

# CS193P - Lecture 8

## iPhone Application Development

### Scroll Views & Table Views



# iPhone SDK 3.2



# iPhone SDK 3.2

- Support for iPad



# iPhone SDK 3.2

- Support for iPad
- Beta Release



# iPhone SDK 3.2

- Support for iPad
- Beta Release



## Access to iPhone SDK beta

You must be enrolled in the iPhone Developer Standard or Enterprise  
Not enrolled in the iPhone Developer Program? [Learn More ▶](#)

*Enrollment in iPhone Developer Standard or Enterprise required*

# Announcements

- Paparazzi 1 due next Wednesday (2/3)

# Today's Topics

- Scroll views
- Table views
  - Displaying data
  - Controlling appearance & behavior
- UITableViewController
- Table view cells



# Scroll Views

# UIScrollView

- For displaying more content than can fit on the screen

# UIScrollView

- For displaying more content than can fit on the screen
- Handles gestures for panning and zooming

# UIScrollView

- For displaying more content than can fit on the screen
- Handles gestures for panning and zooming
- Noteworthy subclasses: UITableView and UITextView

# Scrolling Examples

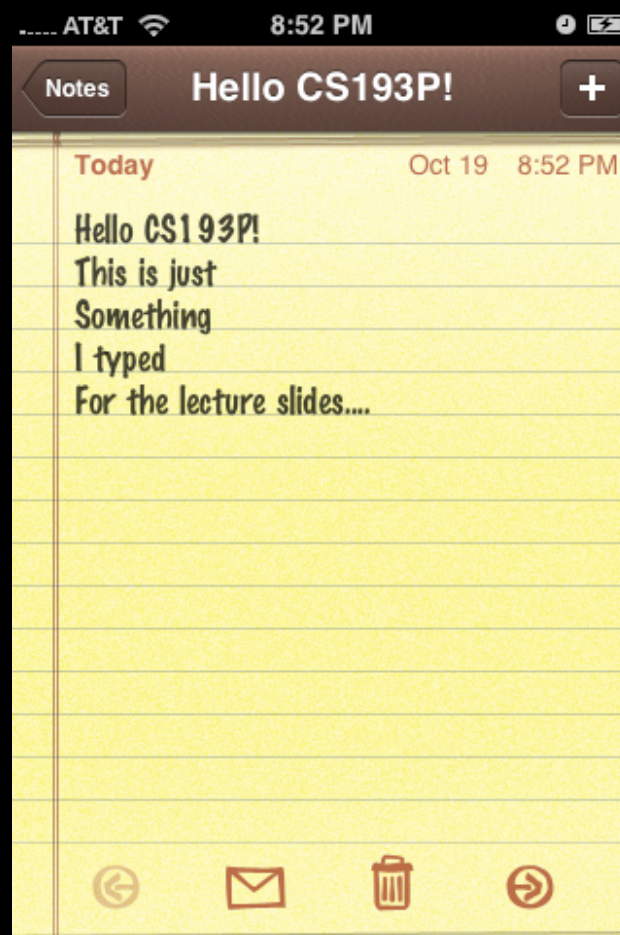
# Scrolling Examples



# Scrolling Examples

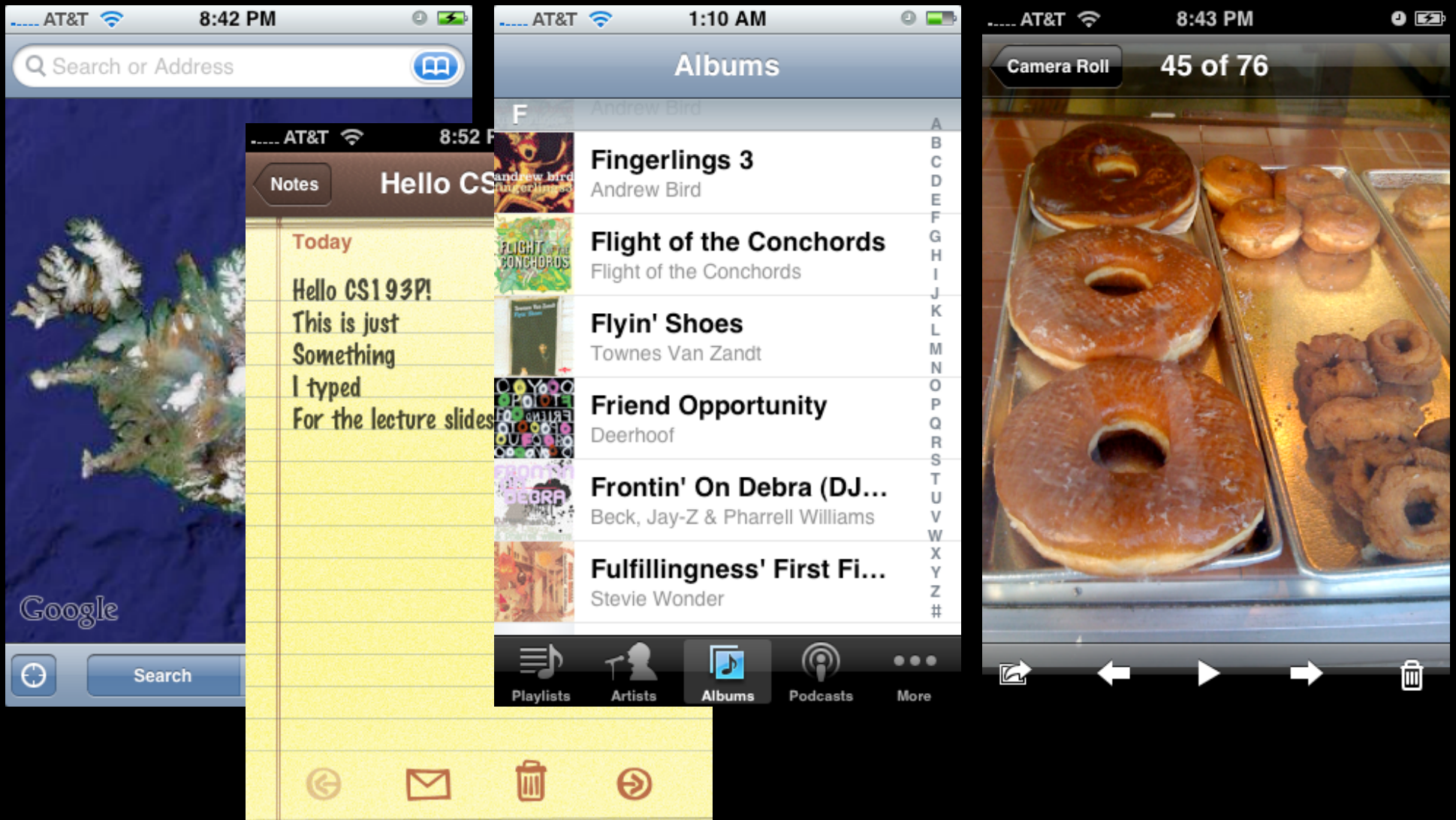


# Scrolling Examples

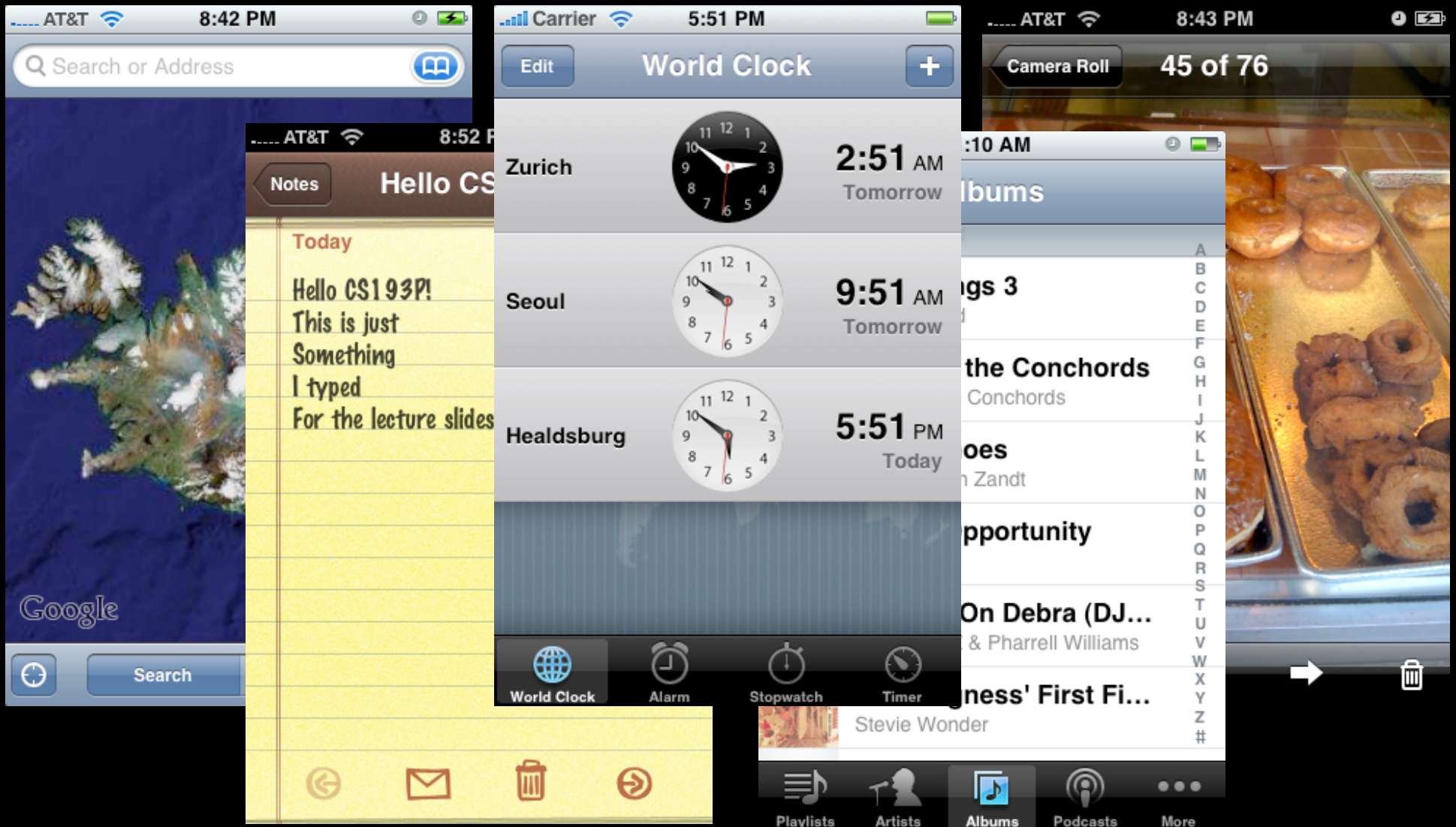




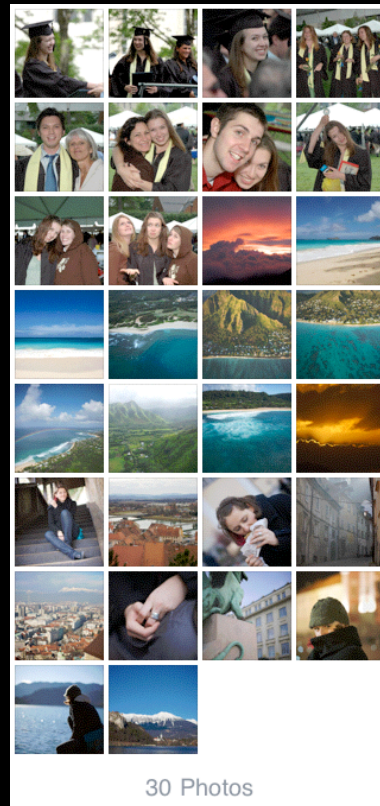
# Scrolling Examples



# Scrolling Examples



# Content Size

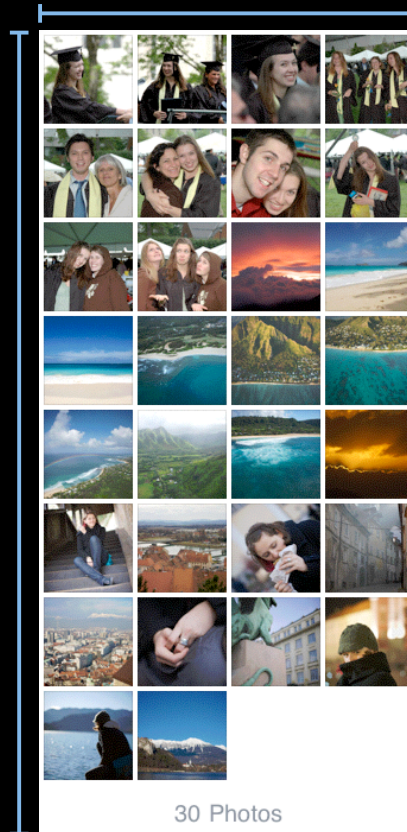




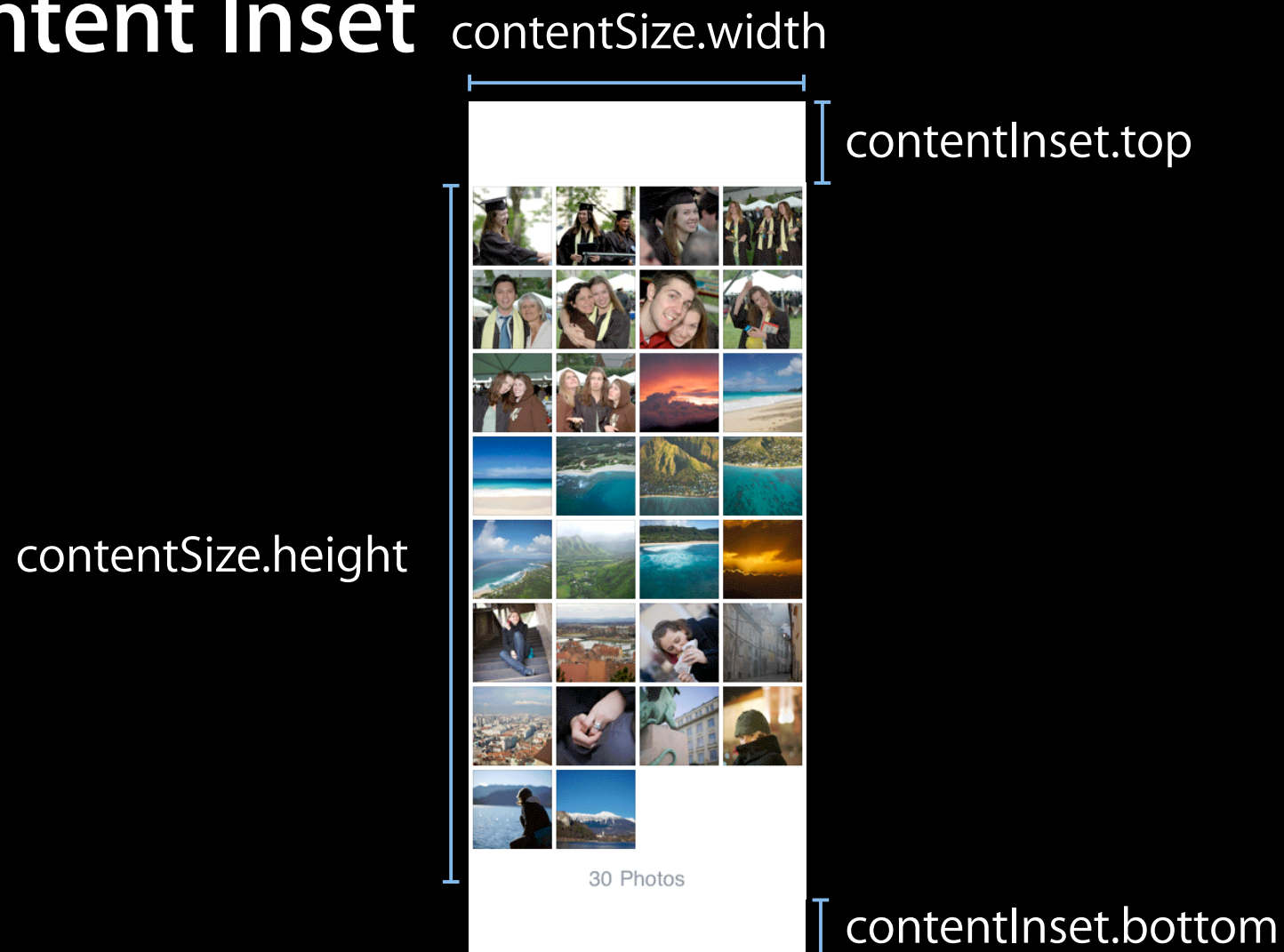
# Content Size

contentSize.width

contentSize.height



# Content Inset



# Content Inset



# Content Inset



# Content Inset





# Content Inset

`contentInset.top` →



# Content Inset

`contentInset.top` →



# Content Inset



# Scroll Indicator Insets



# Scroll Indicator Insets



# Scroll Indicator Insets



# Scroll Indicator Insets

`scrollIndicatorInsets.top` →



# Content Offset



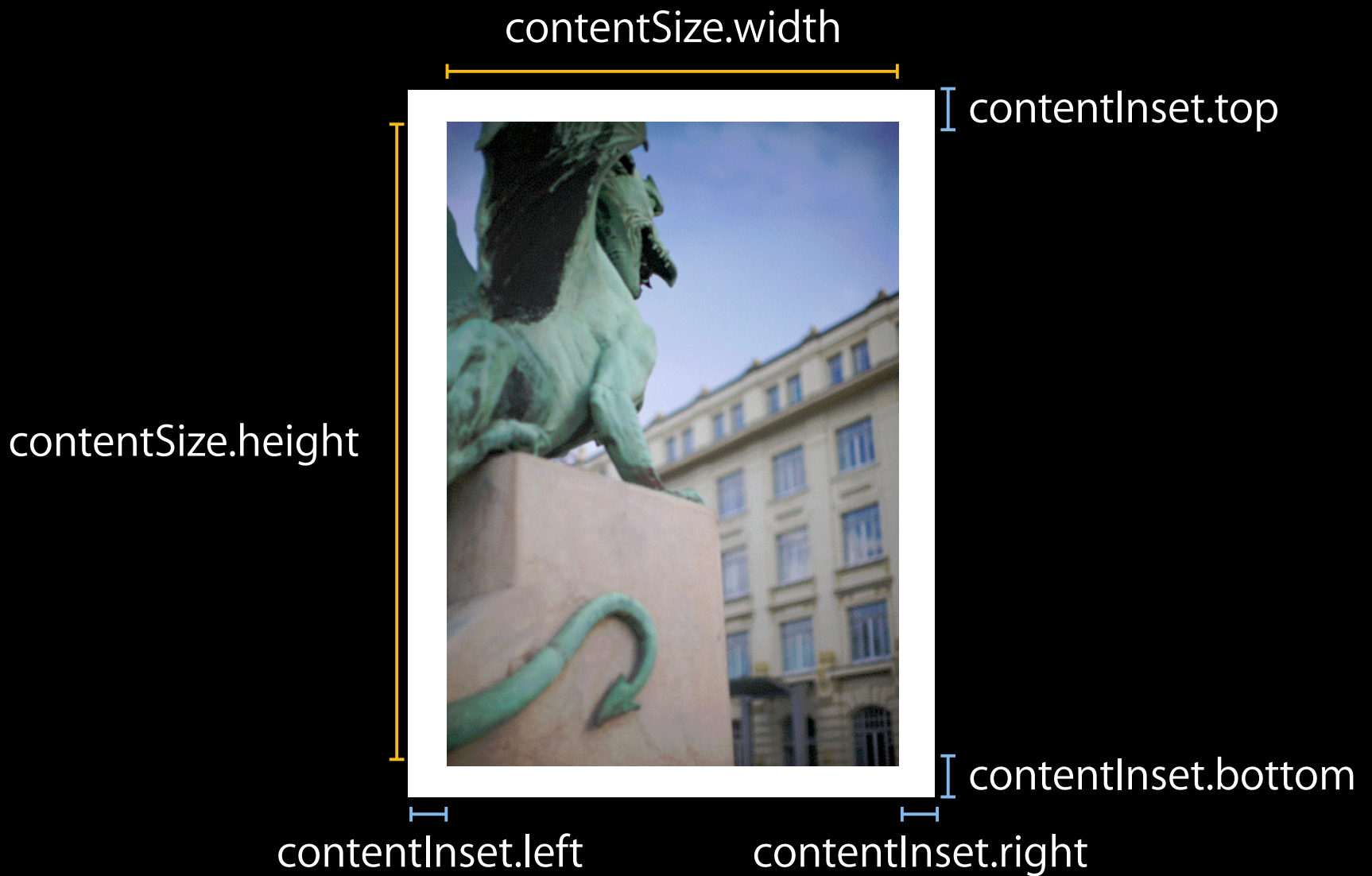


# Content Offset



# Content Offset

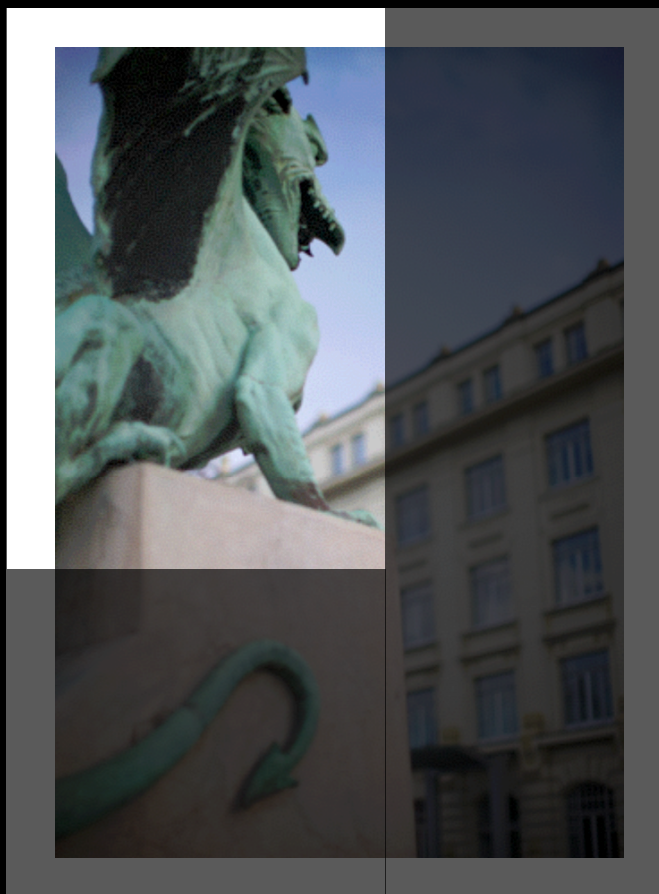






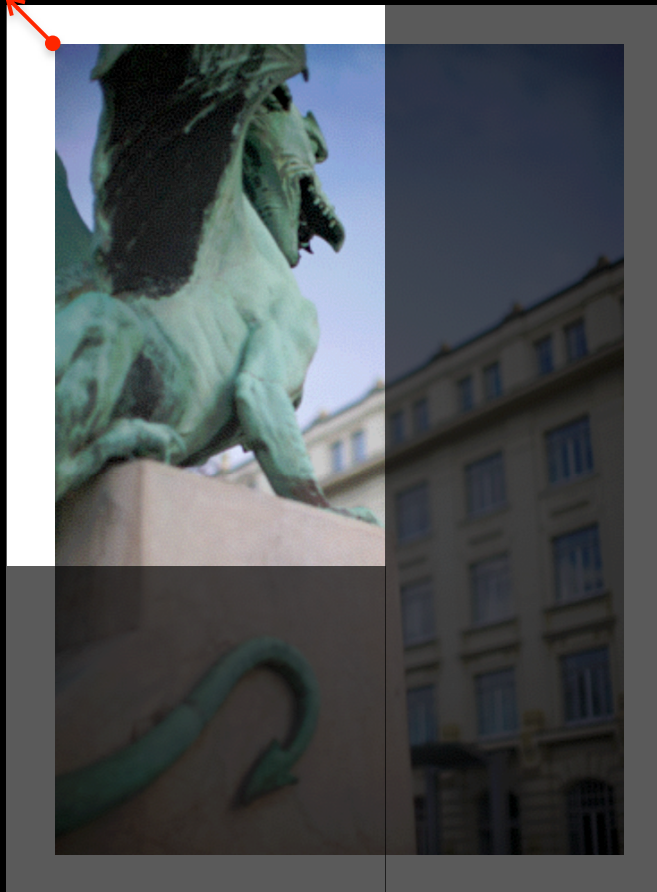








contentOffset.x  
(-contentInset.left)  
contentOffset.y  
(-contentInset.top)





# Using a Scroll View

# Using a Scroll View

- Create with the desired frame

```
CGRect frame = CGRectMake(0, 0, 200, 200);  
scrollView = [[UIScrollView alloc] initWithFrame:frame];
```

# Using a Scroll View

- Create with the desired frame

```
CGRect frame = CGRectMake(0, 0, 200, 200);  
scrollView = [[UIScrollView alloc] initWithFrame:frame];
```

- Add subviews (frames may extend beyond scroll view bounds)

```
frame = CGRectMake(0, 0, 500, 500);  
myImageView = [[UIImageView alloc] initWithFrame:frame];  
[scrollView addSubview:myImageView];
```

# Using a Scroll View

- Create with the desired frame

```
CGRect frame = CGRectMake(0, 0, 200, 200);  
scrollView = [[UIScrollView alloc] initWithFrame:frame];
```

- Add subviews (frames may extend beyond scroll view bounds)

```
frame = CGRectMake(0, 0, 500, 500);  
myImageView = [[UIImageView alloc] initWithFrame:frame];  
[scrollView addSubview:myImageView];
```

- Set the content size

```
scrollView.contentSize = CGSizeMake(500, 500);
```

# Extending Scroll View Behavior

- Applications often want to know about scroll events

# Extending Scroll View Behavior

- Applications often want to know about scroll events
  - When the scroll offset is changed

# Extending Scroll View Behavior

- Applications often want to know about scroll events
  - When the scroll offset is changed
  - When dragging begins & ends

# Extending Scroll View Behavior

- Applications often want to know about scroll events
  - When the scroll offset is changed
  - When dragging begins & ends
  - When deceleration begins & ends



# Extending with a Subclass

- Create a subclass
- Override methods to customize behavior

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  - Application logic and behavior is now part of a View class
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# Extending with a Subclass

- Create a subclass
- Override methods to customize behavior
- **Issues with this approach**
  - Application logic and behavior is now part of a View class
  - Tedious to write a one-off subclass for every scroll view instance
  - Your code becomes **tightly coupled** with superclass

# Extending with Delegation

- Delegate is a separate object
- Clearly defined points of responsibility
  - Change behavior
  - Customize appearance
- **Loosely coupled** with the object being extended

# UIScrollView Delegate

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@protocol UIScrollViewDelegate<NSObject>



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@protocol UIScrollViewDelegate<NSObject>

@optional

# UIScrollView Delegate

```
@protocol UIScrollViewDelegate<NSObject>
```

```
@optional
```

```
// Respond to interesting events
```

```
- (void)scrollViewDidScroll:(UIScrollView *)scrollView;
```

# UIScrollView Delegate

```
@protocol UIScrollViewDelegate<NSObject>
```

```
@optional
```

```
// Respond to interesting events
```

```
- (void)scrollViewDidScroll:(UIScrollView *)scrollView;
```

```
...
```

```
// Influence behavior
```

```
- (BOOL)scrollViewShouldScrollToTop:(UIScrollView *)scrollView;
```

```
@end
```

# Implementing a Delegate

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- Conform to the delegate protocol

```
@interface MyController : NSObject <UIScrollViewDelegate>
```

# Implementing a Delegate

- Conform to the delegate protocol

```
@interface MyController : NSObject <UIScrollViewDelegate>
```

- Implement **all required methods** and **any optional methods**

```
- (void)scrollViewDidScroll:(UIScrollView *)scrollView
{
    // Do something in response to the new scroll position
    if (scrollView.contentOffset ...) {

    }
}
```

# Zooming with a Scroll View

# Zooming with a Scroll View

- Set the minimum, maximum, initial zoom scales

```
scrollView.maximumZoomScale = 2.0;  
scrollView.minimumZoomScale = scrollView.size.width /  
myImage.size.width;
```



# Zooming with a Scroll View

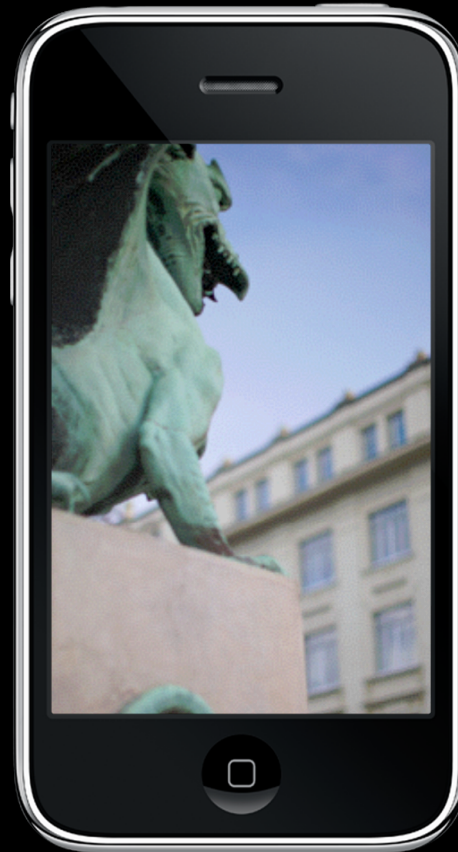
- Set the minimum, maximum, initial zoom scales

```
scrollView.maximumZoomScale = 2.0;  
scrollView.minimumZoomScale = scrollView.size.width /  
                                myImage.size.width;
```

- Implement delegate method for zooming

```
- (UIView *)viewForZoomingInScrollView:(UIView *)view  
{  
    return someViewThatWillBeScaled;  
}
```

# Set Zoom Scale



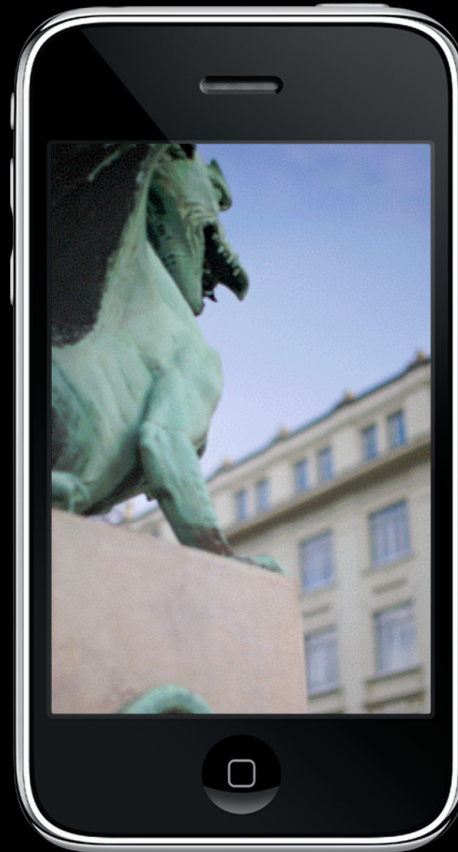
- (void)setZoomScale:(float)scale animated:(BOOL);

# Set Zoom Scale



- (void)setZoomScale:(float)scale animated:(BOOL);

# Set Zoom Scale



- (void)setZoomScale:(float)scale animated:(BOOL);

# Zoom to Rect



- (void)zoomToRect:(CGRect)rect animated:(BOOL);

# Zoom to Rect



- (void)zoomToRect:(CGRect)rect animated:(BOOL);

# Zoom to Rect



- (void)zoomToRect:(CGRect)rect animated:(BOOL);

# Zoom to Rect



- (void)zoomToRect:(CGRect)rect animated:(BOOL);



# Zoom to Rect



- (void)zoomToRect:(CGRect)rect animated:(BOOL);

# Zoom to Rect



- (void)zoomToRect:(CGRect)rect animated:(BOOL);

# Demo

# Table Views

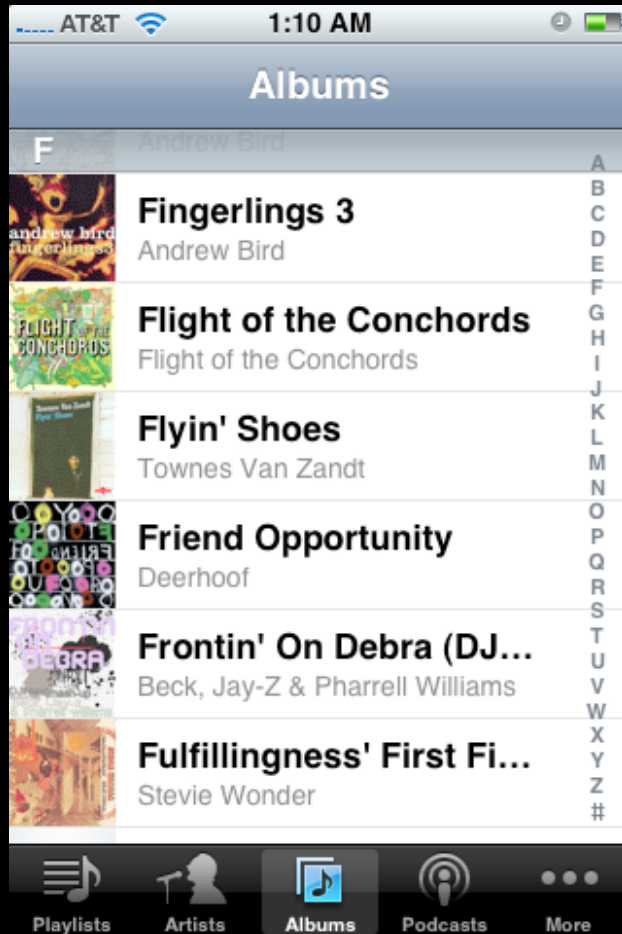
# Table Views

- Display lists of content
  - Single column, multiple rows
  - Vertical scrolling
  - Large data sets
- Powerful and ubiquitous in iPhone applications

# Table View Styles

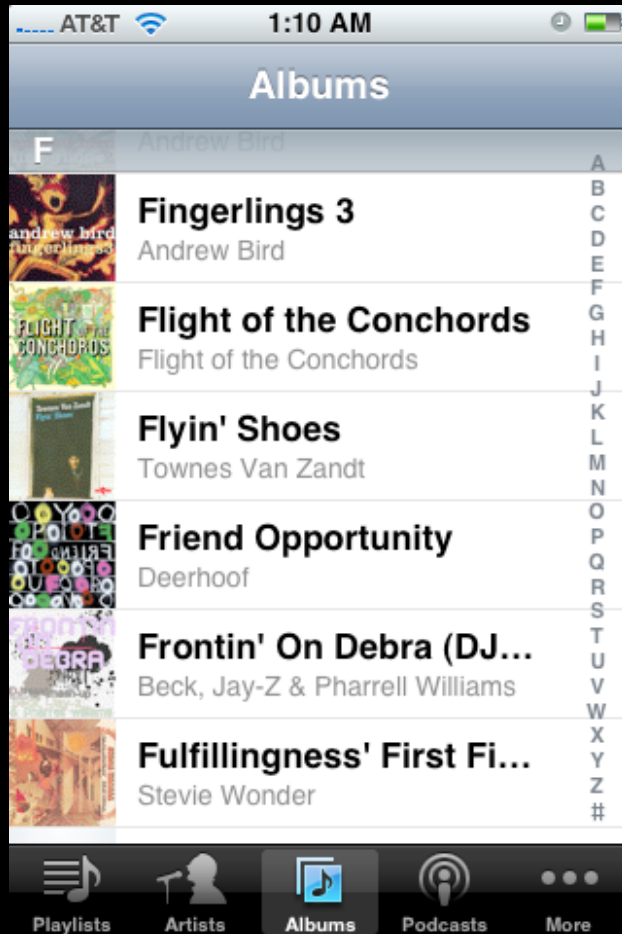
# Table View Styles

UITableViewStylePlain



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UITableViewStylePlain



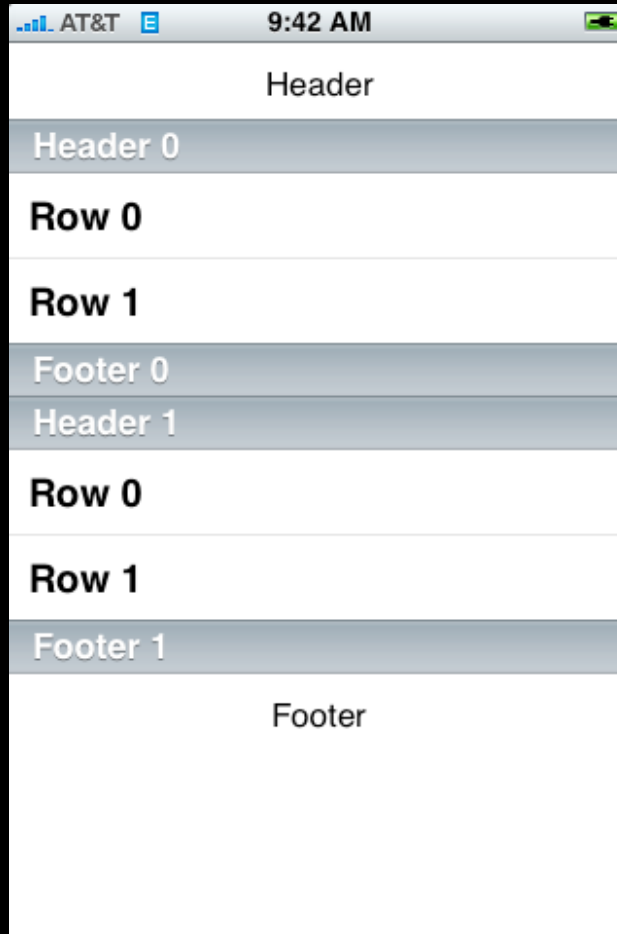
UITableViewStyleGrouped





# Table View Anatomy

## Plain Style

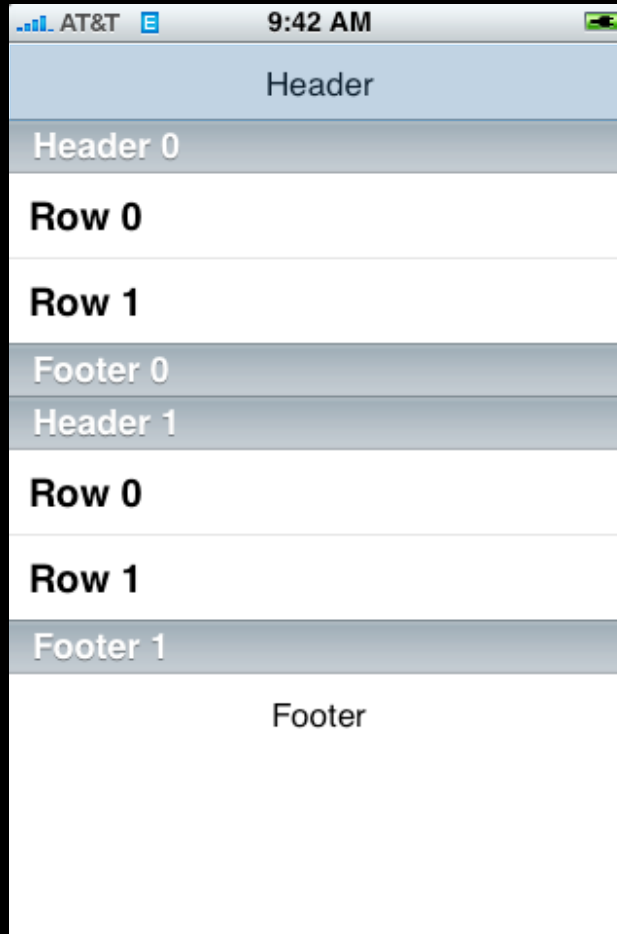


Header
Header 0
Row 0
Row 1
Footer 0
Header 1
Row 0
Row 1
Footer 1
Footer

# Table View Anatomy

## Plain Style

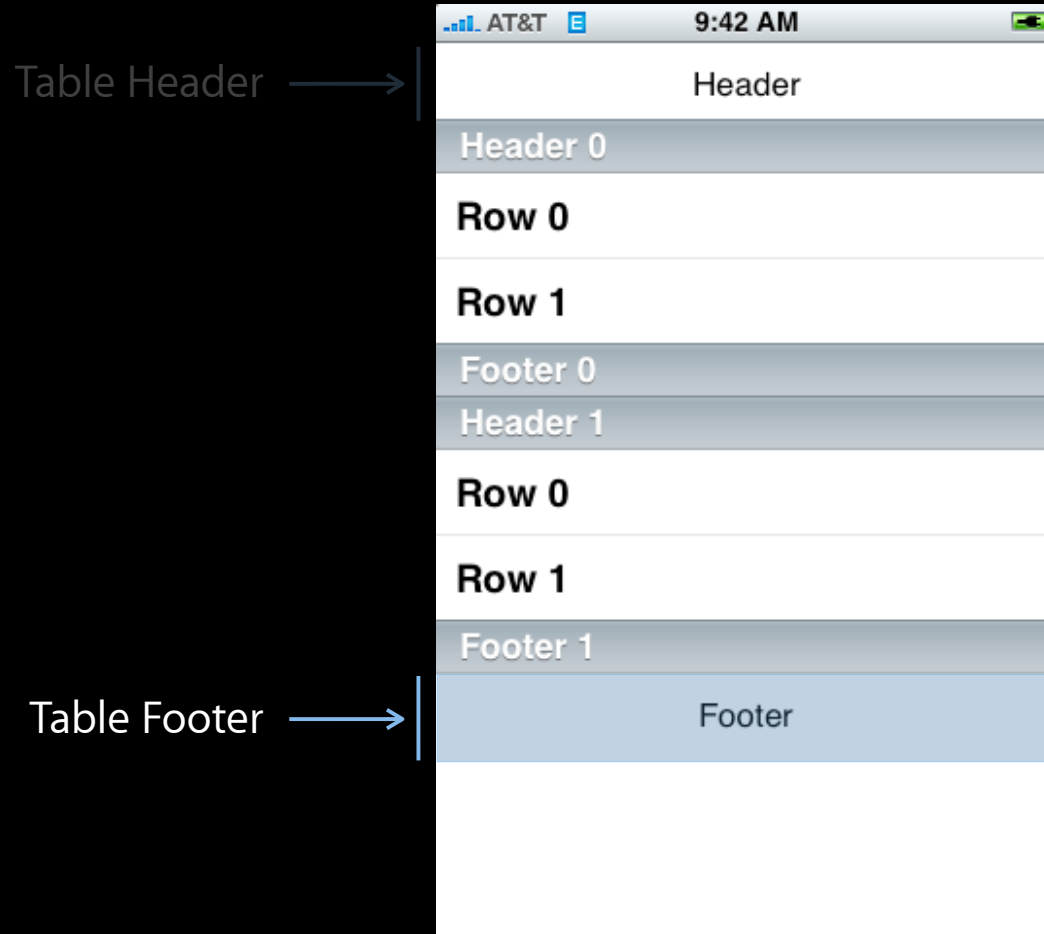
Table Header →



Header
Header 0
Row 0
Row 1
Footer 0
Header 1
Row 0
Row 1
Footer 1
Footer

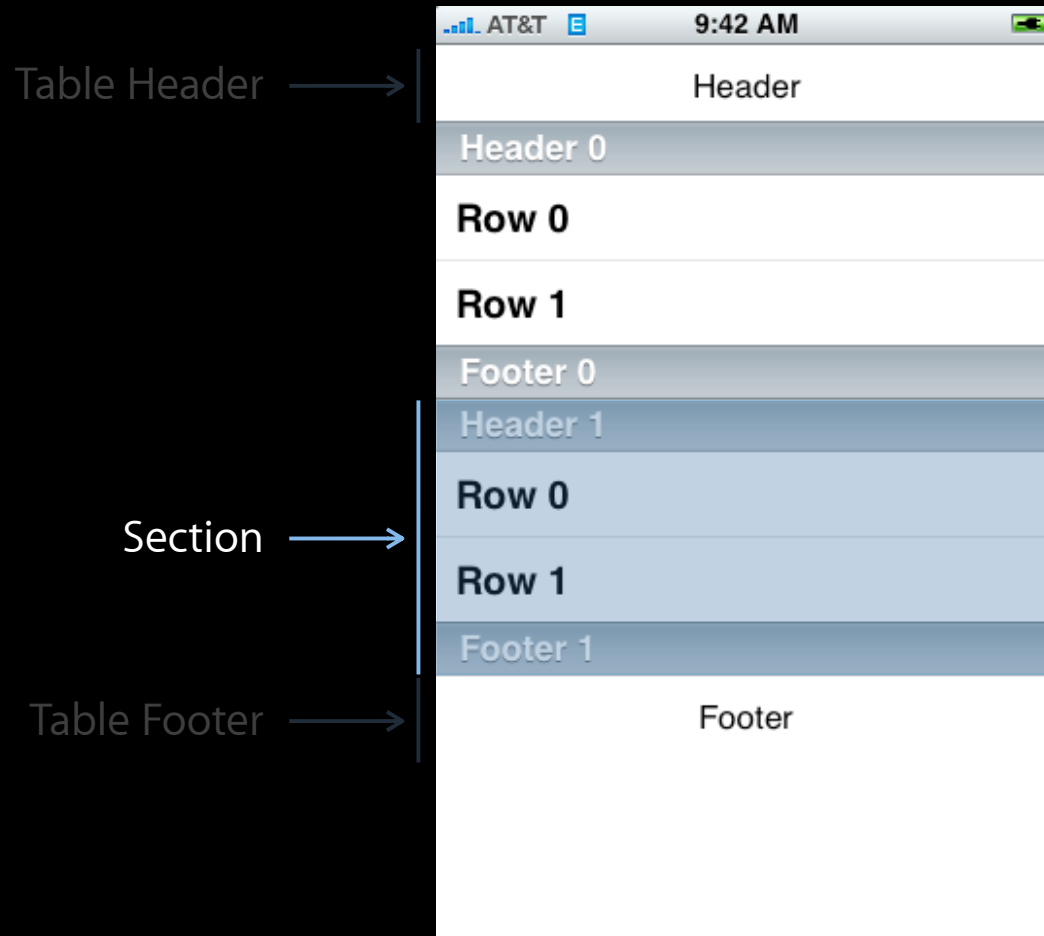
# Table View Anatomy

## Plain Style



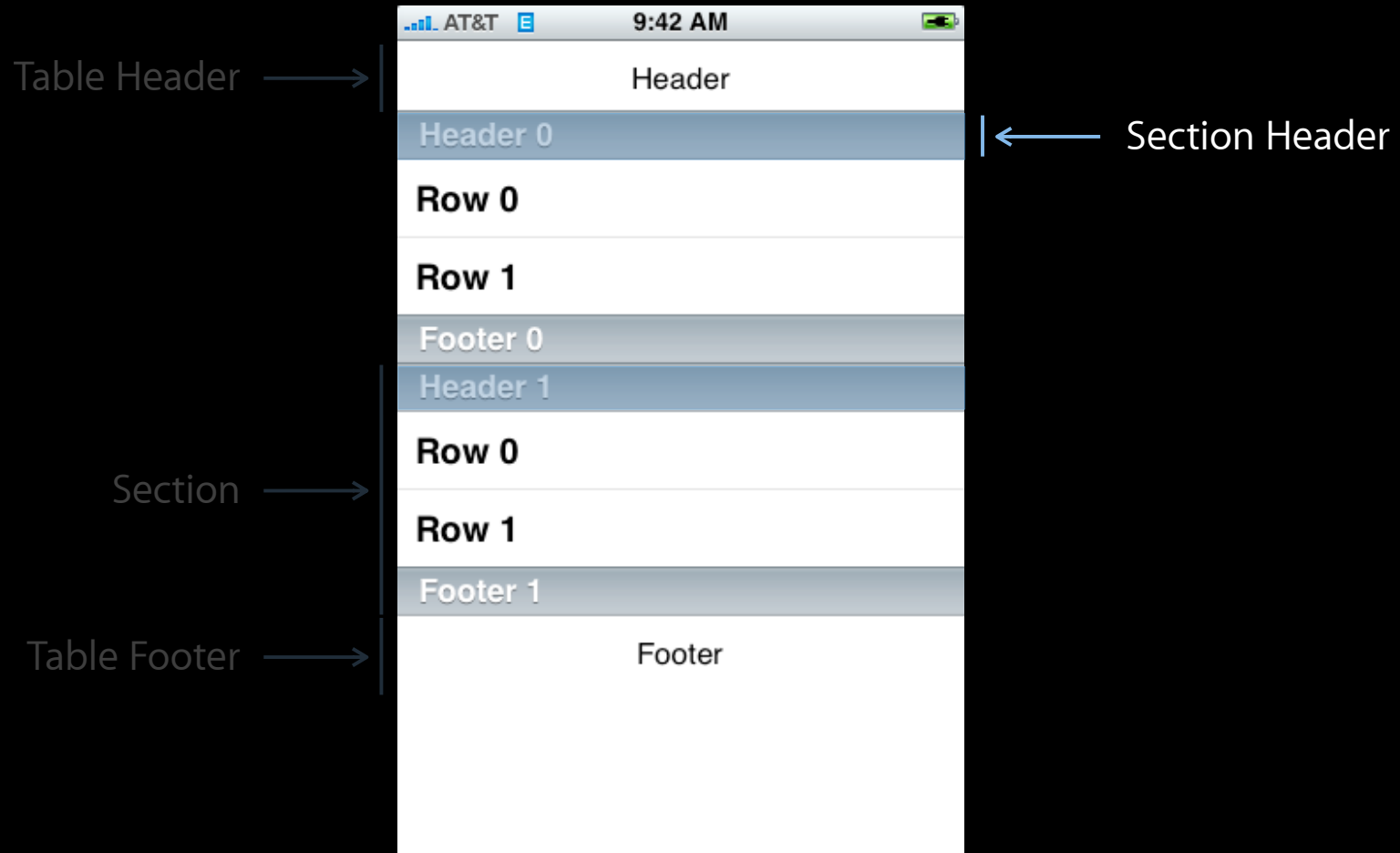
# Table View Anatomy

## Plain Style



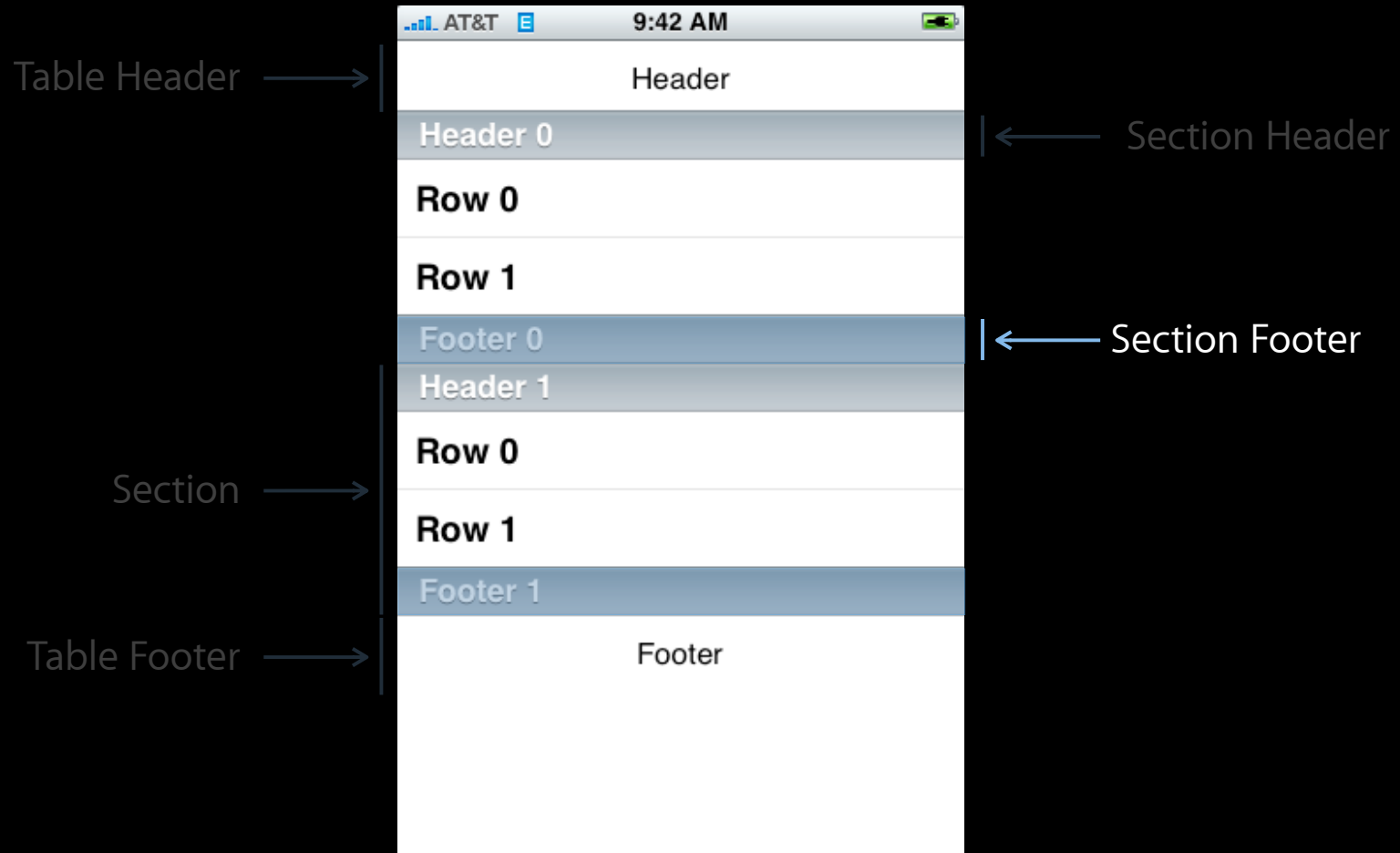
# Table View Anatomy

## Plain Style



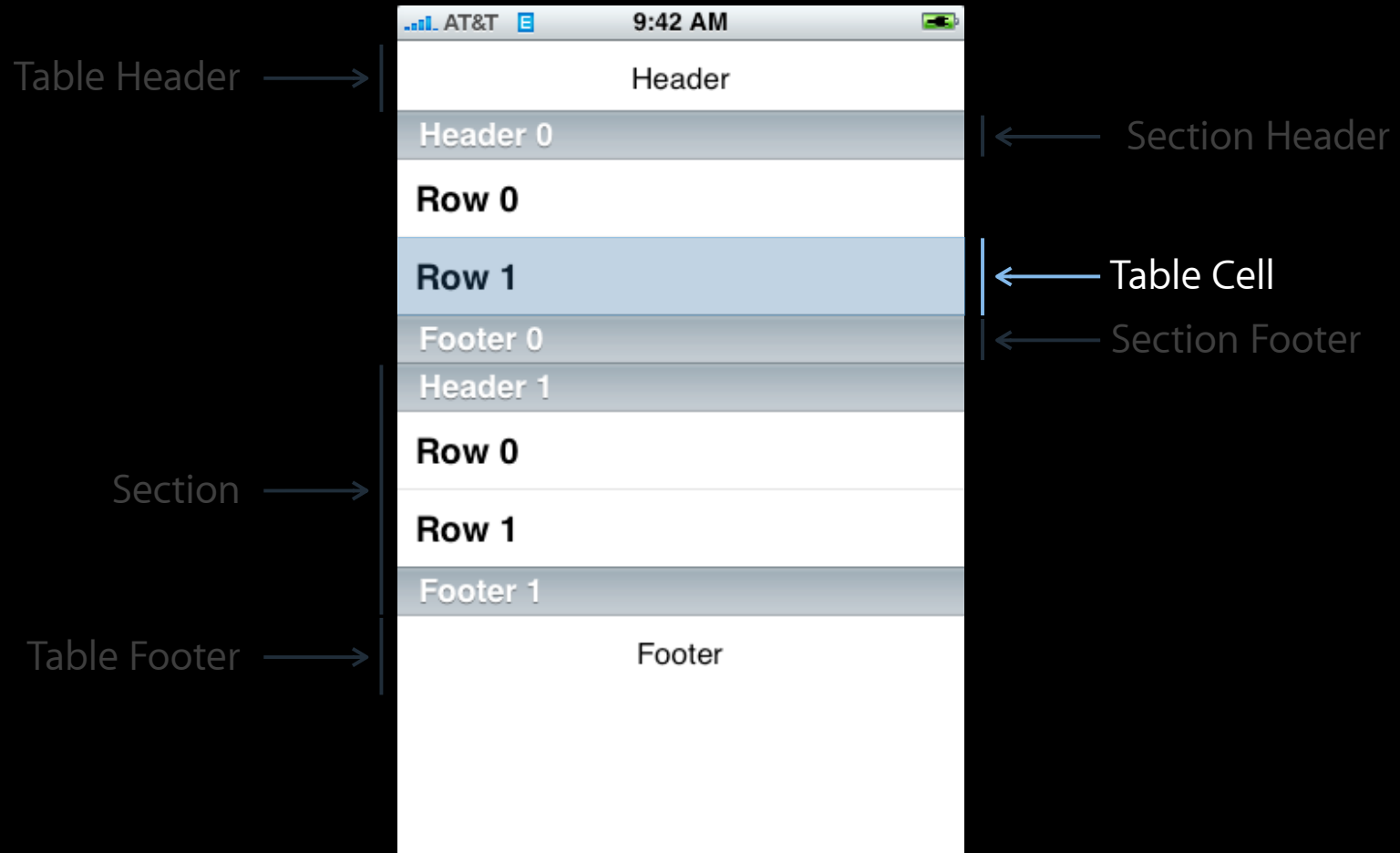
# Table View Anatomy

## Plain Style



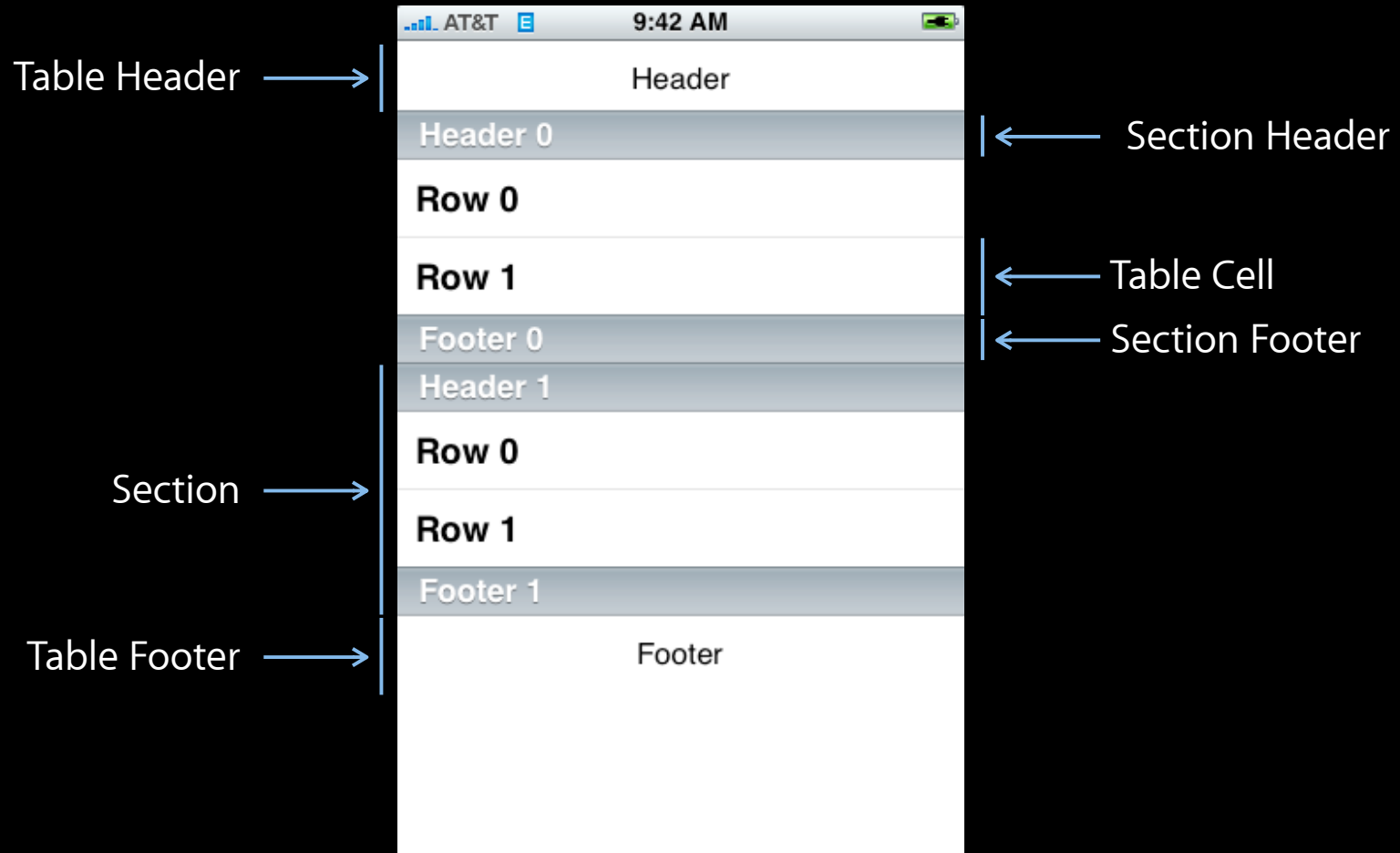
# Table View Anatomy

## Plain Style



# Table View Anatomy

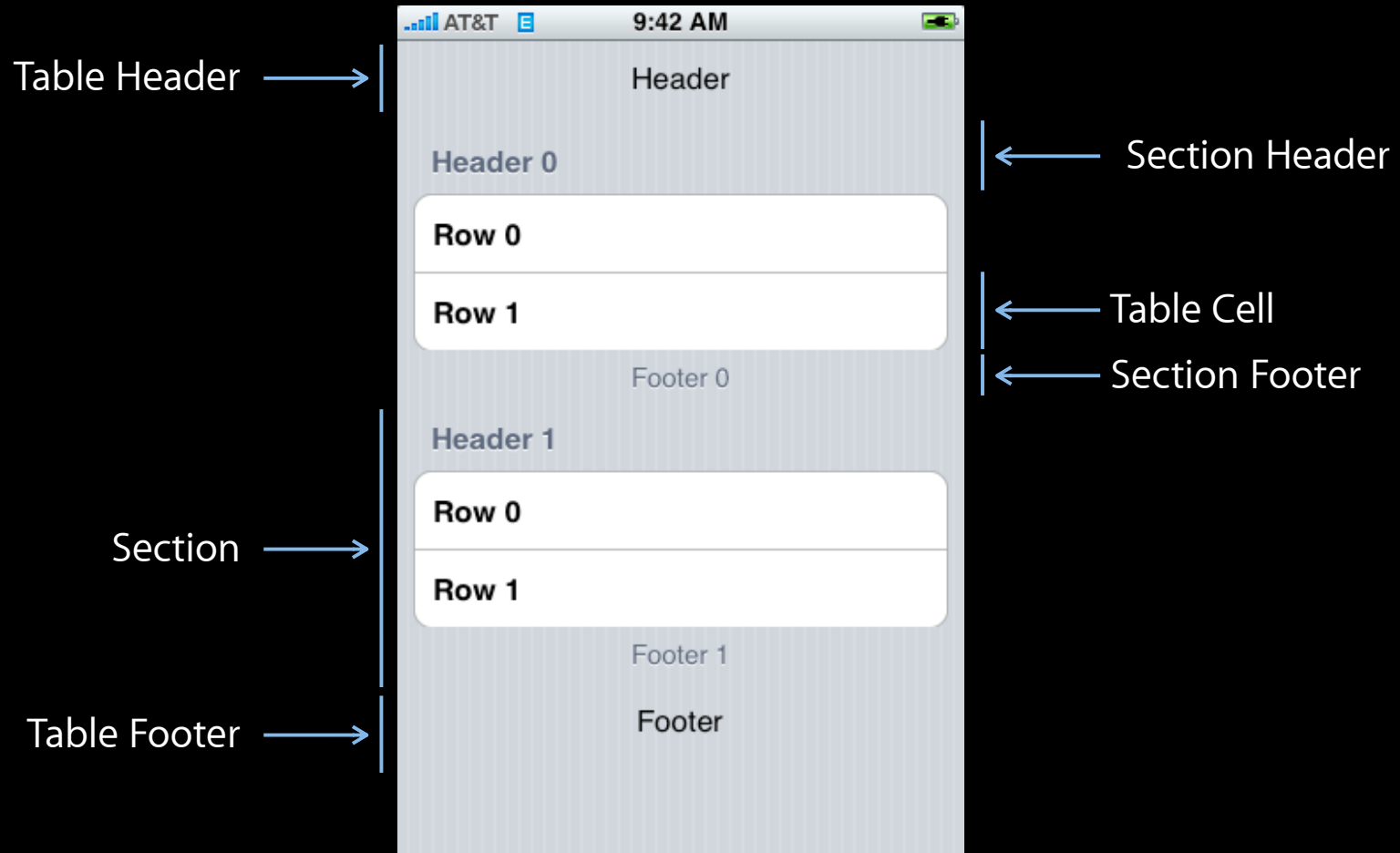
## Plain Style





# Table View Anatomy

## Grouped Style



# Using Table Views

- Displaying your data in the table view
- Customizing appearance & behavior

# Displaying Data in a Table View

# A Naïve Solution

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- Table views display a list of data, so use an array  
`[myTableView setList:myListOfStuff];`

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  - All data is loaded upfront

# A Naïve Solution

- Table views display a list of data, so use an array  
`[myTableView setList:myListOfStuff];`
- **Issues with this approach**
  - All data is loaded upfront
  - All data stays in memory



# A More Flexible Solution

- Another object provides data to the table view
  - Not all at once
  - Just as it's needed for display
- Like a delegate, but purely data-oriented

# UITableViewDataSource

# UITableViewDataSource

- Provide number of sections and rows

// Optional method, defaults to 1 if not implemented

- (NSInteger)numberOfSectionsInTableView:(UITableView \*)table;

// Required method

- (NSInteger)tableView:(UITableView \*)tableView  
numberOfRowsInSection:(NSInteger)section;

# UITableViewDataSource

- Provide number of sections and rows

// Optional method, defaults to 1 if not implemented

- (NSInteger)numberOfSectionsInTableView:(UITableView \*)table;

// Required method

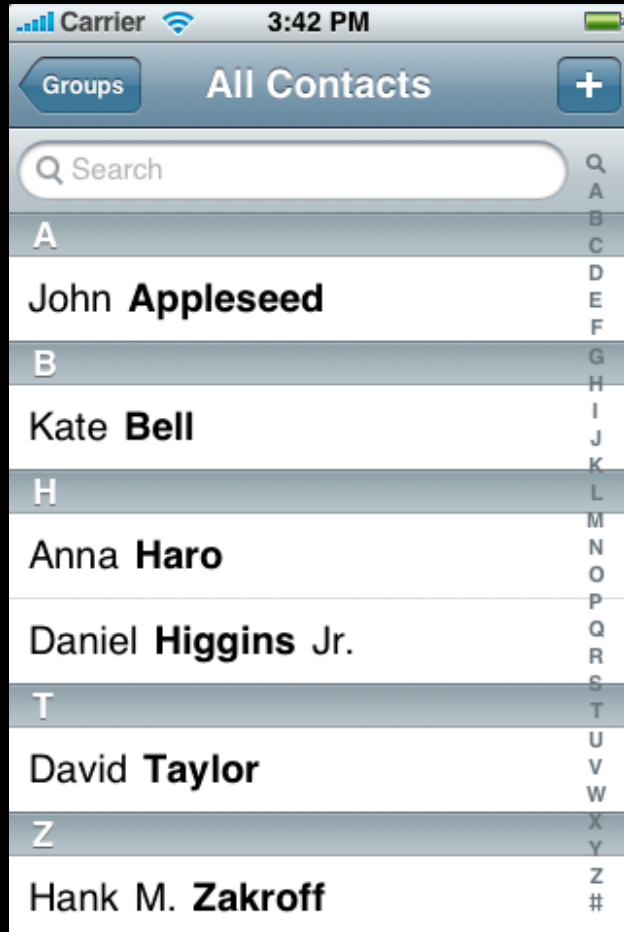
- (NSInteger)tableView:(UITableView \*)tableView  
numberOfRowsInSection:(NSInteger)section;

- Provide cells for table view as needed

// Required method

- (UITableViewCell \*)tableView:(UITableView \*)tableView  
cellForRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath \*)indexPath;

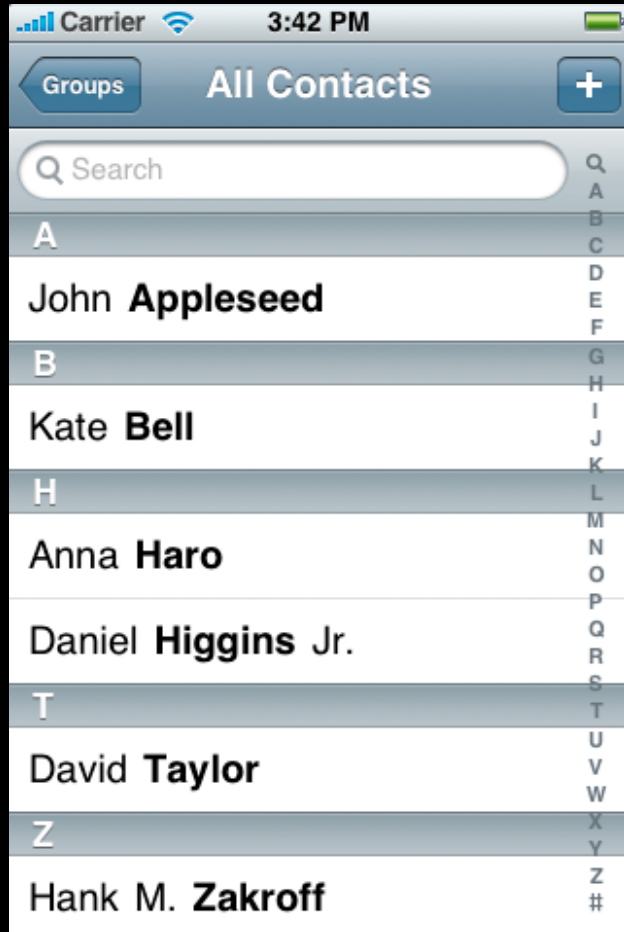
# Datasource Message Flow



Datasource

# Datasource Message Flow

`numberOfSectionsInTableView:`

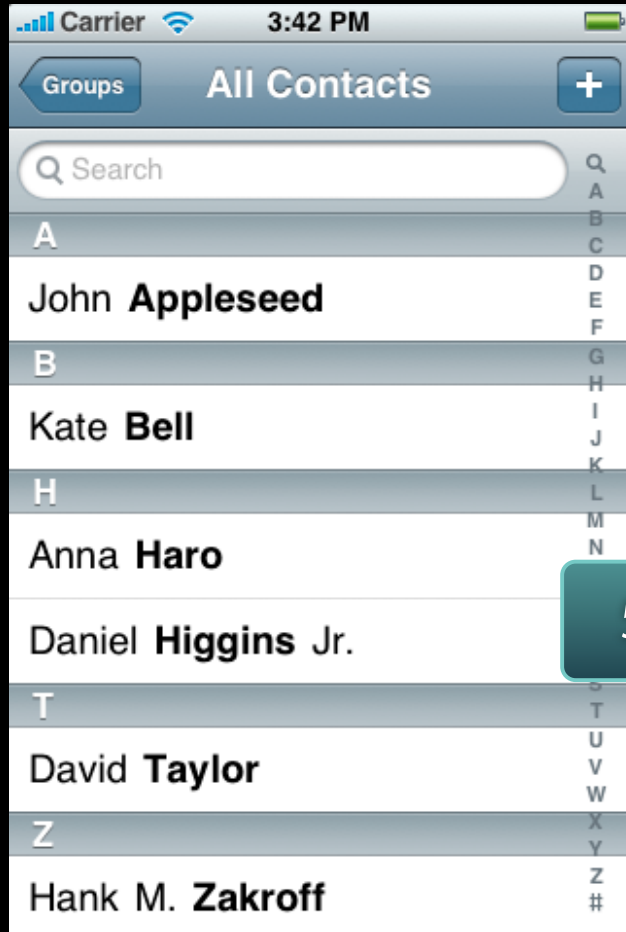


How many sections?

Datasource

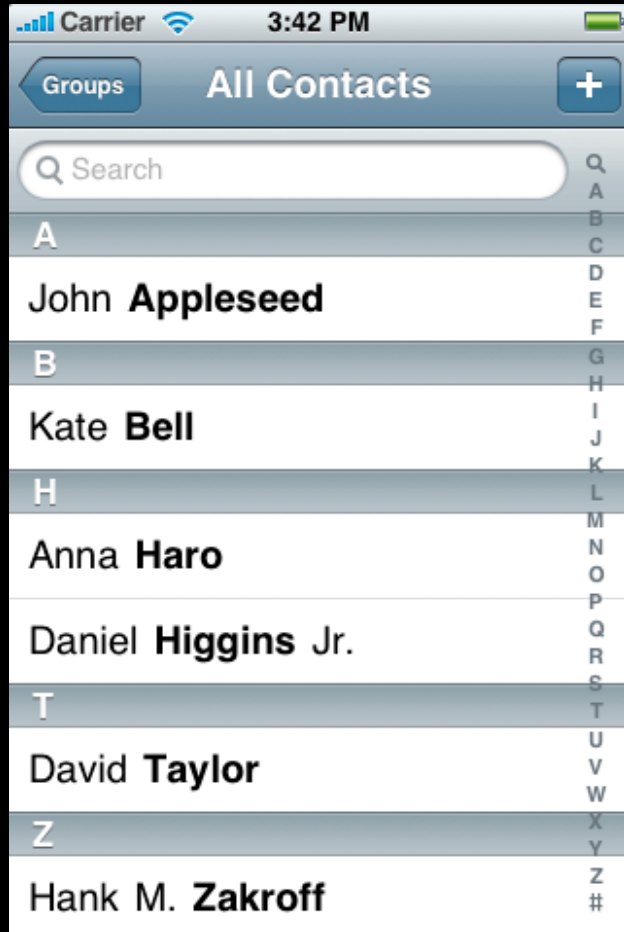
# Datasource Message Flow

numberOfSectionsInTableView:



Datasource

# Datasource Message Flow

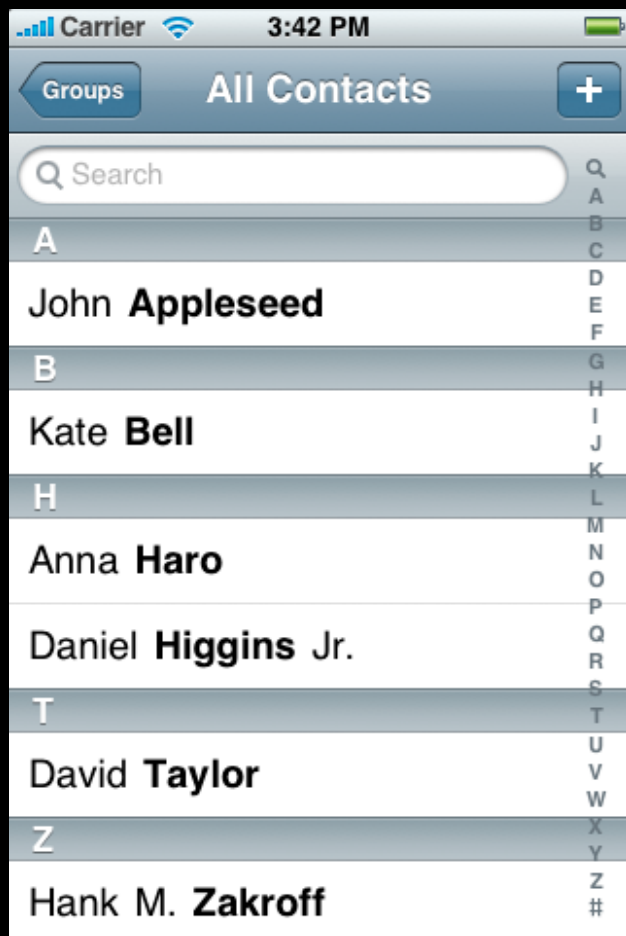


Datasource



# Datasource Message Flow

`tableView:numberOfRowsInSection:`

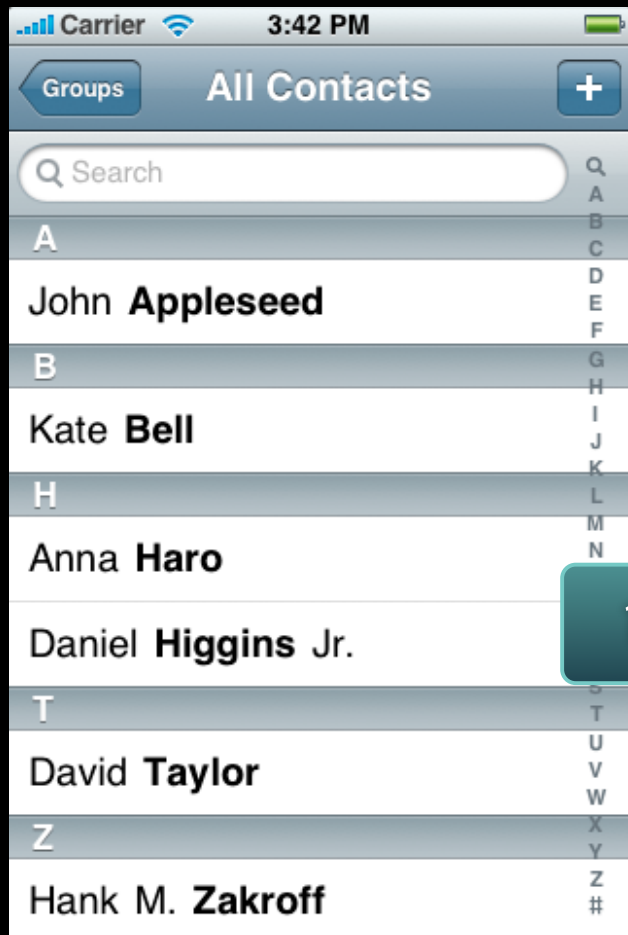


How many rows  
in section 0?

Datasource

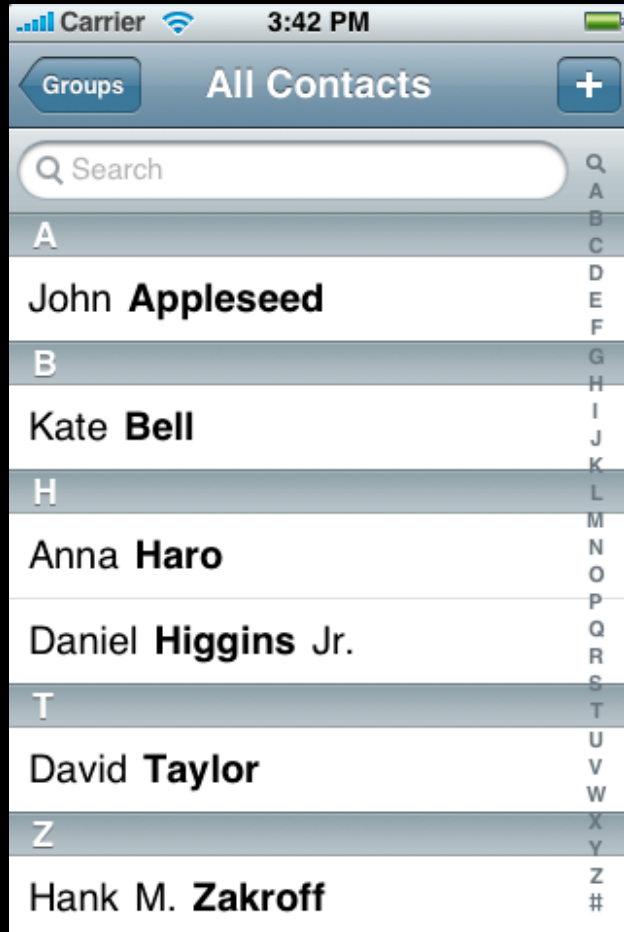
# Datasource Message Flow

`tableView:numberOfRowsInSection:`



Datasource

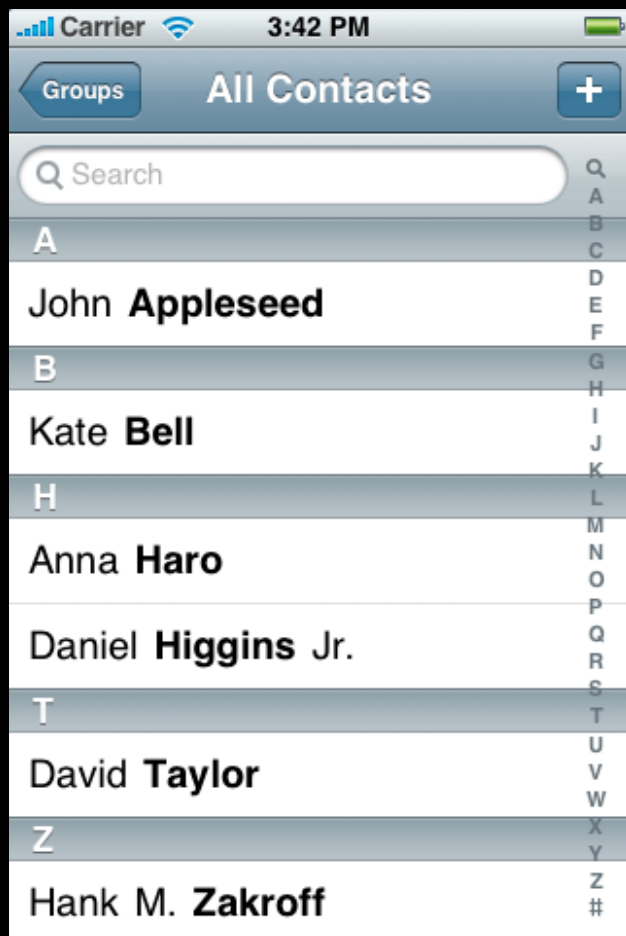
# Datasource Message Flow



Datasource

# Datasource Message Flow

`tableView:cellForRowAtIndexPath:`

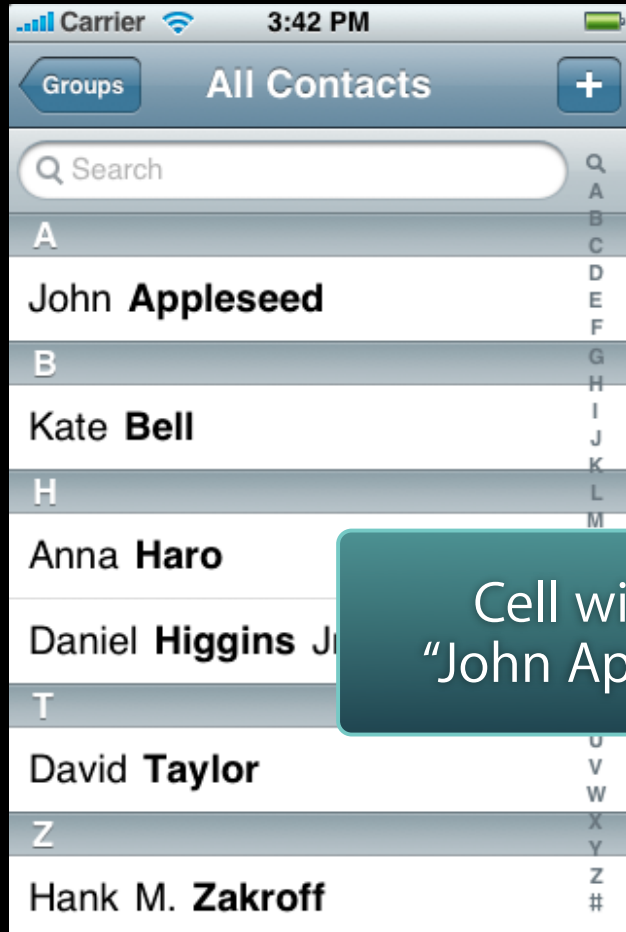


What to display at  
section 0, row 0?

Datasource

# Datasource Message Flow

`tableView:cellForRowAtIndexPath:`

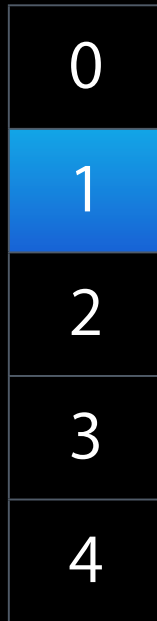


Cell with text  
"John Appleseed"

Datasource

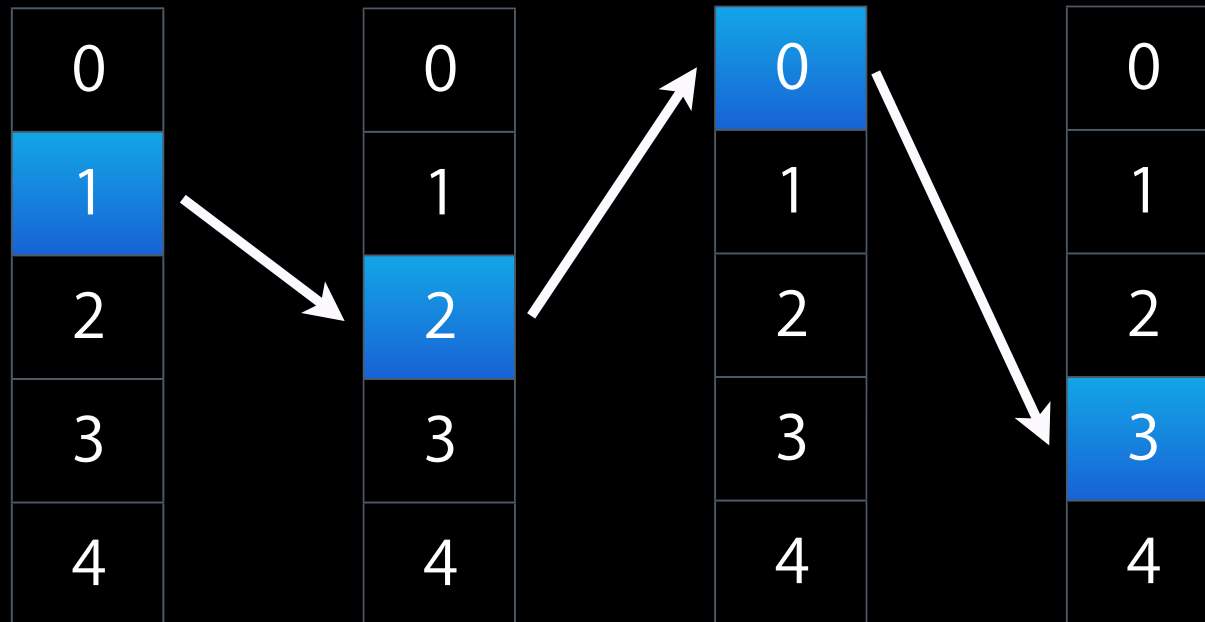
# NSIndexPath

- Generic class in Foundation
- Path to a specific node in a tree of nested arrays



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- Generic class in Foundation
- Path to a specific node in a tree of nested arrays



# NSIndexPath and Table Views

- Cell location described with an index path
  - Section index + row index



# NSIndexPath and Table Views

- Cell location described with an index path
  - Section index + row index
- Category on NSIndexPath with helper methods

```
@interface NSIndexPath (UITableView)

+ (NSIndexPath *)indexPathForRow:(NSUInteger)row
                        inSection:(NSUInteger)section;

@property(nonatomic, readonly) NSUInteger section;
@property(nonatomic, readonly) NSUInteger row;

@end
```

# Single Section Table View

# Single Section Table View

- Return the number of rows
  - (NSInteger)tableView:(UITableView \*)tableView  
numberOfRowsInSection:(NSInteger)section  
{  
    return [myStrings count];  
}

# Single Section Table View

- Return the number of rows

```
- (NSInteger)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView  
  numberOfRowsInSection:(NSInteger)section  
{  
    return [myStrings count];  
}
```

- Provide a cell when requested

```
- (UITableViewCell *)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView  
  cellForRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath  
{  
    UITableViewCell *cell = ...;  
    cell.textLabel.text = [myStrings objectAtIndex:indexPath.row]  
    return [cell autorelease];  
}
```

# Cell Reuse

# Cell Reuse

- When asked for a cell, it would be expensive to create a new cell each time.

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- When asked for a cell, it would be expensive to create a new cell each time.

```
- (UITableViewCell *)dequeueReusableCellWithIdentifier:  
  (NSString *)identifier;
```

# Cell Reuse

- When asked for a cell, it would be expensive to create a new cell each time.

```
- (UITableViewCell *)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView
    cellForRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath
{
    UITableViewCell *cell = [tableView
        dequeueReusableCellWithIdentifier:@"MyIdentifier"];

    if (cell == nil) {
        cell = [[[UITableViewCell alloc]
            initWithStyle:... reuseIdentifier:@"MyIdentifier"]
            autorelease];
    }

    cell.text = [myStrings objectAtIndex:indexPath.row]

    return cell;
}
```



# Triggering Updates

- When is the datasource asked for its data?

# Triggering Updates

- When is the datasource asked for its data?
  - When a row becomes visible

# Triggering Updates

- When is the datasource asked for its data?
  - When a row becomes visible
  - When an update is explicitly requested by calling -reloadData

```
- (void)viewWillAppear:(BOOL)animated
{
    [super viewWillAppear:animated];

    [self.tableView reloadData];
}
```

# Section and Row Reloading

# Section and Row Reloading

- `(void)insertSections:(NSIndexSet *)sections  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;`

# Section and Row Reloading

- (void)insertSections:(NSIndexSet \*)sections  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;
- (void)deleteSections:(NSIndexSet \*)sections  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;

# Section and Row Reloading

- (void)insertSections:(NSIndexSet \*)sections  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;
- (void)deleteSections:(NSIndexSet \*)sections  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;
- (void)reloadSections:(NSIndexSet \*)sections  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;

# Section and Row Reloading

- `(void)insertSections:(NSIndexSet *)sections  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;`
- `(void)deleteSections:(NSIndexSet *)sections  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;`
- `(void)reloadSections:(NSIndexSet *)sections  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;`
  
- `(void)insertRowsAtIndexPaths:(NSArray *)indexPaths  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;`



# Section and Row Reloading

- `(void)insertSections:(NSIndexSet *)sections  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;`
- `(void)deleteSections:(NSIndexSet *)sections  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;`
- `(void)reloadSections:(NSIndexSet *)sections  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;`
  
- `(void)insertRowsAtIndexPaths:(NSArray *)indexPaths  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;`
- `(void)deleteRowsAtIndexPaths:(NSArray *)indexPaths  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;`

# Section and Row Reloading

- (void)insertSections:(NSIndexSet \*)sections  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;
- (void)deleteSections:(NSIndexSet \*)sections  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;
- (void)reloadSections:(NSIndexSet \*)sections  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;
  
- (void)insertRowsAtIndexPaths:(NSArray \*)indexPaths  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;
- (void)deleteRowsAtIndexPaths:(NSArray \*)indexPaths  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;
- (void)reloadRowsAtIndexPaths:(NSArray \*)indexPaths  
withRowAnimation:(UITableViewRowAnimation)animation;

# Additional Datasource Methods

- Titles for section headers and footers
- Allow editing and reordering cells

# Appearance & Behavior

# UITableView Delegate

- Customize appearance and behavior
- **Keep application logic separate from view**
- Often the same object as datasource

# Table View Appearance & Behavior

# Table View Appearance & Behavior

- Customize appearance of table view cell
  - (void)tableView:(UITableView \*)tableView  
willDisplayCell:(UITableViewCell \*)cell  
forRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath \*)indexPath;

# Table View Appearance & Behavior

- Customize appearance of table view cell
  - (void)**tableView:(UITableView \*)tableView willDisplayCell:(UITableViewCell \*)cell forRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath \*)indexPath;**
- Validate and respond to selection changes
  - (NSIndexPath \*)**tableView:(UITableView \*)tableView willSelectRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath \*)indexPath;**
  - (void)**tableView:(UITableView \*)tableView didSelectRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath \*)indexPath;**

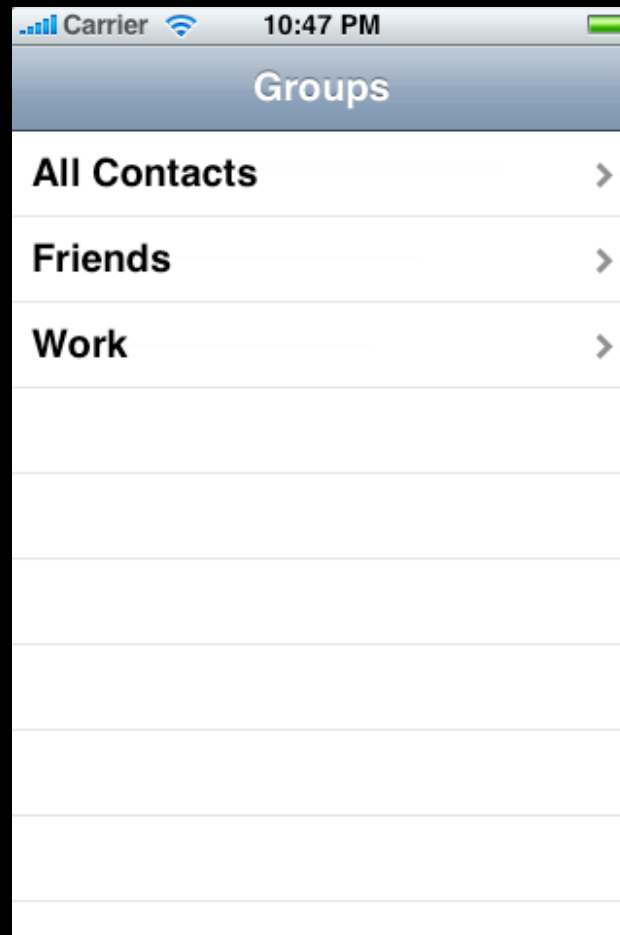


# Row Selection in Table Views

- In iPhone applications, **rows rarely stay selected**
- Selecting a row usually triggers an event

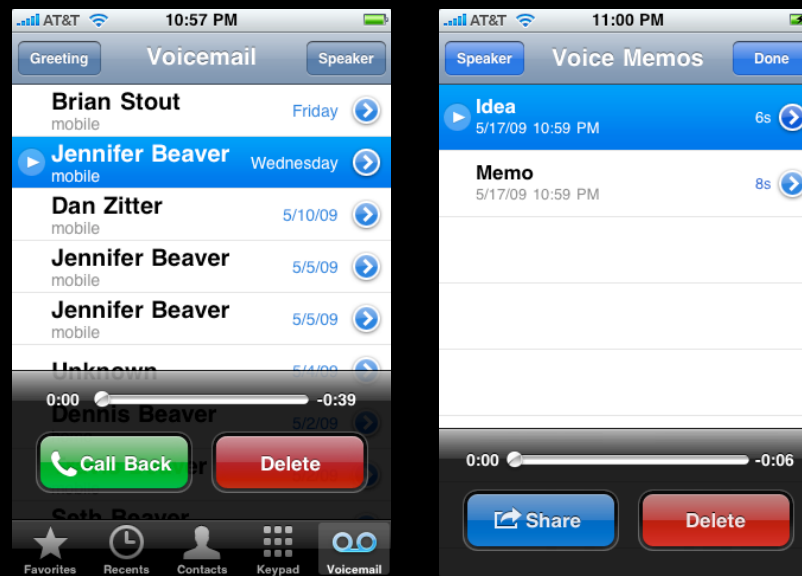
# Row Selection in Table Views

- In iPhone applications, **rows rarely stay selected**
- Selecting a row usually triggers an event



# Persistent Selection

# Persistent Selection



# Responding to Selection

// For a navigation hierarchy...

```
- (void)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView  
didSelectRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath  
{
```

# Responding to Selection

```
// For a navigation hierarchy...  
- (void)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView  
  didSelectRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath  
{  
    // Get the row and the object it represents
```

# Responding to Selection

```
// For a navigation hierarchy...  
- (void)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView  
  didSelectRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath  
{  
    // Get the row and the object it represents  
    NSInteger row = indexPath.row
```

# Responding to Selection

```
// For a navigation hierarchy...  
- (void)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView  
  didSelectRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath  
{  
    // Get the row and the object it represents  
    NSInteger row = indexPath.row  
    id objectToDisplay = [myObjects objectAtIndex:row];
```



# Responding to Selection

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// For a navigation hierarchy...  
- (void)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView  
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    NSInteger row = indexPath.row  
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    // Create a new view controller and pass it along
```

# Responding to Selection

```
// For a navigation hierarchy...
- (void)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView
didSelectRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath
{
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    NSInteger row = indexPath.row
    id objectToDisplay = [myObjects objectAtIndex:row];

    // Create a new view controller and pass it along
    MyViewController *myViewController = ...;
```

# Responding to Selection

// For a navigation hierarchy...

```
- (void)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView  
didSelectRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath  
{  
    // Get the row and the object it represents  
    NSInteger row = indexPath.row  
    id objectToDisplay = [myObjects objectAtIndex:row];  
  
    // Create a new view controller and pass it along  
    MyViewController *myViewController = ...;  
    myViewController.object = objectToDisplay;
```

# Responding to Selection

```
// For a navigation hierarchy...
- (void)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView
didSelectRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath
{
    // Get the row and the object it represents
    NSInteger row = indexPath.row
    id objectToDisplay = [myObjects objectAtIndex:row];

    // Create a new view controller and pass it along
    MyViewController *myViewController = ...;
    myViewController.object = objectToDisplay;

    [self.navigationController
     pushViewController:myViewController animated:YES];
}
```

# Altering or Disabling Selection

```
- (NSIndexPath *)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView  
willSelectRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath  
{  
    // Don't allow selecting certain rows?  
    if (indexPath.row == ...) {  
        return nil;  
    } else {  
        return indexPath;  
    }  
}
```

# UITableViewController

# UITableViewController

# UITableViewController

- Convenient starting point for view controller with a table view
  - Table view is automatically created
  - **Controller is table view's delegate and datasource**



# UITableViewController

- Convenient starting point for view controller with a table view
  - Table view is automatically created
  - **Controller is table view's delegate and datasource**
- Takes care of some default behaviors
  - Calls -reloadData the first time it appears
  - Deselects rows when user navigates back
  - Flashes scroll indicators

# Table View Cells

# Designated\_INITIALIZER

# Designated\_INITIALIZER

```
- (id)initWithFrame:(CGRect)frame  
    reuseIdentifier:(NSString *)reuseIdentifier;
```

# Designated Initializer

**DEPRECATED**

```
- (id)initWithFrame:(CGRect)frame  
reuseIdentifier:(NSString *)reuseIdentifier;
```

```
- (id)initWithStyle:(UITableViewCellStyle)style  
reuseIdentifier:(NSString *)reuseIdentifier;
```

# Cell Styles

# Cell Styles

UITableViewCellStyleDefault

**Apple Inc.**

# Cell Styles

UITableViewCellStyleDefault

Apple Inc.

UITableViewCellStyleSubtitle

Flesh For Fantasy

Vitol Idol - Billy Idol



Vitol Idol

Billy Idol





# Cell Styles

UITableViewCellStyleDefault

Apple Inc.

UITableViewCellStyleSubtitle

Flesh For Fantasy

Vitol Idol - Billy Idol



Vitol Idol

Billy Idol



UITableViewCellStyleValue1

Fetch New Data

Push >

# Cell Styles

UITableViewCellStyleDefault

Apple Inc.

UITableViewCellStyleSubtitle

Flesh For Fantasy

Vitol Idol - Billy Idol



Vitol Idol

Billy Idol



UITableViewCellStyleValue1

Fetch New Data

Push >

UITableViewCellStyleValue2

work John-Appleseed@mac.com

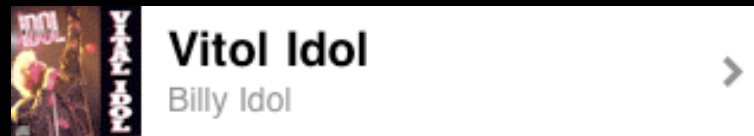
# Basic properties

- UITableViewCell has an image view and one or two text labels

# Basic properties

- UITableViewCell has an image view and one or two text labels

```
cell.imageView.image = [UIImage imageNamed:@"vitolidol.png"];  
cell.textLabel.text = @"Vitol Idol";  
cell.detailTextLabel.text = @"Billy Idol";
```



# Accessory Types

```
// UITableView delegate method  
- (UITableViewCellAccessoryType)tableView:(UITableView *)table  
  accessoryTypeForRowWithIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath;
```

# Accessory Types

```
// UITableView delegate method  
- (UITableViewCellAccessoryType)tableView:(UITableView *)table  
  accessoryTypeForRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath;
```

UITableViewCellAccessoryDisclosureIndicator



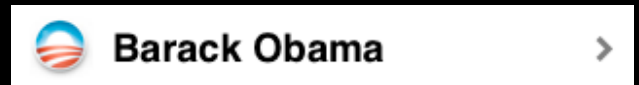
Barack Obama



# Accessory Types

```
// UITableView delegate method  
- (UITableViewCellAccessoryType)tableView:(UITableView *)table  
  accessoryTypeForRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath;
```

UITableViewCellAccessoryDisclosureIndicator



UITableViewCellAccessoryDetailDisclosureButton

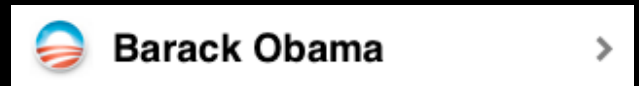


# Accessory Types

// UITableView delegate method

```
- (UITableViewCellAccessoryType)tableView:(UITableView *)table  
accessoryTypeForRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath;
```

UITableViewCellAccessoryDisclosureIndicator



UITableViewCellAccessoryDetailDisclosureButton



```
- (void)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView  
accessoryButtonTappedForRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath  
{  
    // Only for the blue disclosure button  
    NSInteger row = indexPath.row;  
    ...  
}
```

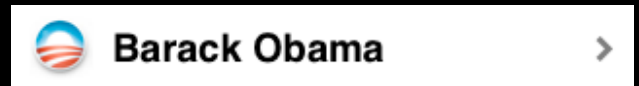


# Accessory Types

// UITableView delegate method

```
- (UITableViewCellAccessoryType)tableView:(UITableView *)table  
accessoryTypeForRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath;
```

UITableViewCellAccessoryDisclosureIndicator



UITableViewCellAccessoryDetailDisclosureButton



UITableViewCellAccessoryCheckmark



```
- (void)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView  
accessoryButtonTappedForRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath  
{  
    // Only for the blue disclosure button  
    NSInteger row = indexPath.row;  
    ...  
}
```

# Customizing the Content View

- For cases where a simple image + text cell doesn't suffice
- UITableViewCell has a content view property
  - **Add additional views to the content view**

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- For cases where a simple image + text cell doesn't suffice
- UITableViewCell has a content view property
  - **Add additional views to the content view**

```
- (UITableViewCell *)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView
cellForRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath
{
    UITableViewCell *cell = ...;
    CGRect frame = cell.contentView.bounds;

    UILabel *myLabel = [[UILabel alloc] initWithFrame:frame];
    myLabel.text = ...;
    [cell.contentView addSubview:myLabel];

    [myLabel release];
}
```





# Questions?