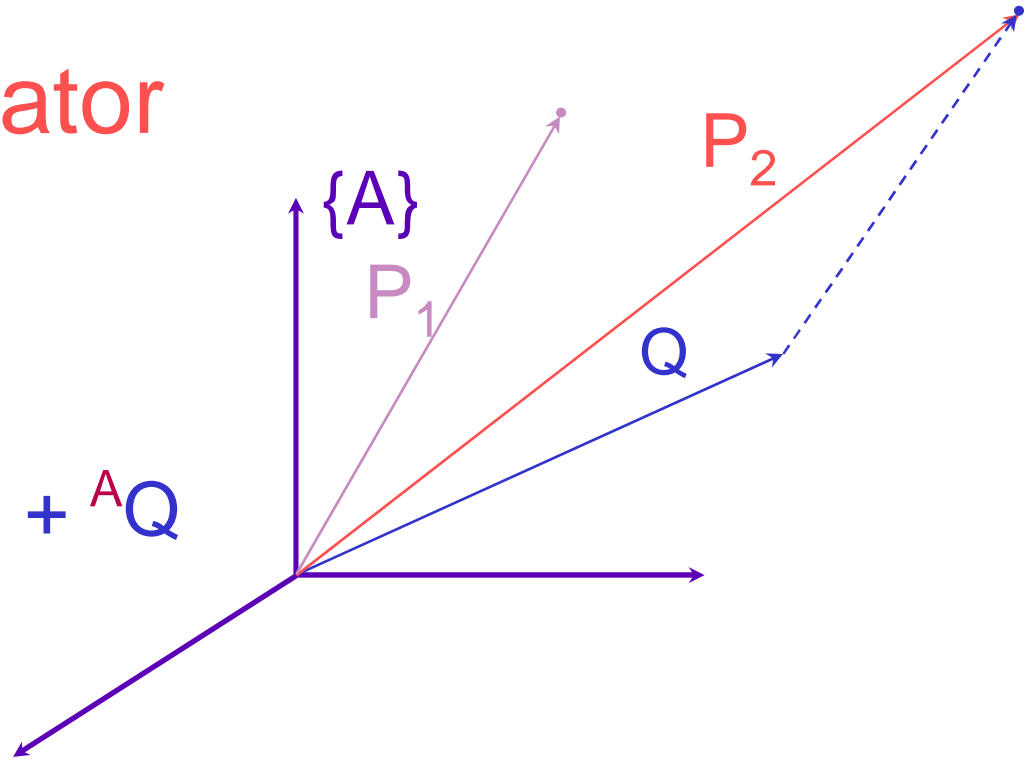
Translational Operator:

$Q : P_1 \longrightarrow P_2$ (2 points, 2 diff vectors)

$$P_2 = P_1 + Q$$

Translation Operator

Operator: ${}^A P_2 = {}^A P_1 + {}^A Q$



Homogeneous Transform:

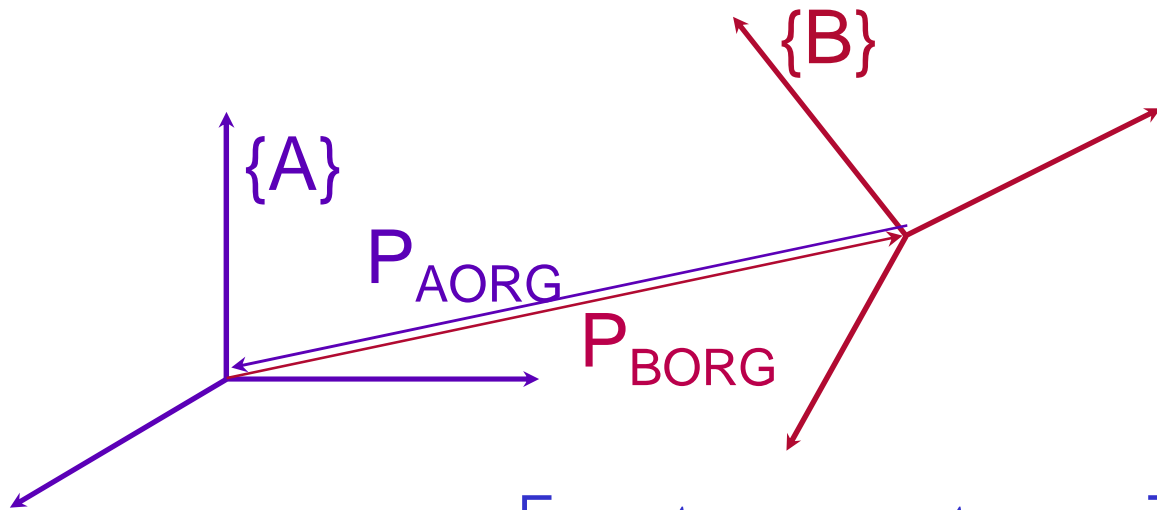
$$D_Q = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & q_x \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & q_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & q_z \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow {}^A P_2 = {}^A D_Q {}^A P_1$$

General Operators

$$P_2 = \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} R_K(\theta) & & & Q \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) P_1$$

$$P_2 = T P_1$$

Inverse Transform



$${}^A_B T = \begin{bmatrix} {}^A_B R & {}^A P_{Borg} \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R^{-1} = R^T \quad (T^{-1} \neq T^T)$$

$${}^A_B T^{-1} = {}^B_A T = \begin{bmatrix} {}^A_B R^T & -{}^A_B R^T \cdot {}^A P_{Borg} \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

${}^B P_{AORG}$