

Thinking Recursively

Part I

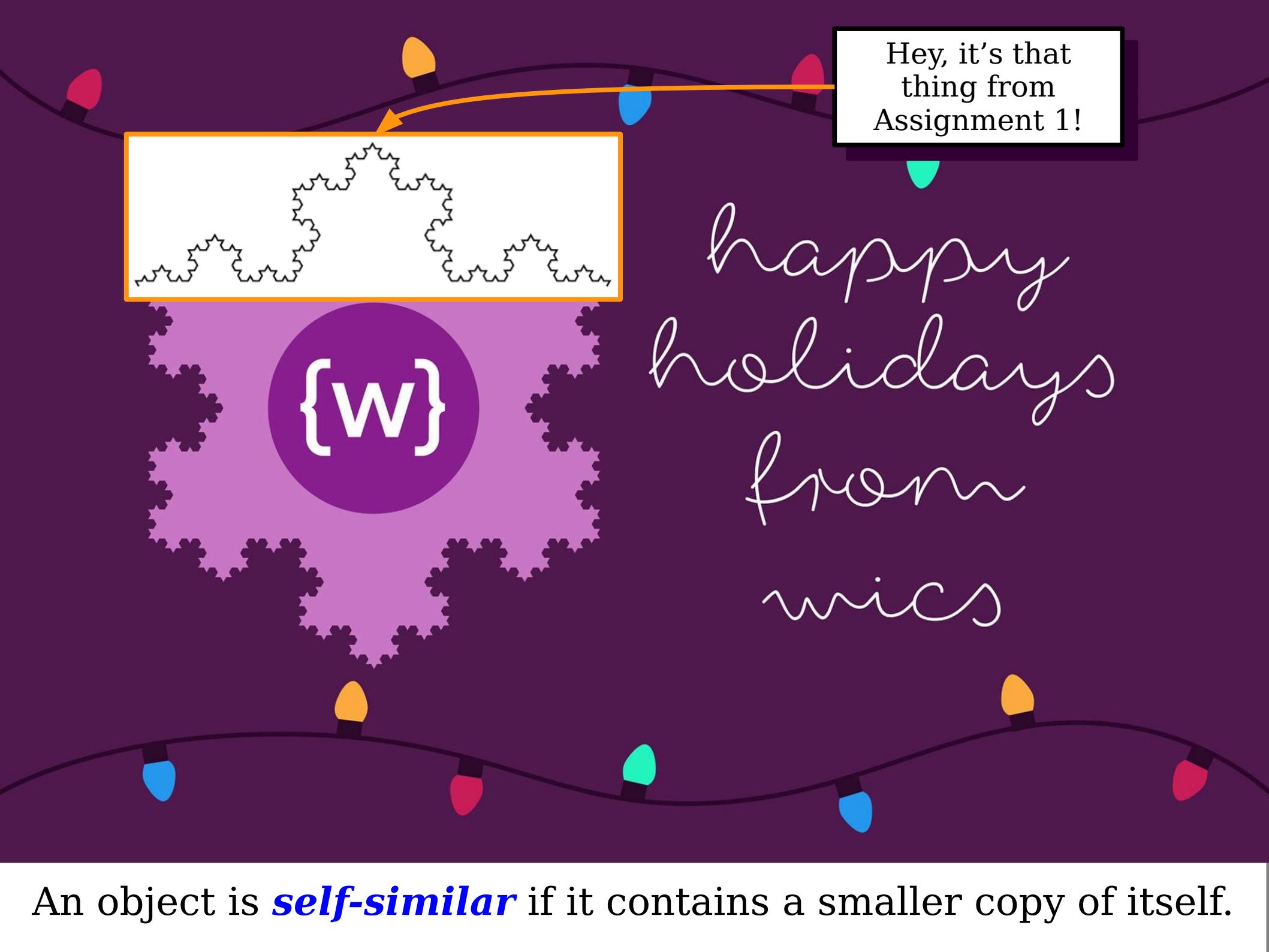
Outline for Today

- ***Self-Similarity***
 - Recursive patterns are everywhere!
- ***Recursive Trees***
 - Elegant structures from simple code.
- ***Information Flow***
 - How to send information around in recursion.

Self-Similarity



An object is ***self-similar*** if it contains a smaller copy of itself.

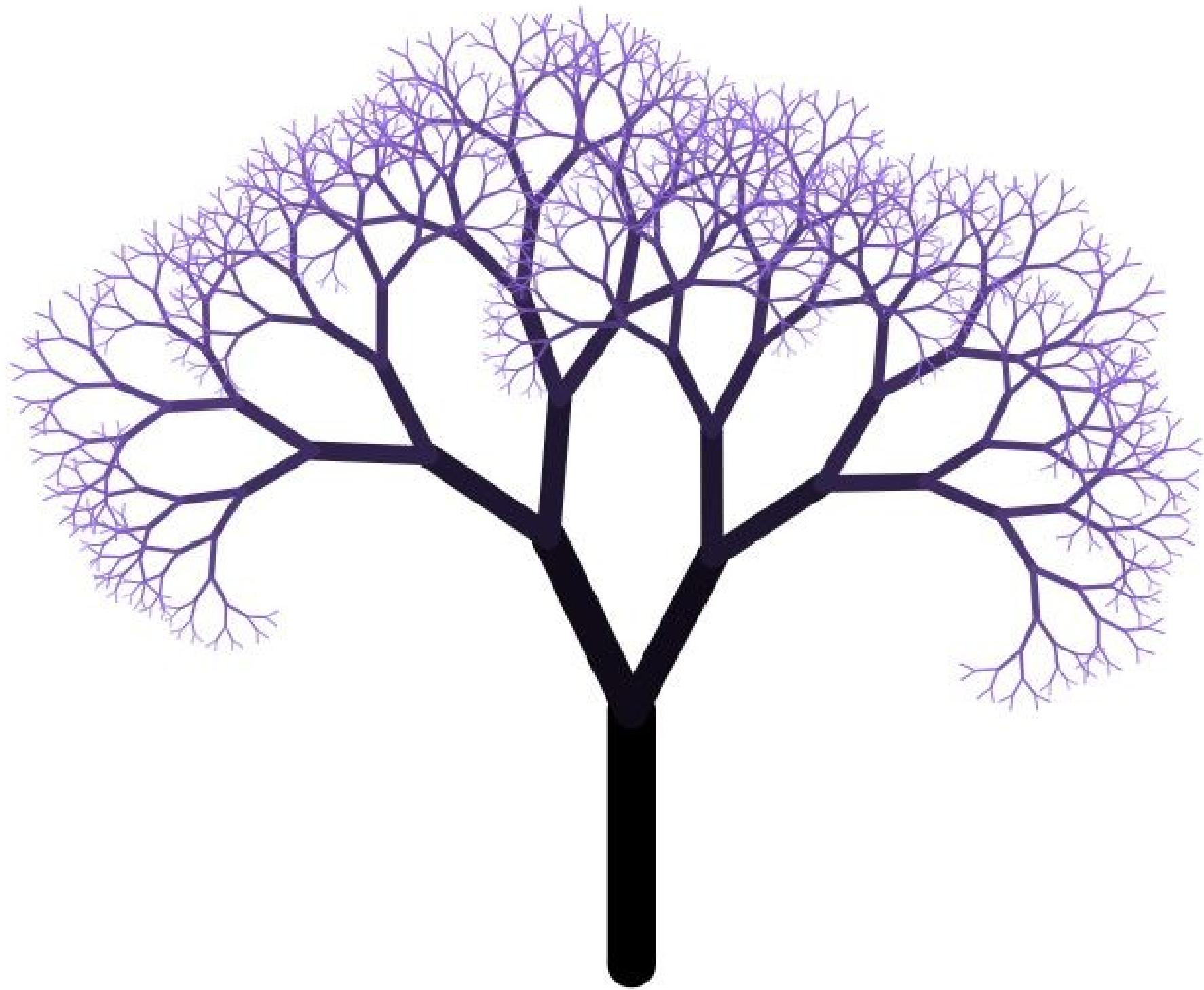


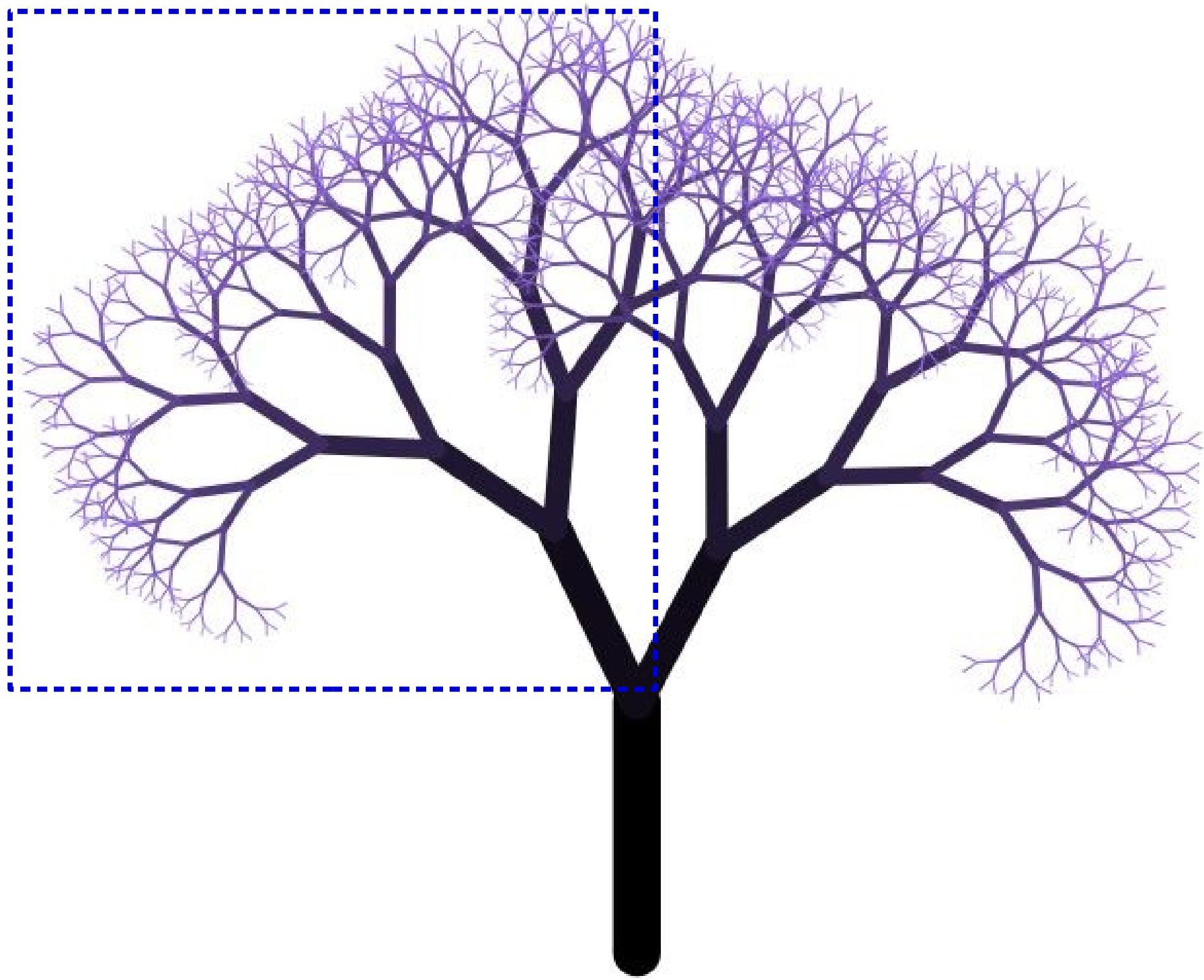
Hey, it's that
thing from
Assignment 1!

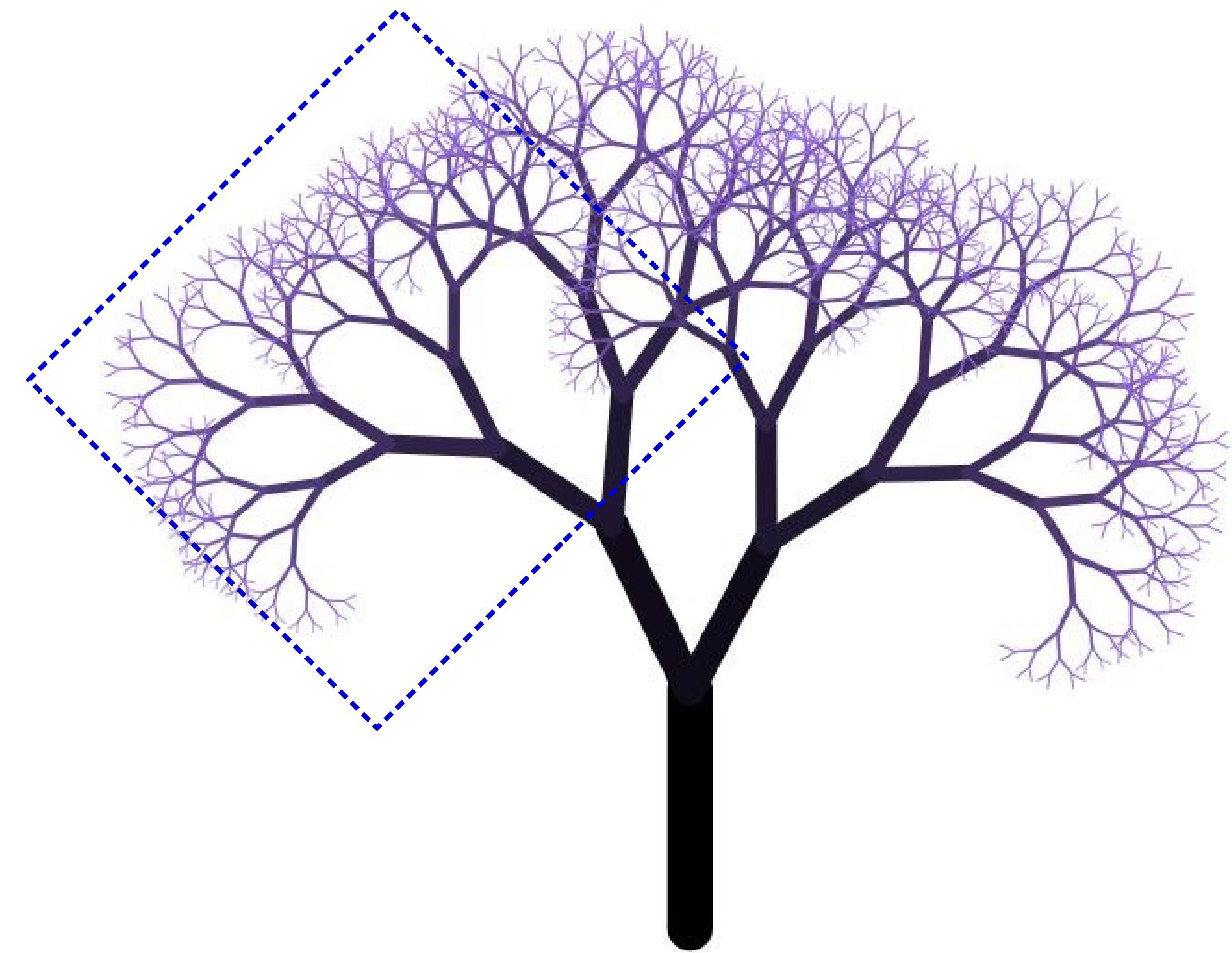
happy
holidays
from
mics

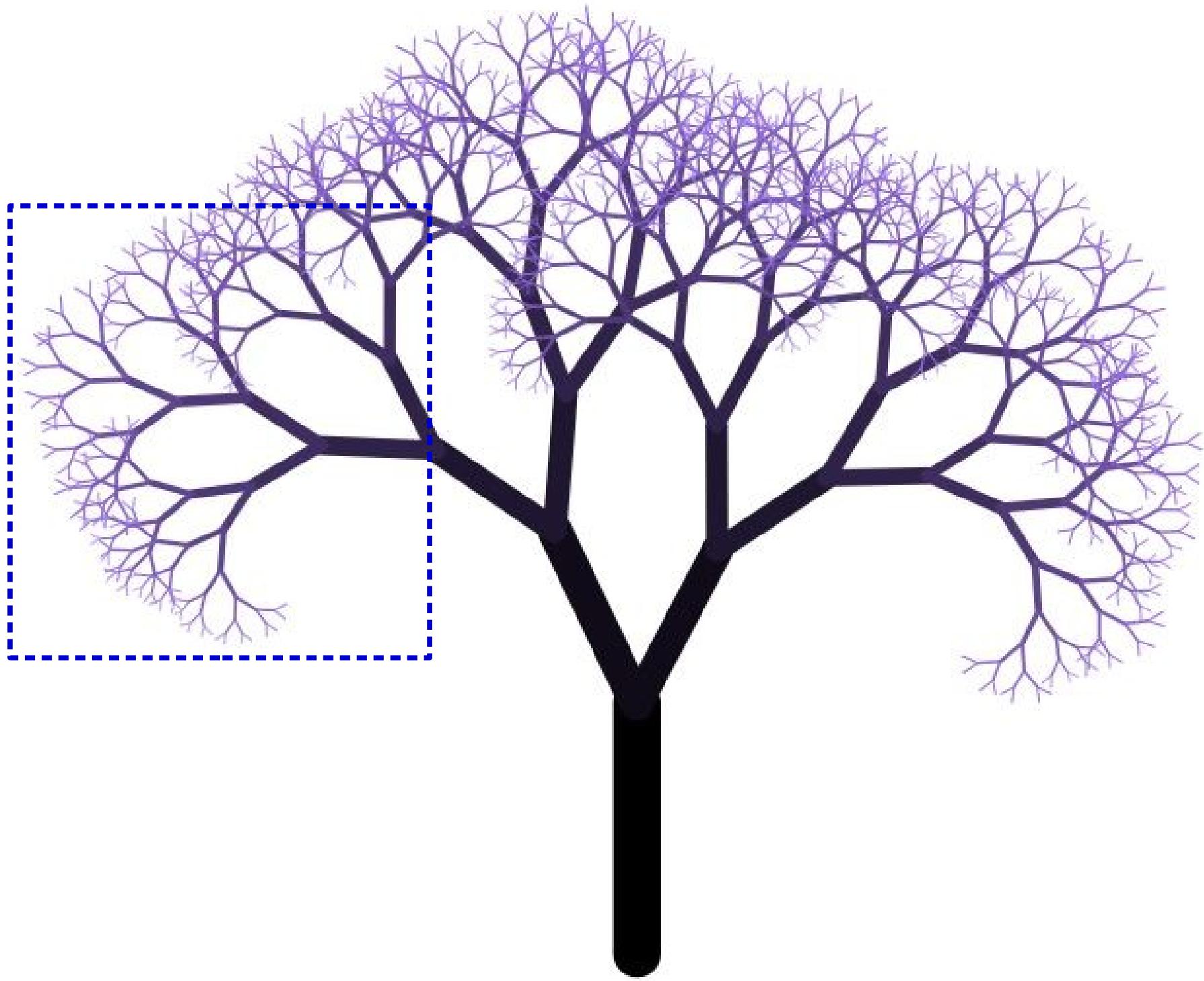
An object is **self-similar** if it contains a smaller copy of itself.

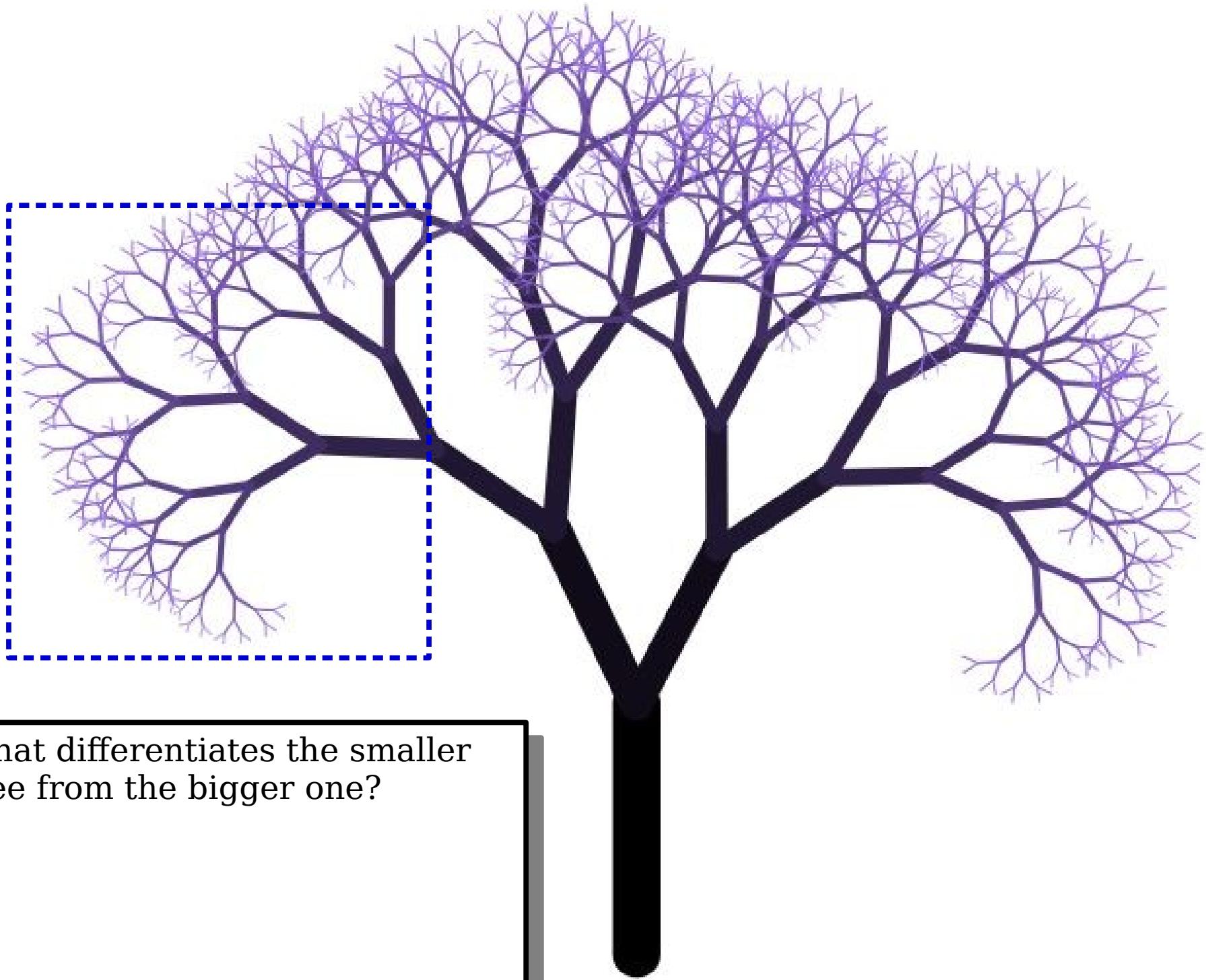
Drawing Self-Similar Shapes



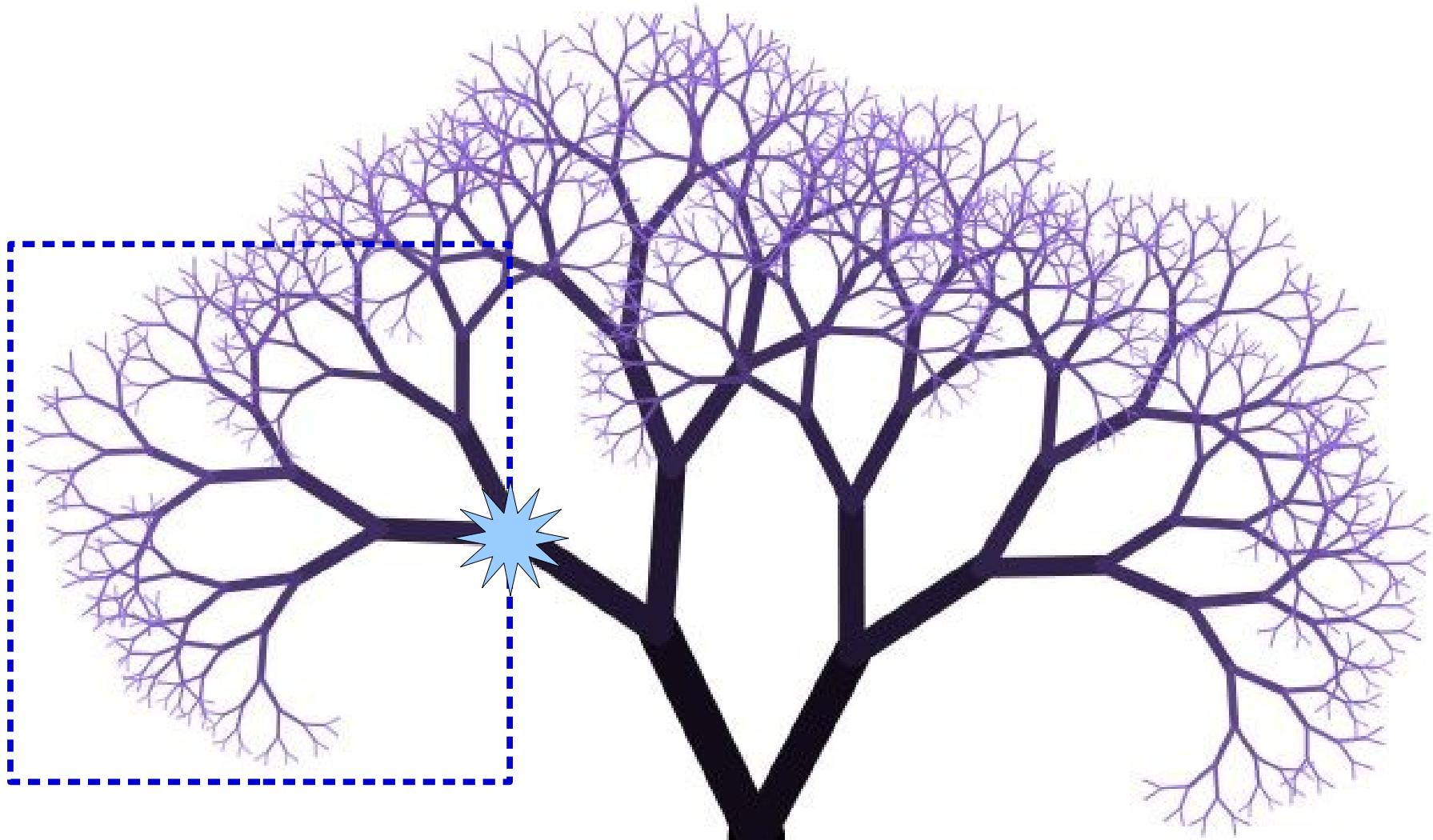






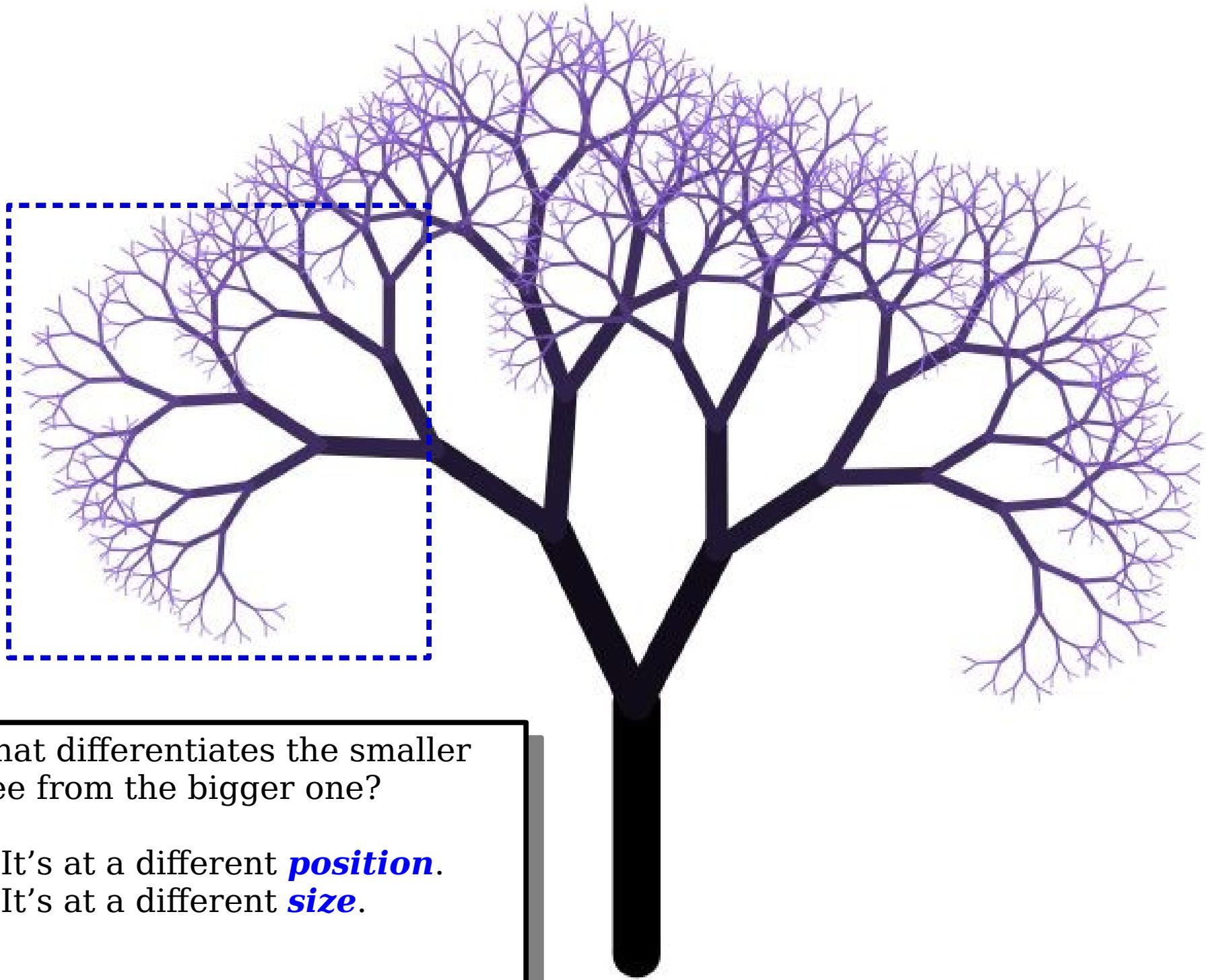


What differentiates the smaller tree from the bigger one?



What differentiates the smaller tree from the bigger one?

1. It's at a different **position**.



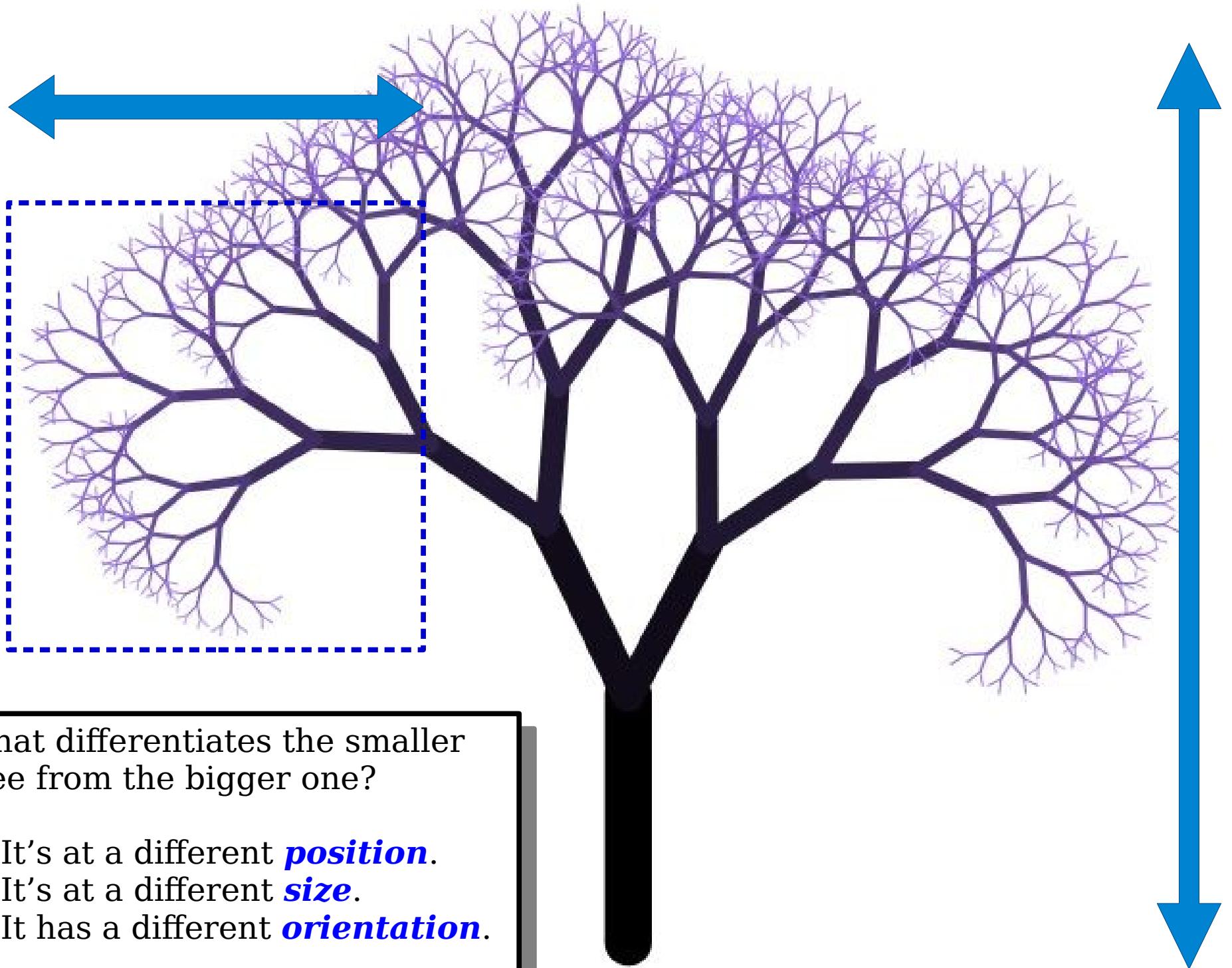
What differentiates the smaller tree from the bigger one?

1. It's at a different **position**.
2. It's at a different **size**.



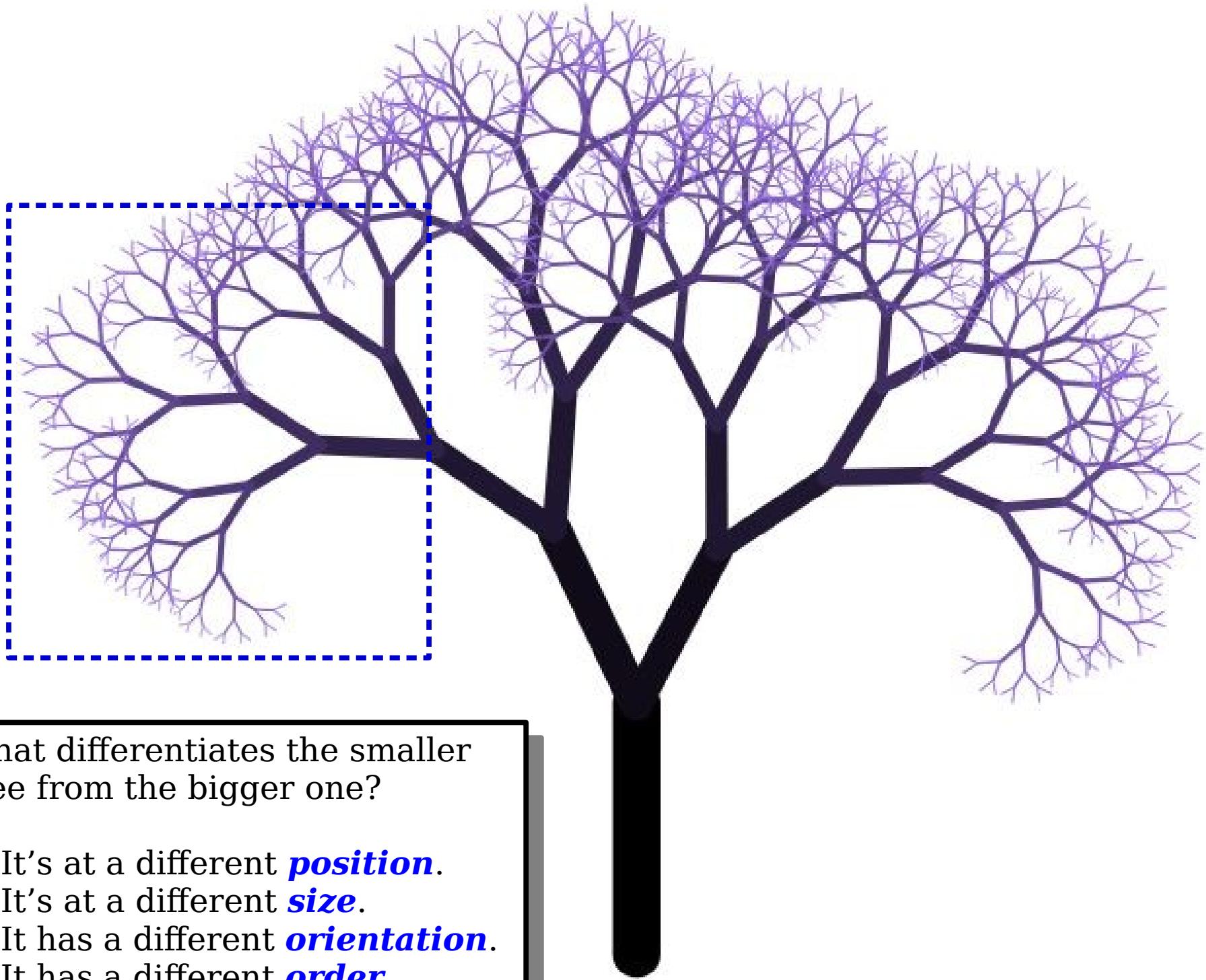
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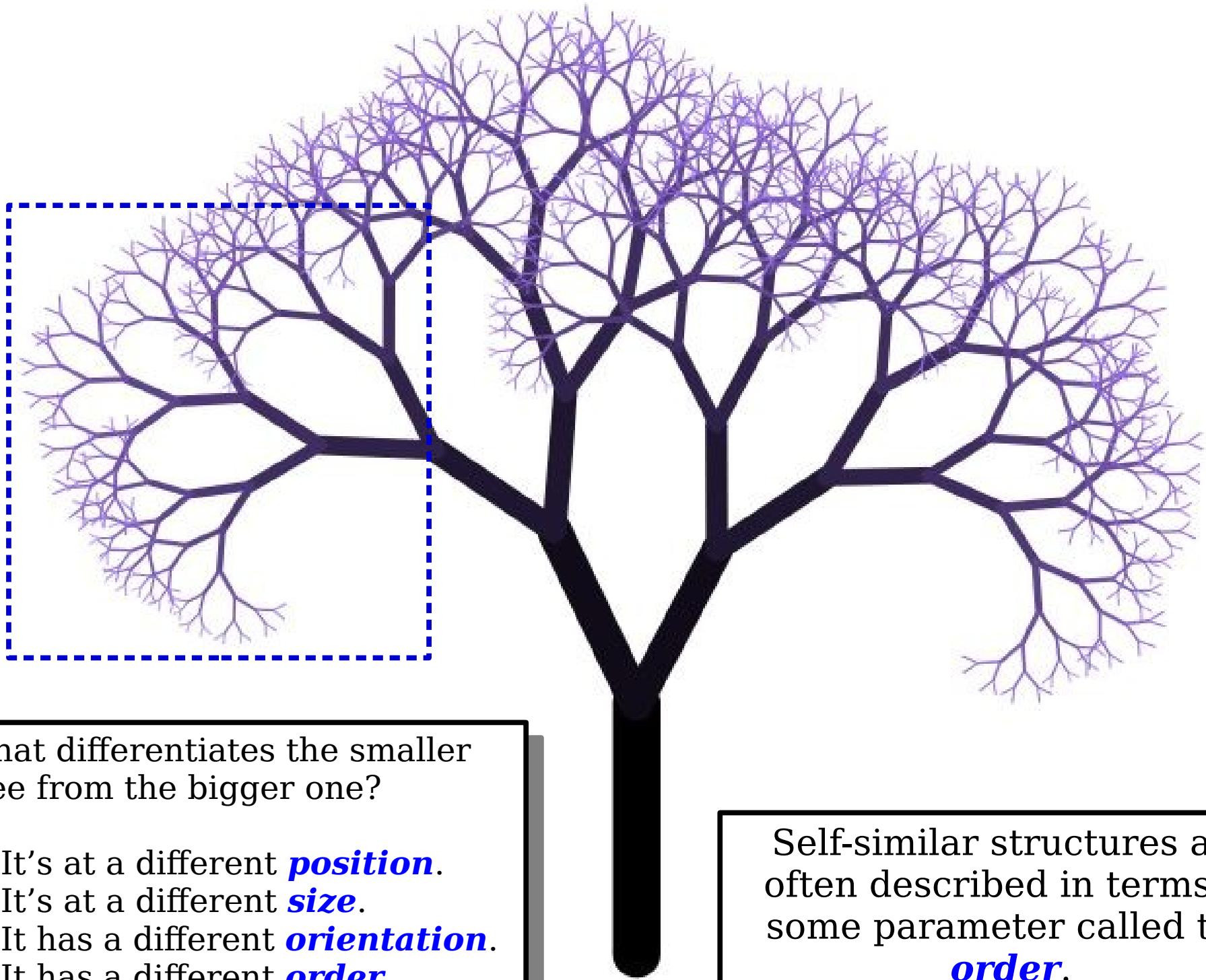
What differentiates the smaller tree from the bigger one?

1. It's at a different ***position***.
2. It's at a different ***size***.
3. It has a different ***orientation***.



What differentiates the smaller tree from the bigger one?

1. It's at a different ***position***.
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4. It has a different ***order***.



What differentiates the smaller tree from the bigger one?

1. It's at a different **position**.
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4. It has a different **order**.

Self-similar structures are often described in terms of some parameter called the **order**.

An order-0 tree.

What differentiates the smaller tree from the bigger one?

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Self-similar structures are often described in terms of some parameter called the **order**.

An order-1 tree.

What differentiates the smaller tree from the bigger one?

1. It's at a different **position**.
2. It's at a different **size**.
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4. It has a different **order**.

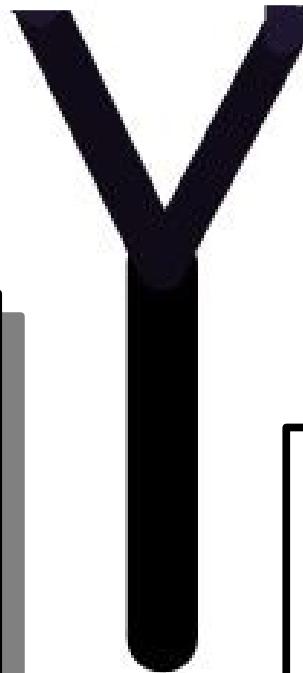


Self-similar structures are often described in terms of some parameter called the **order**.

An order-2 tree.

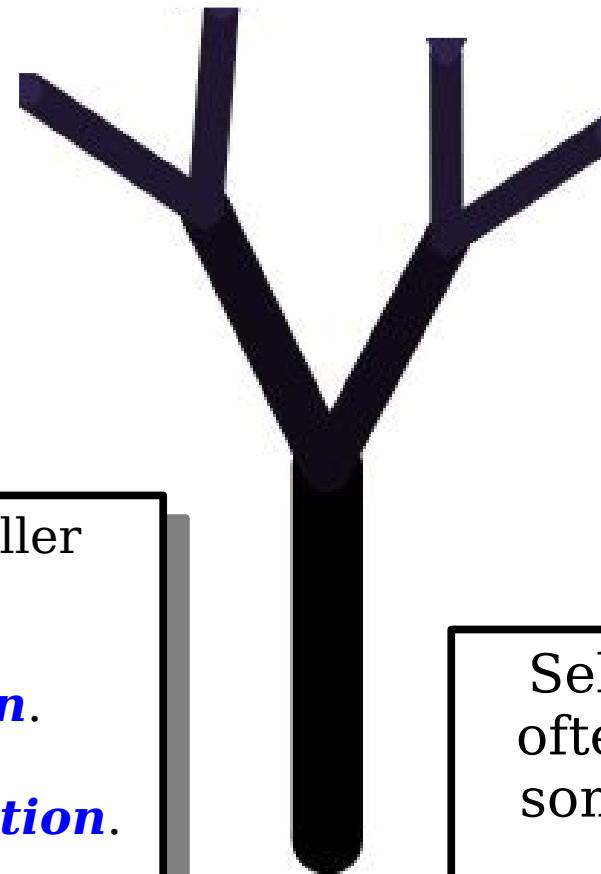
What differentiates the smaller tree from the bigger one?

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Self-similar structures are often described in terms of some parameter called the **order**.

An order-3 tree.

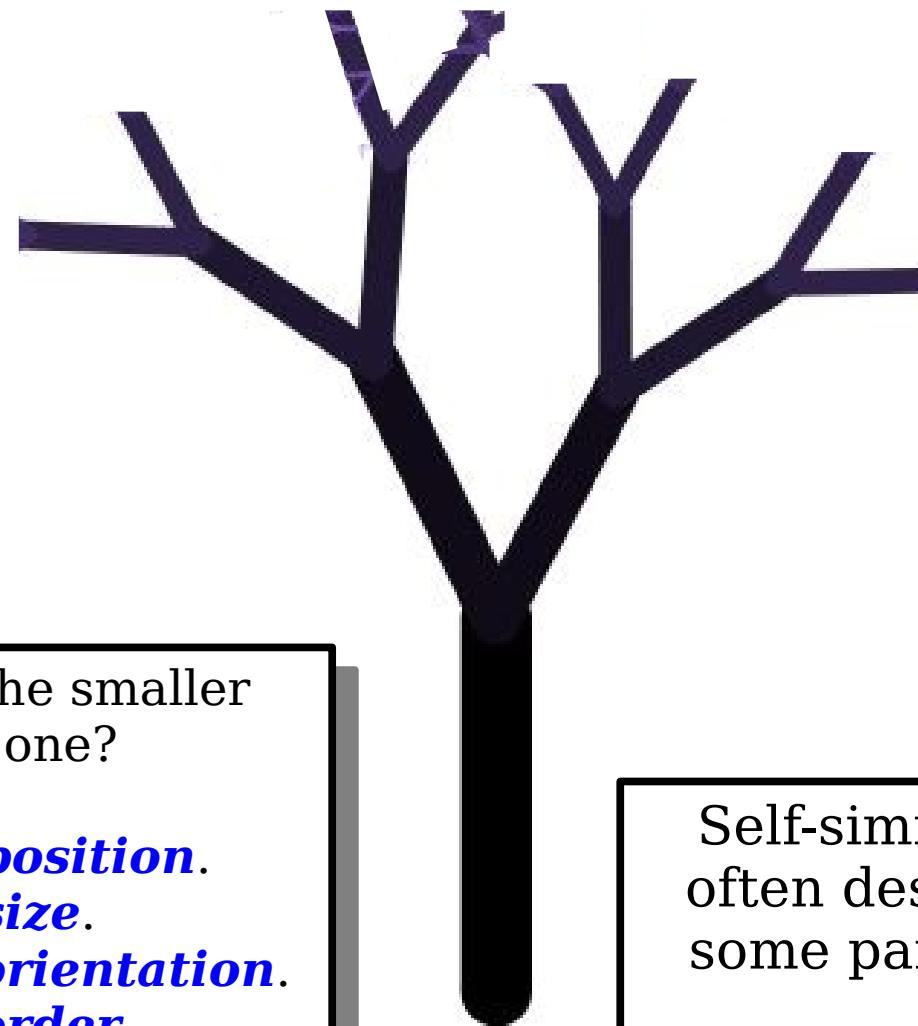


What differentiates the smaller tree from the bigger one?

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Self-similar structures are often described in terms of some parameter called the **order**.

An order-4 tree.

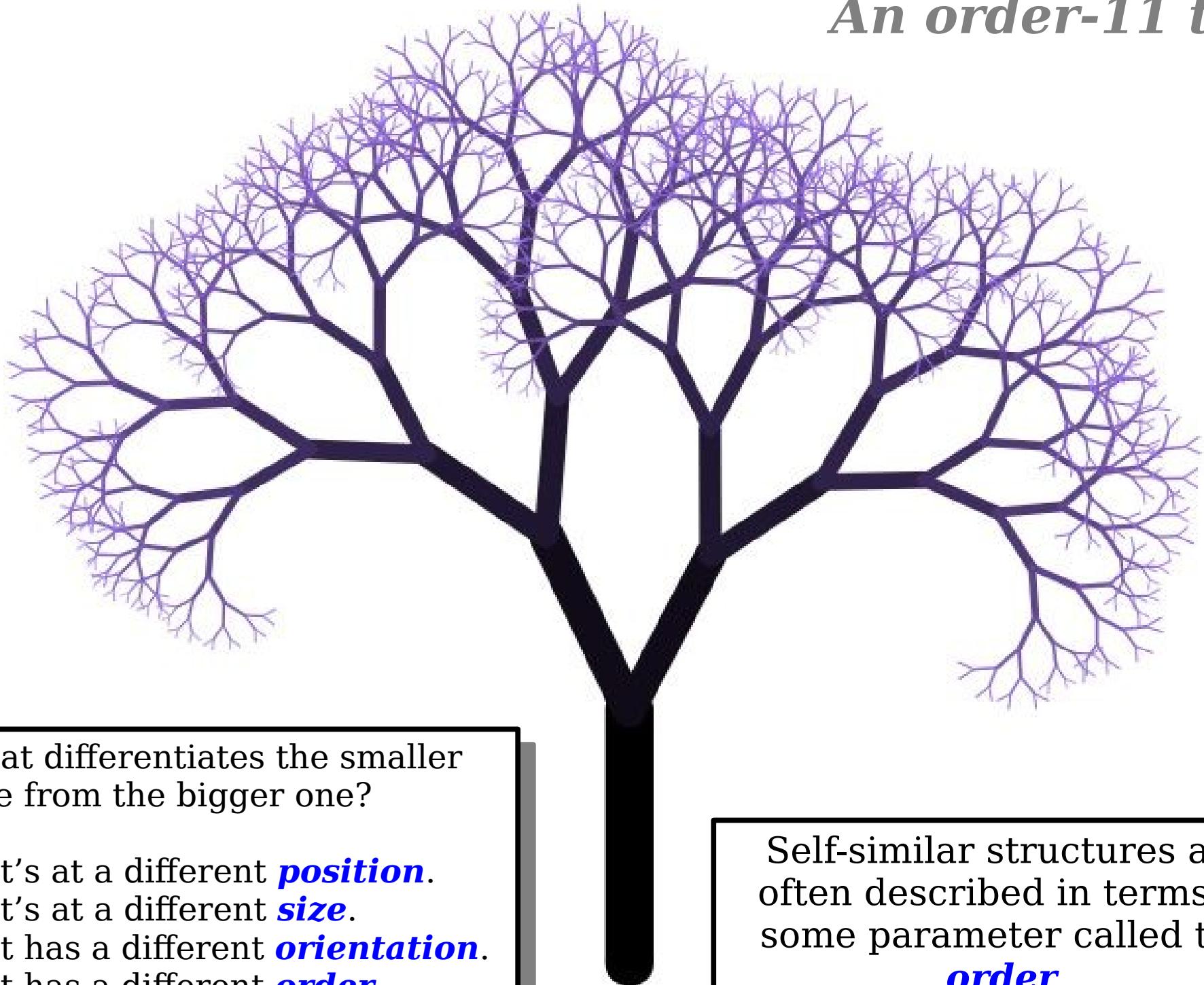


What differentiates the smaller tree from the bigger one?

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4. It has a different **order**.

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An order-11 tree.

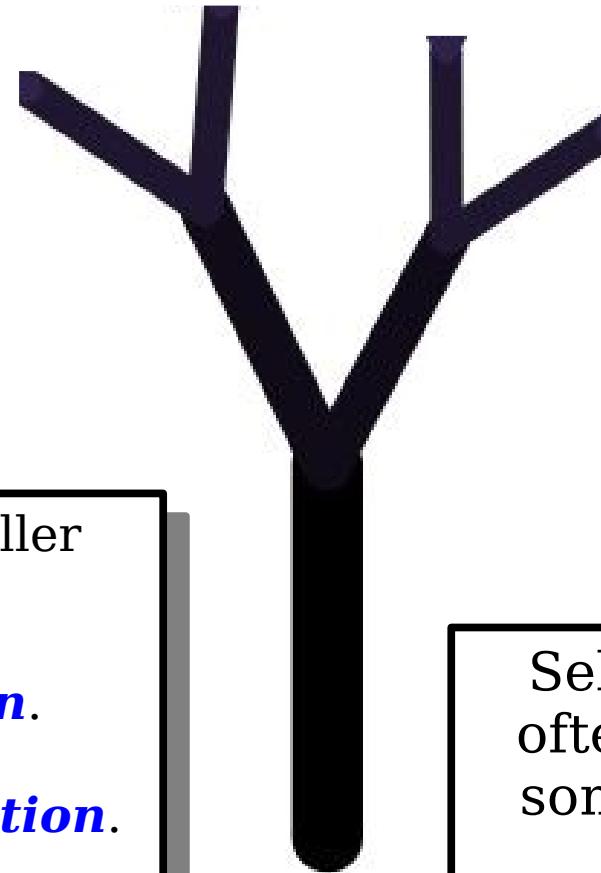


What differentiates the smaller tree from the bigger one?

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2. It's at a different **size**.
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Self-similar structures are often described in terms of some parameter called the **order**.

An order-3 tree.



What differentiates the smaller tree from the bigger one?

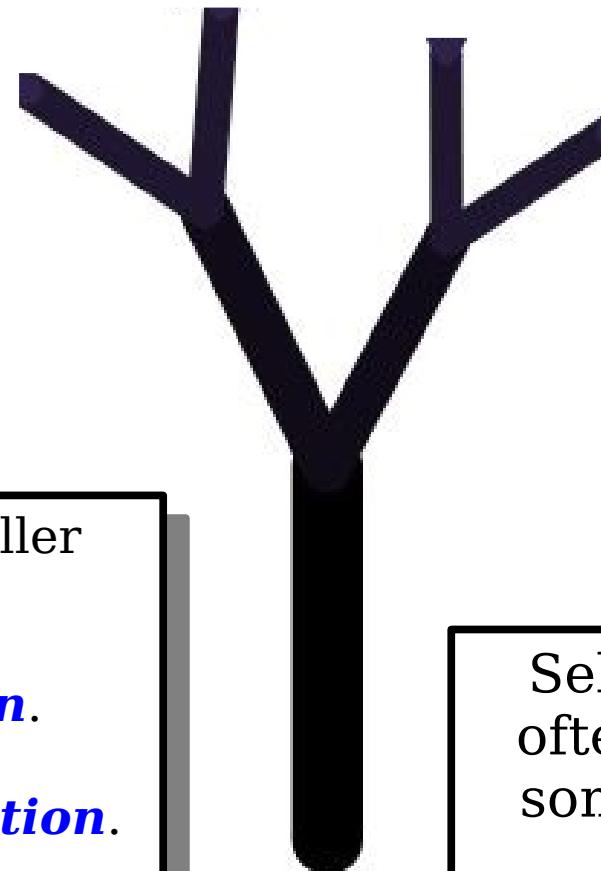
1. It's at a different **position**.
2. It's at a different **size**.
3. It has a different **orientation**.
4. It has a different **order**.

Self-similar structures are often described in terms of some parameter called the **order**.

An order-3 tree.

An order-0 tree is nothing at all.

An order- n tree is a line with two smaller order- $(n-1)$ trees starting at the end of that line.



What differentiates the smaller tree from the bigger one?

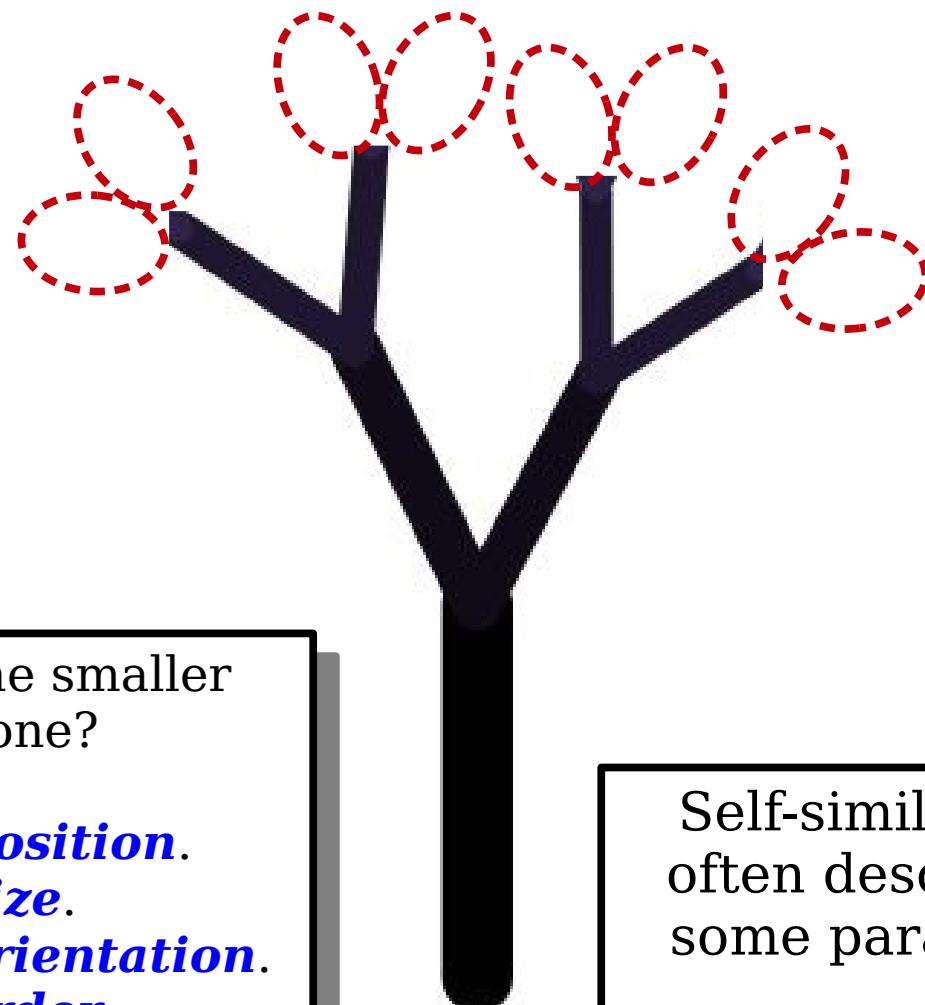
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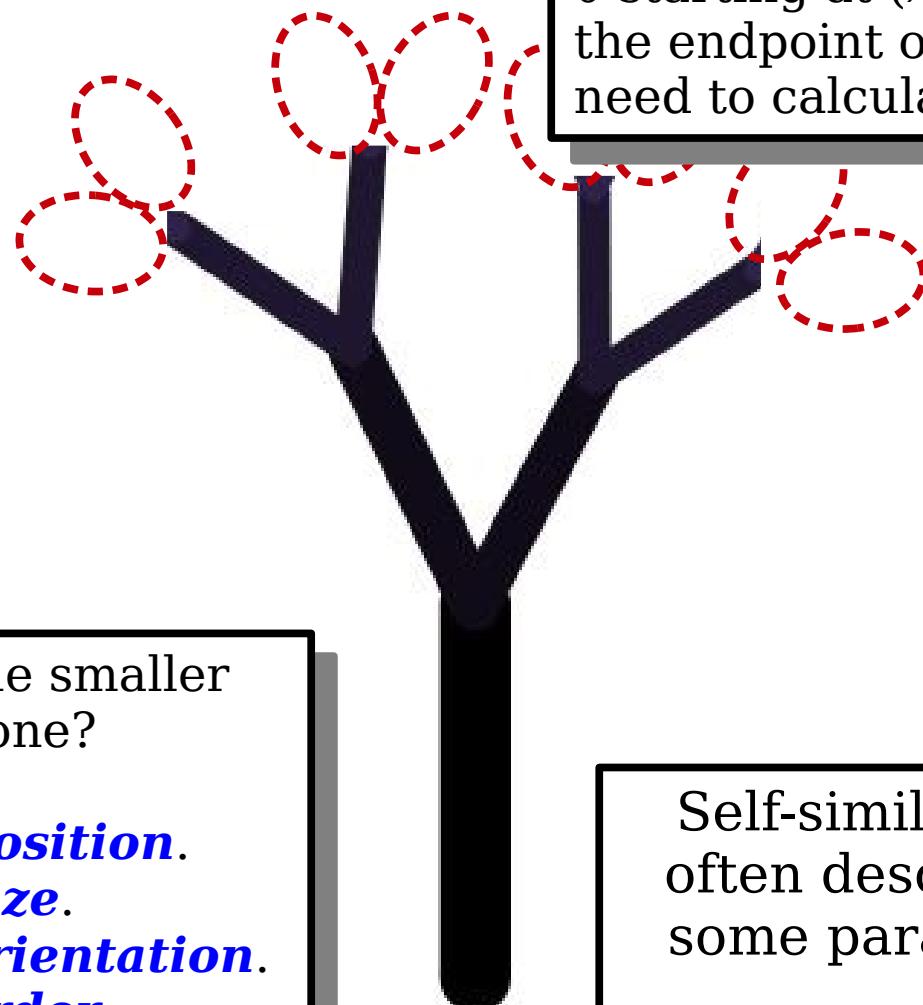
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We can call the function

```
drawPolarLine(window, x, y, r, θ)
```

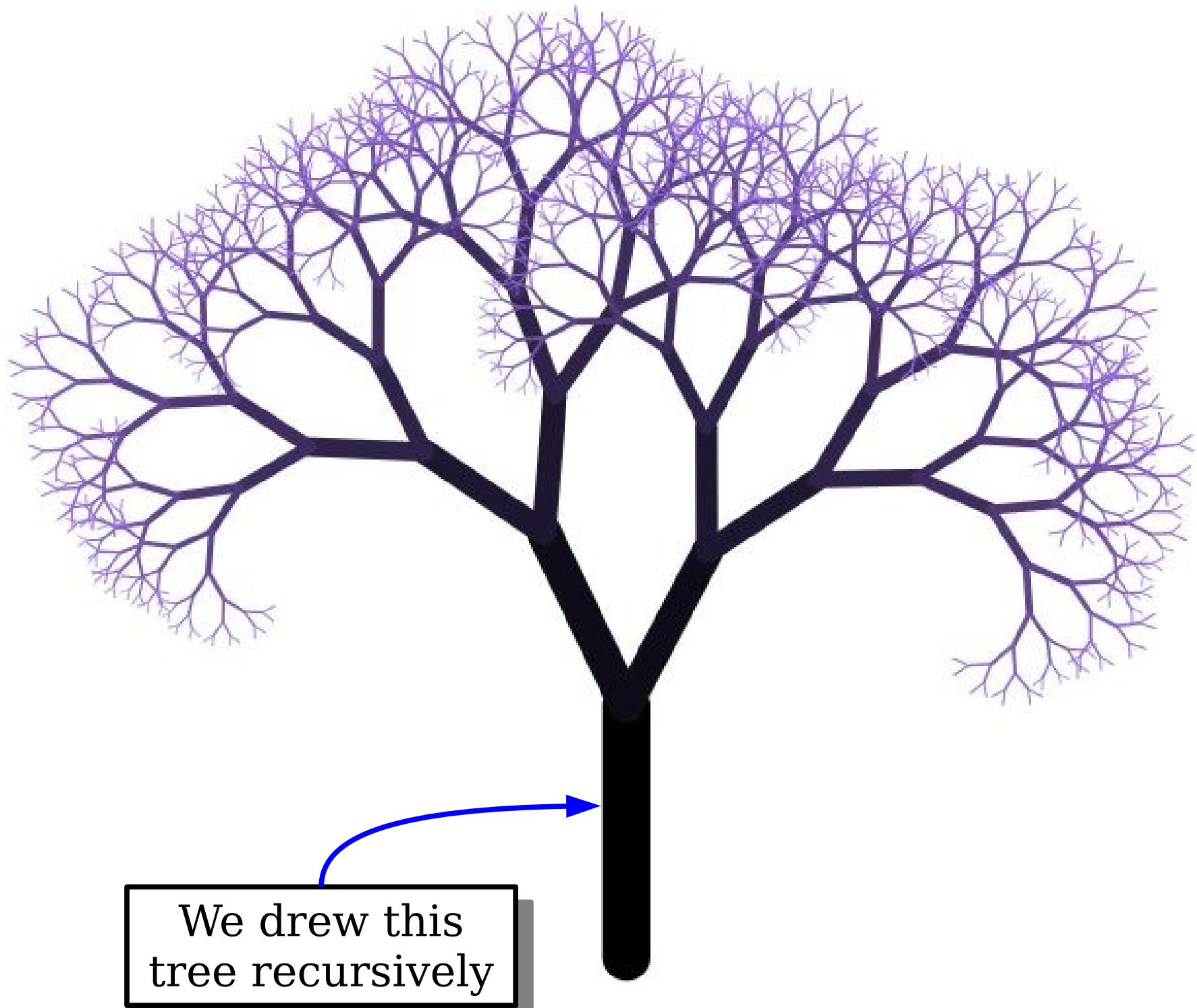
to draw a line of radius r and angle $θ$ starting at (x, y) . It then returns the endpoint of the line so we don't need to calculate it ourselves!

What differentiates the smaller tree from the bigger one?

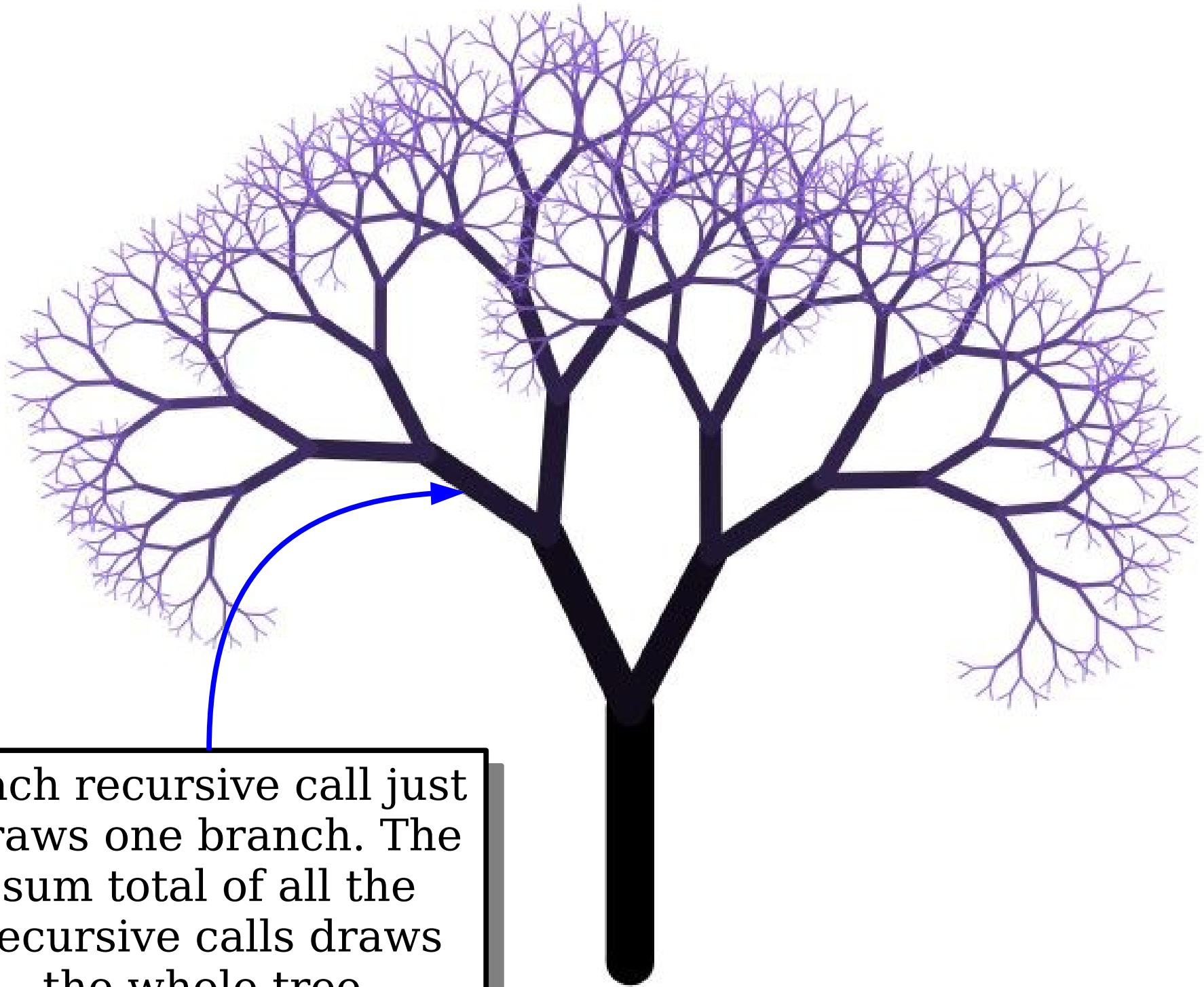
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To Summarize



We drew this
tree recursively



Each recursive call just draws one branch. The sum total of all the recursive calls draws the whole tree.

An Amazing Website

<http://recursivedrawing.com/>

Time-Out for Announcements!

Assignment 2

- Assignment 2 is due on Friday.
 - If you're following our suggested timetable, you should be finishing up Rising Tides at this point and should be working on You Got Hufflepuff!.
- Have questions?
 - Call into the LaIR!
 - Email your section leader!
 - Ask on EdStem!
 - Visit Keith's or Chase's office hours!

Submitting Your Work

- Each assignment handout has a “Submission Instructions” section at the end with information about what files to submit.
- ***Please submit all the files listed there.*** Otherwise, we can’t grade your work.
- Thanks!



STANFORD COMPUTER SCIENCE
DEPARTMENT PRESENTS

A CONVERSATION WITH

THE COME UP COLLECTIVE

moderated by Cynthia Lee

A conversation with the hosts of The Come Up Collective
to discuss their experiences as students at Stanford and
transition to young professionals after graduating

PANEL DISCUSSION

5:00 PM - 6:30 PM

February 4

Garry Archbold
Mekhi Jones
Mamadou Diallo
Sheck Mulbah

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We're Queer.
We're Engineers.



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AA. BIOE. CHE. CE. CS. EE. ENVSE. MS&E. ME. AD. BME. PD.

NECT. CELEBRATE. PROMOTE. EMPOWER. DEVELOP. NETW

Become a part of Stanford's burgeoning Society of Queer+ Engineers (SQE) to **connect** with other members of the community, join **social events**, participate in **career fairs**, and learn about opportunities for **networking**, and **professional development**.

Onward and Forward!

A Quick, Relevant Tangent

Reasoning By Analogy

- What's wrong with this code?

```
double areaOfCircle(double radius) {  
    return M_PI * radius * radius;  
}  
  
int main() {  
    double radius = 1.61;  
    areaOfCircle(radius);  
    return 0;  
}
```

Formulate a hypothesis!
But don't post it in chat
just yet.

Reasoning By Analogy

- What's wrong with this code?

```
double areaOfCircle(double radius) {  
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Okay, now post your hypothesis in chat.

Back to Recursion...

A Practical Application

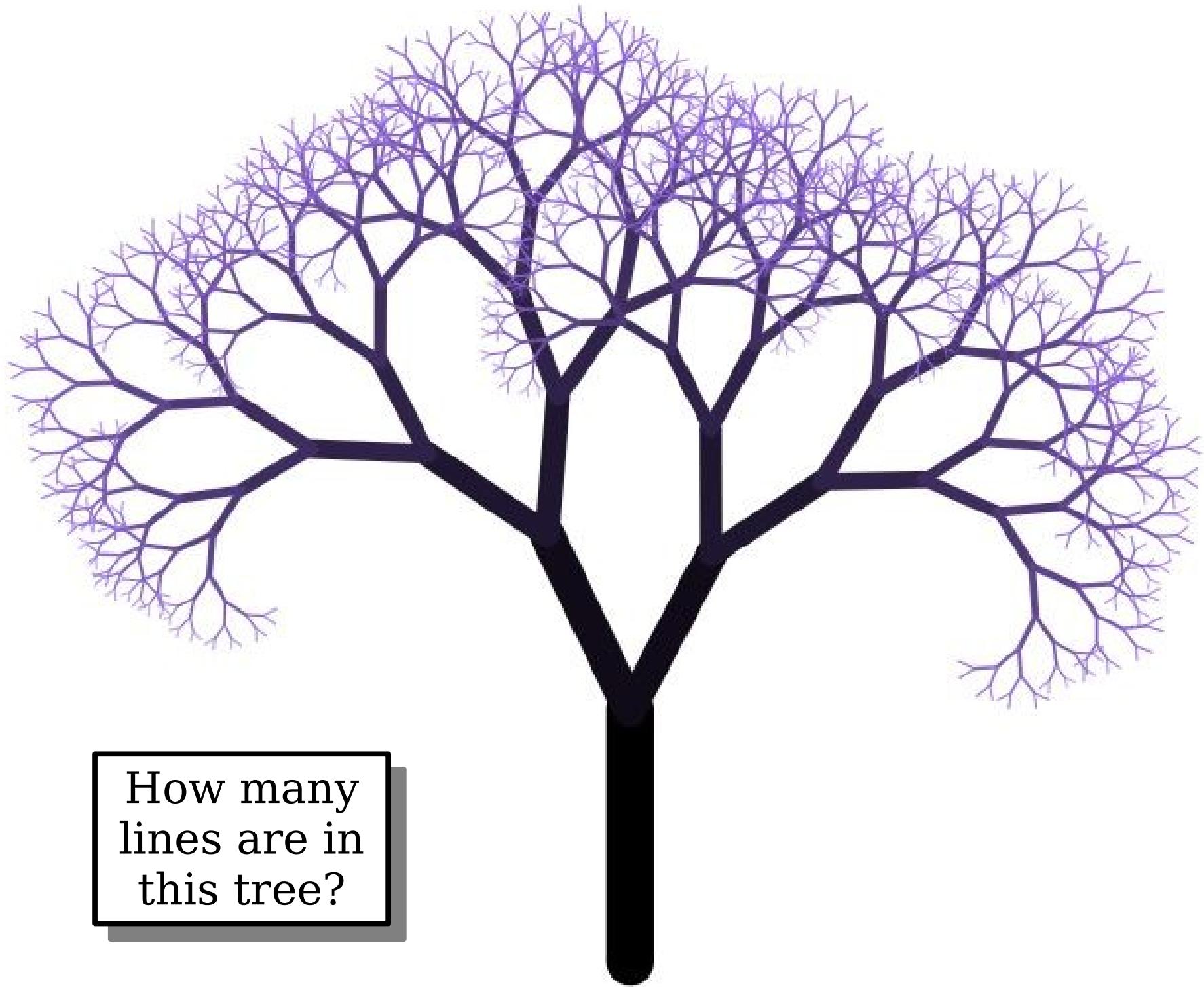
A photograph of a dense forest. In the foreground, a large tree with thick, dark branches and bright green leaves dominates the right side. Behind it, many other tall, thin trees with similar green foliage reach upwards towards a bright sky. The overall scene is lush and green.

The beautiful thing is that the distribution of the sizes of individual trees in the forest appears to exactly match the distribution of the sizes of individual branches within a single tree [...]

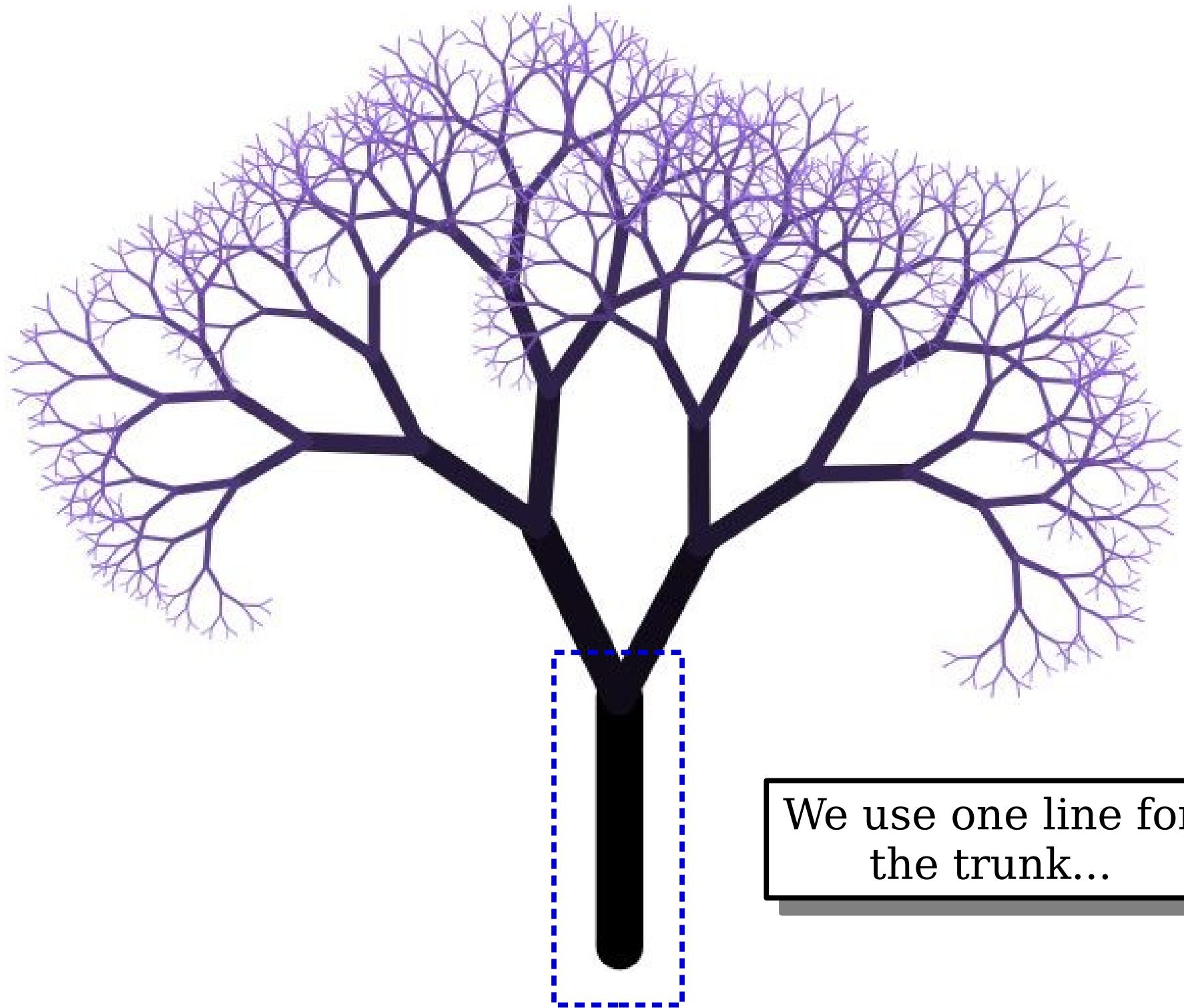
[S]tudying a single tree will make it easier to predict how much carbon dioxide an entire forest can absorb.

- Hunting the Hidden Dimension

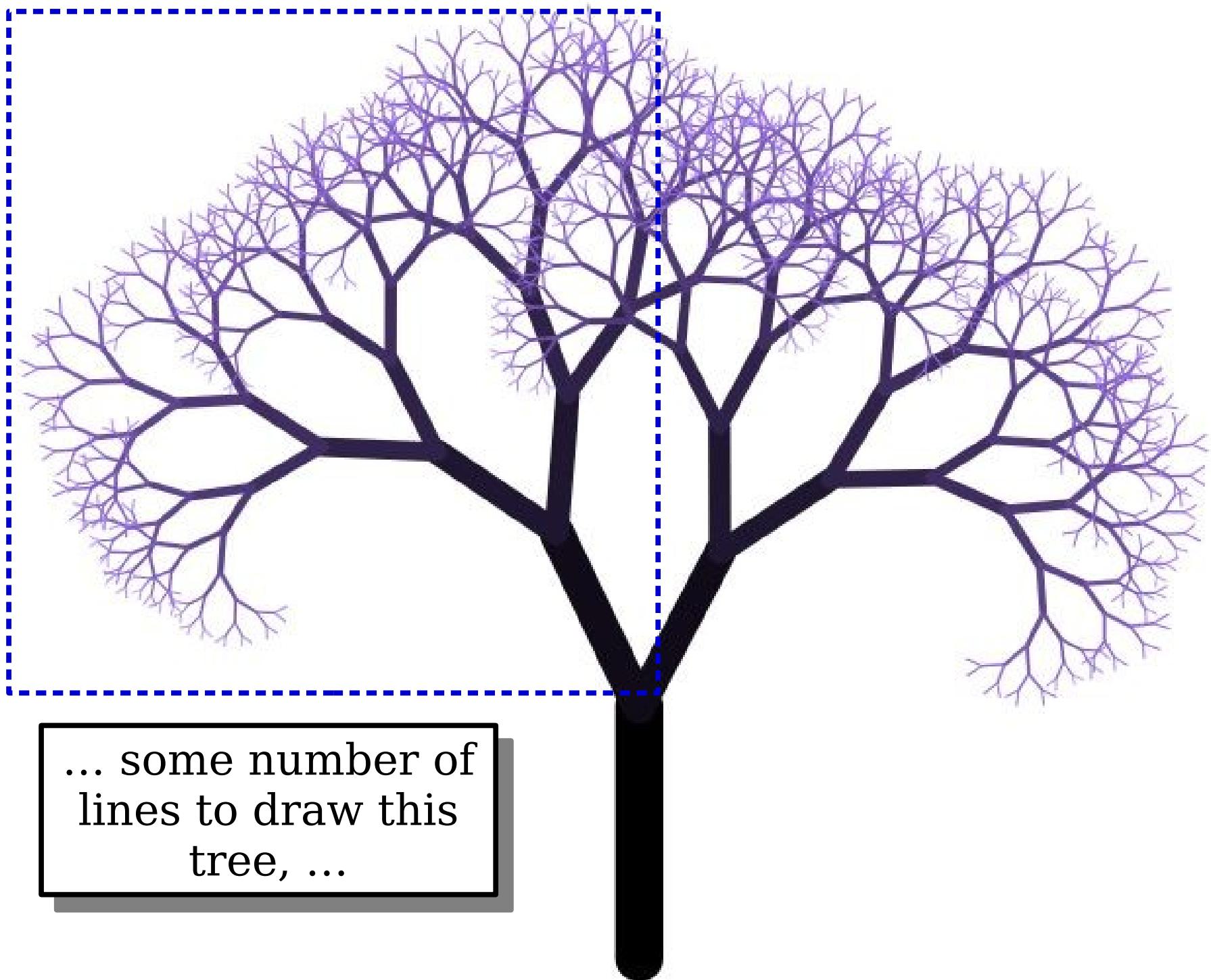
How many lines make up each tree?



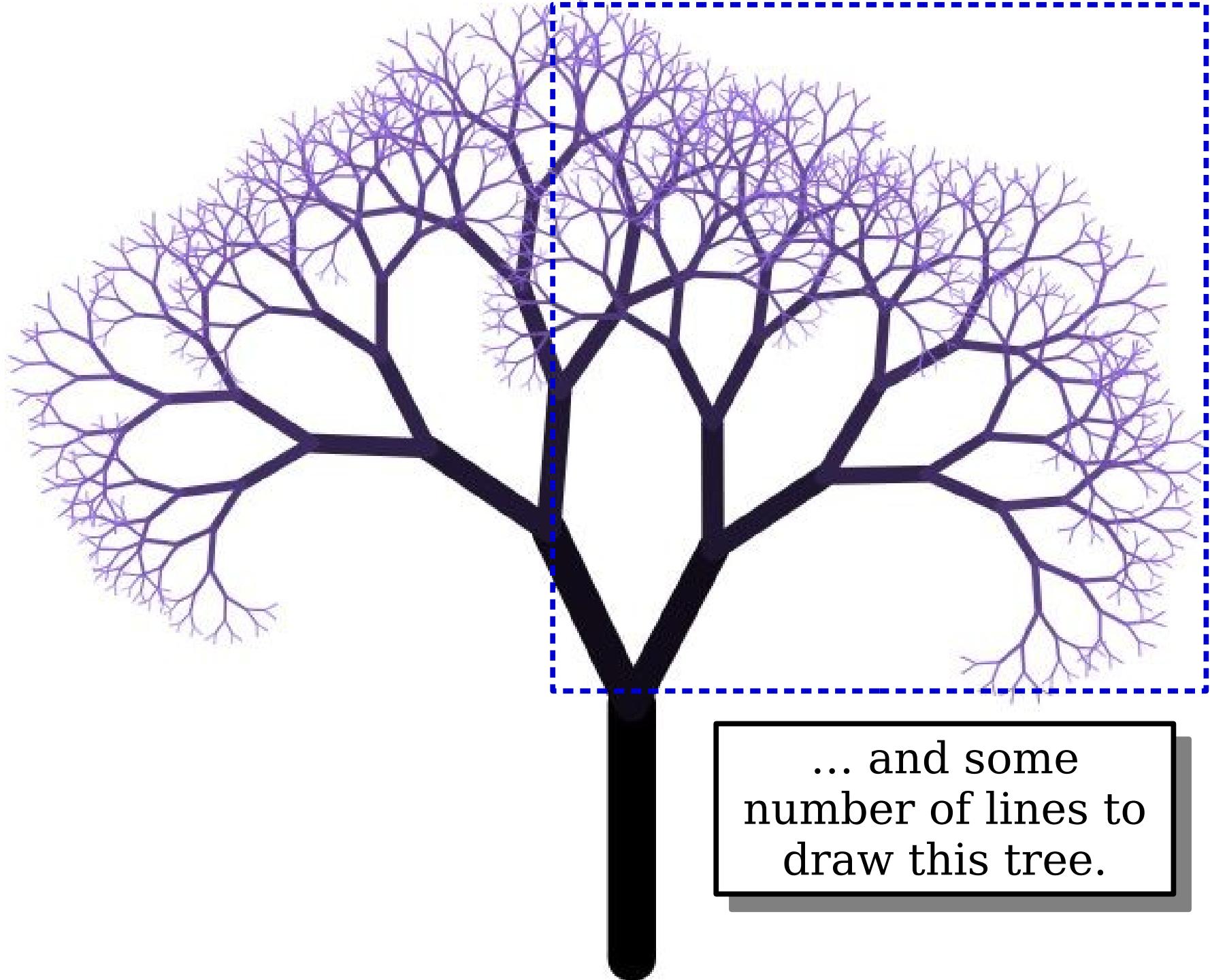
How many
lines are in
this tree?



We use one line for
the trunk...



... some number of
lines to draw this
tree, ...



... and some
number of lines to
draw this tree.

What Went Wrong?

Formulate a hypothesis!
But don't post it in chat
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What Went Wrong?

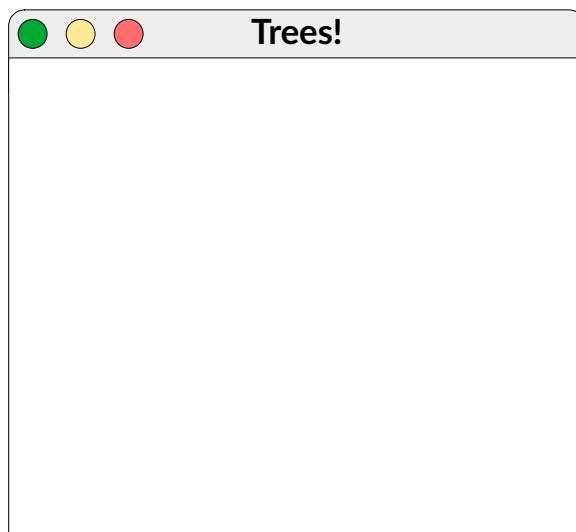
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```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    drawTree(/* ... */);
    drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

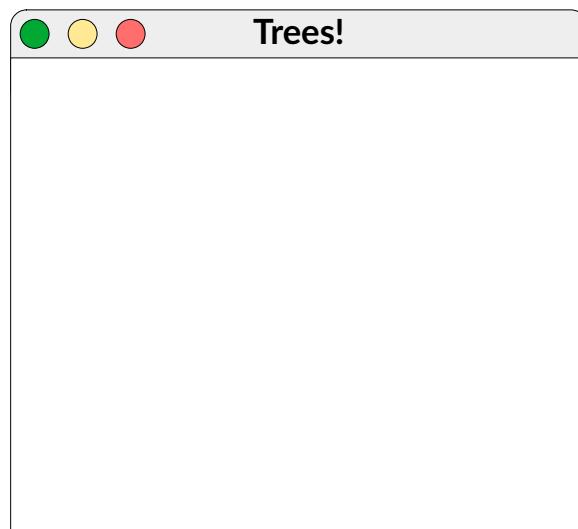


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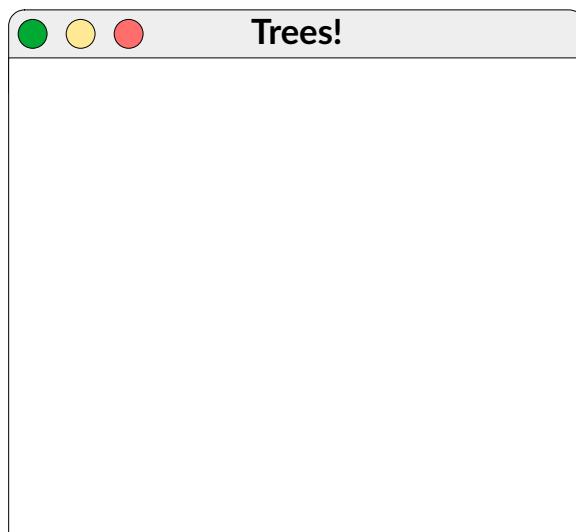


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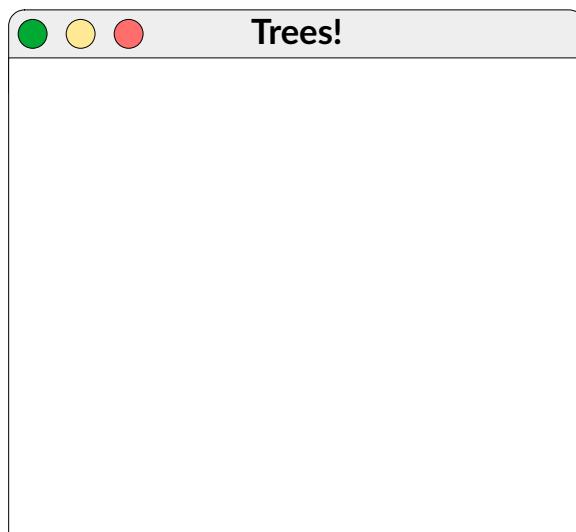
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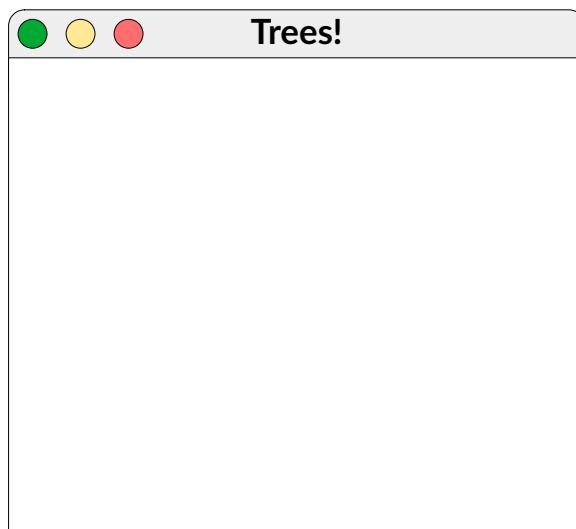
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numLines



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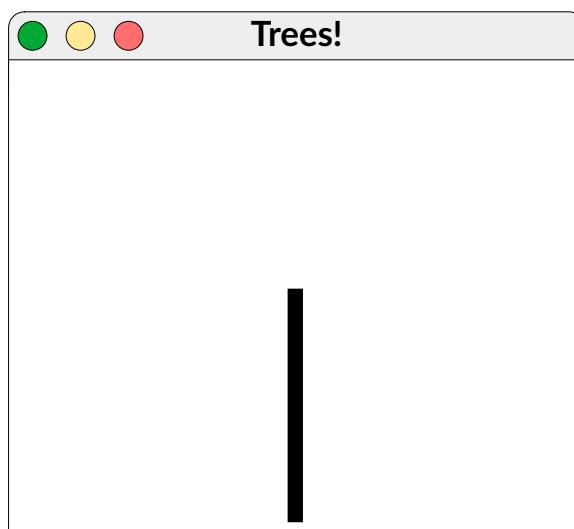
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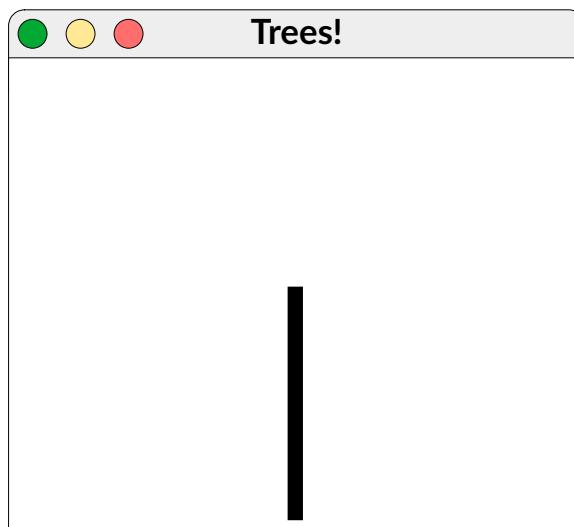
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numLines



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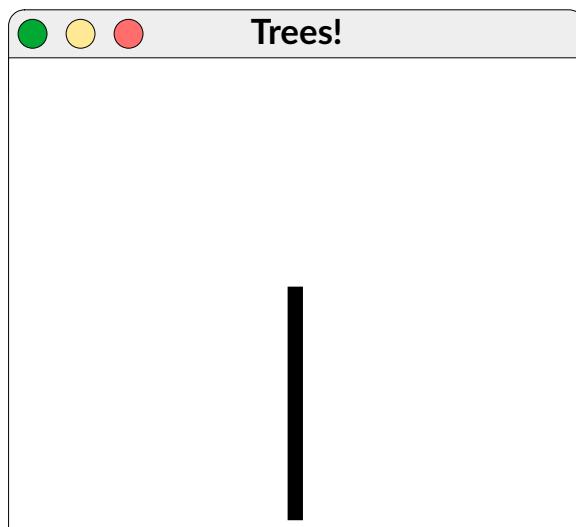
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1

numLines



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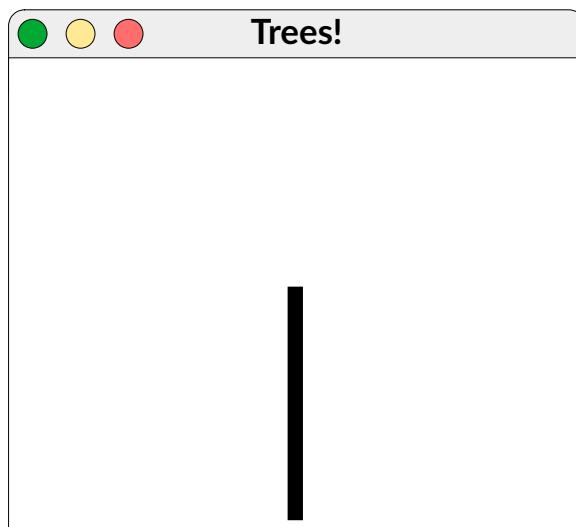
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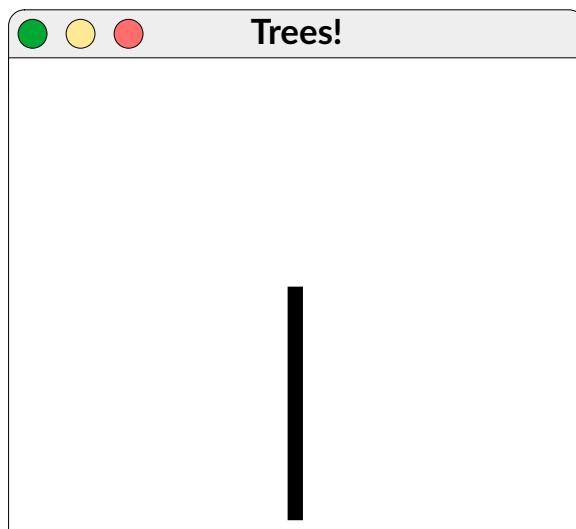
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1

numLines



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}  
}  
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```

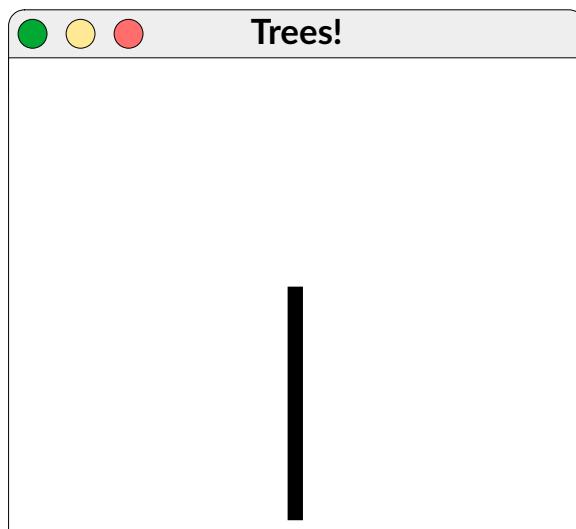


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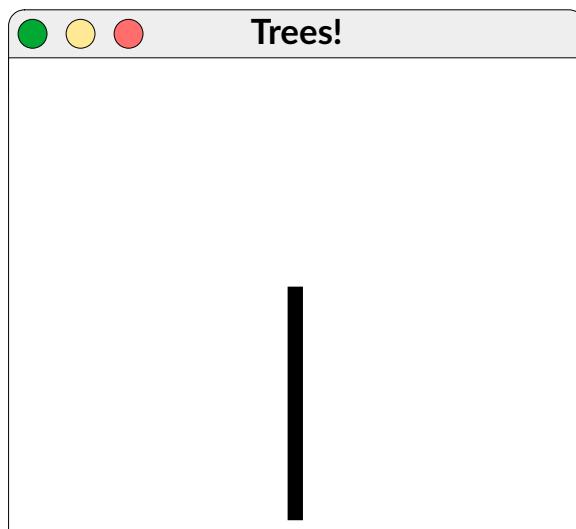
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}
```



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    if (order == 0) {  
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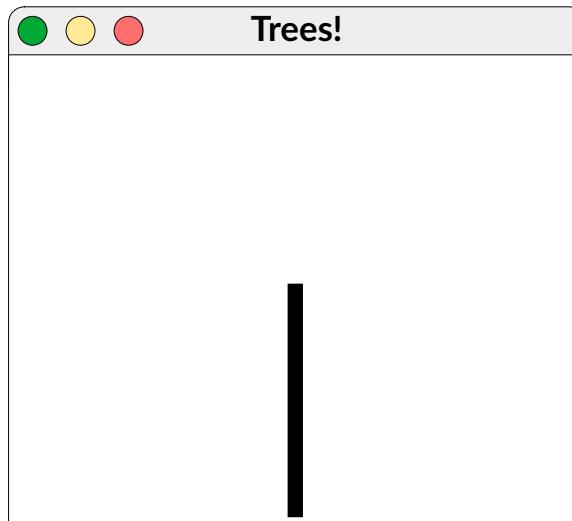
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    return numLines;
}
```

1

0

numLines

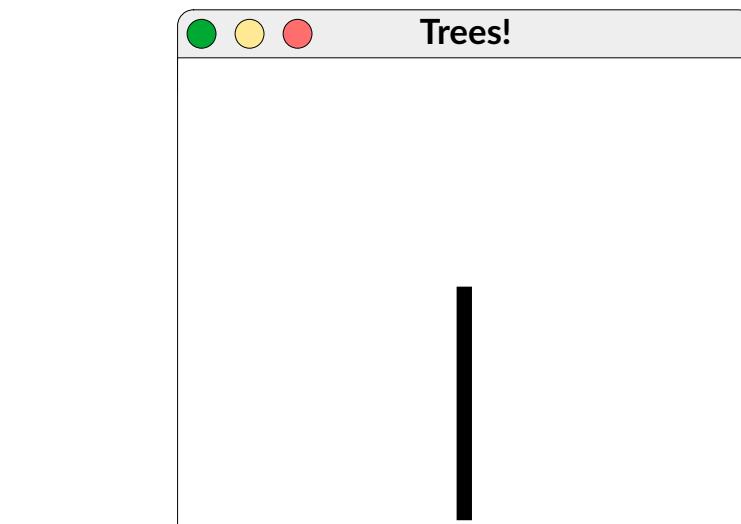


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    drawTree(/* ... */);  
    drawTree(/* ... */);  
  
    return numLines;  
}
```

1

0

numLines



It's reasonable to guess that this line is the problem because it looks like it resets numLines to zero at each call.

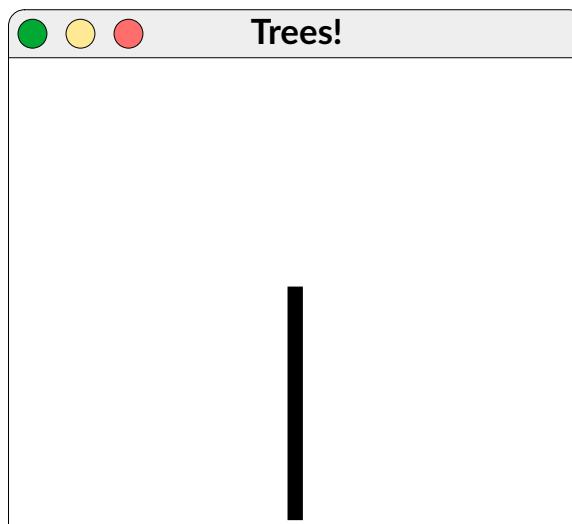
But that's not actually the issue. Remember - every recursive call gets its own copies of all local variables.

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    }  
}  
  
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```

1

0

numLines

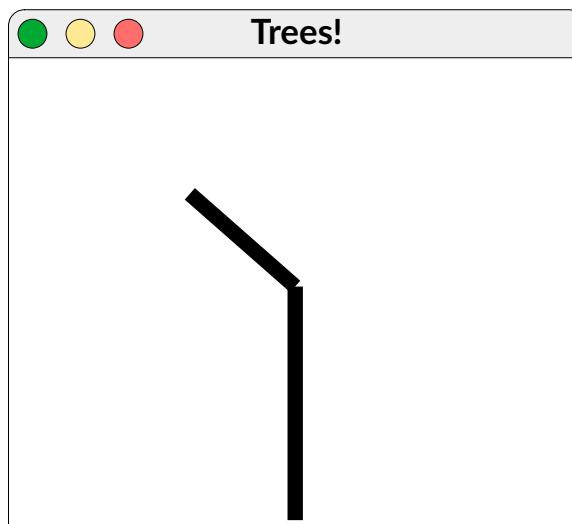


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    }  
}  
}  
  
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1

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numLines



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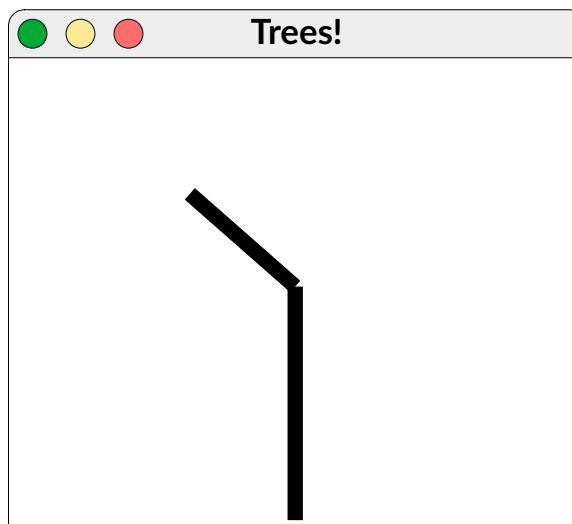
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    numLines++;

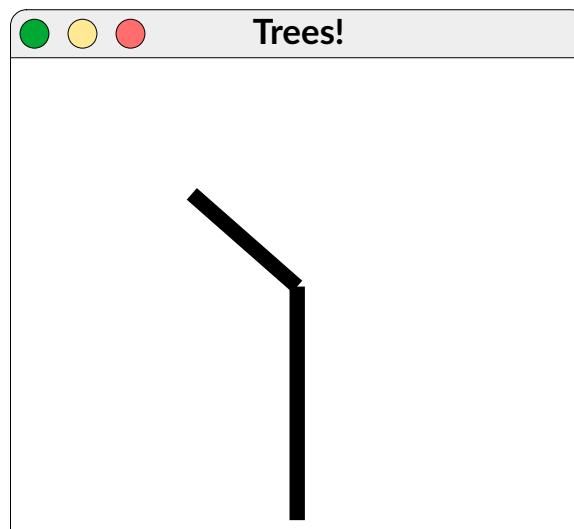
    drawTree(/* ... */);
    drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

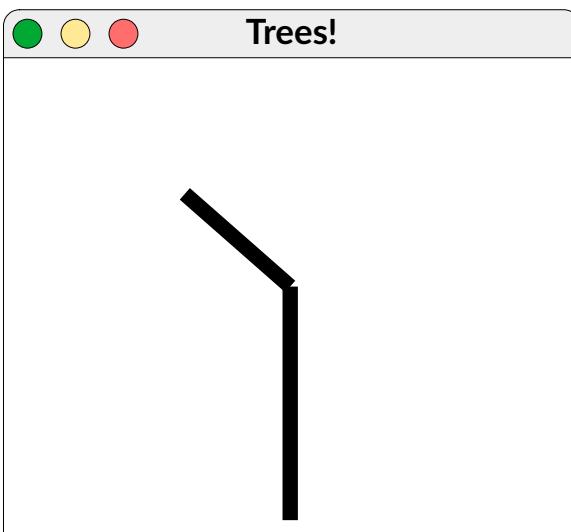
1

1

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {  
    int numLines = 0;  
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);  
    numLines++;  
  
    drawTree(/* ... */);  
    drawTree(/* ... */);  
  
    return numLines;  
}
```



1

1

numLines

It's also reasonable to guess that the error is that this isn't incrementing the copy of numLines inside of the top-level call.

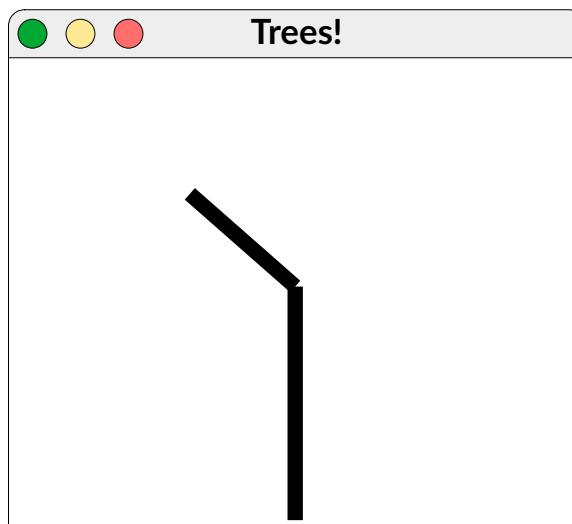
While it's true that this doesn't increment the top-level copy of numLines, that isn't an error *per se*. This function says it will return the number of lines drawn, not update a global total somewhere.

```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {  
    int numLines = 0;  
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);  
    numLines++;  
  
    drawTree(/* ... */);  
    drawTree(/* ... */);  
}  
}  
  
return numLines;
```

1

1

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    drawTree(/* ... */);
    drawTree(/* ... */);
}

return numLines;
}
```

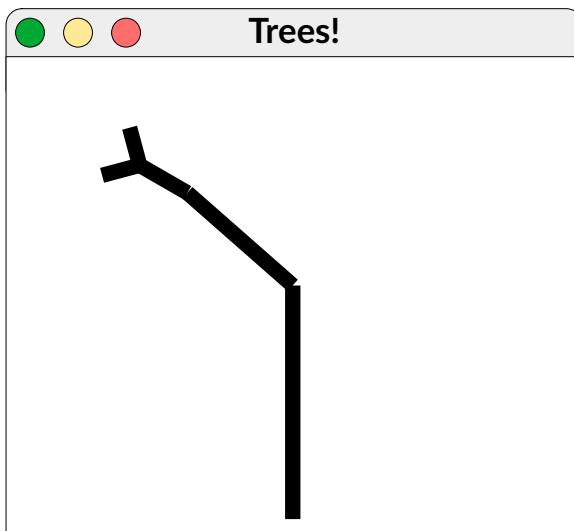
1

1

numLines

drawTree(/* ... */);
drawTree(/* ... */);

return numLines;



```

int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    int drawTree(/* ... */) {
        if (order == 0) {
            return 0;
        }

        int numLines = 0;
        GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
        numLines++;

        drawTree(/* ... */);
        drawTree(/* ... */);
    }

    return numLines;
}

```

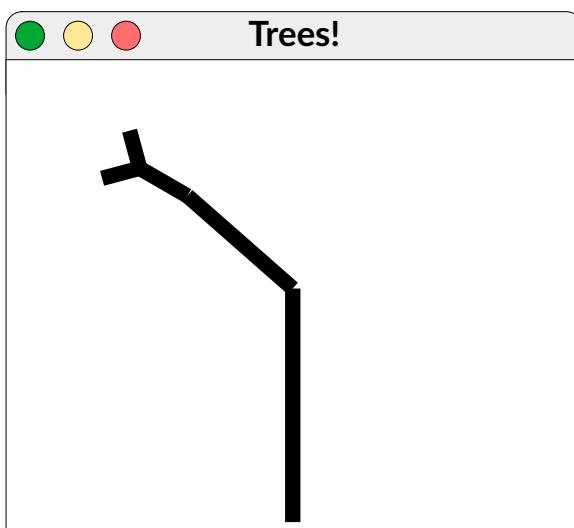
1

1

numLines

**drawTree();
drawTree();**

return numLines;



This function returns an integer, but we didn't do anything with that integer! It would be like writing this line of code:

`sqrt(137);`

This computes a square root, but doesn't store it anywhere. Oops! Our total is now wrong.

```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    drawTree(/* ... */);
    drawTree(/* ... */);
}

return numLines;
}
```

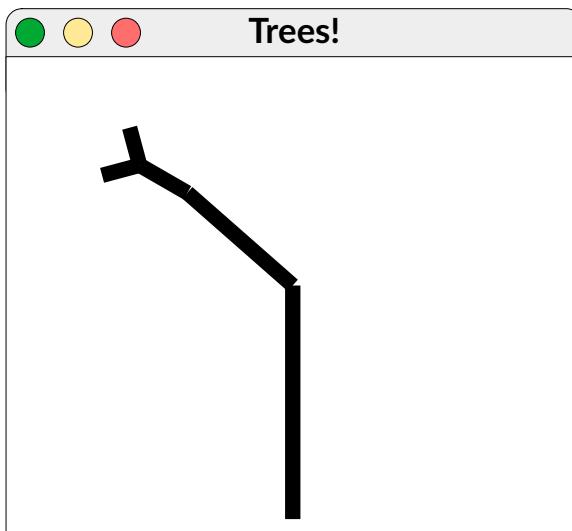
1

1

numLines

drawTree(/* ... */);
drawTree(/* ... */);

return numLines;



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

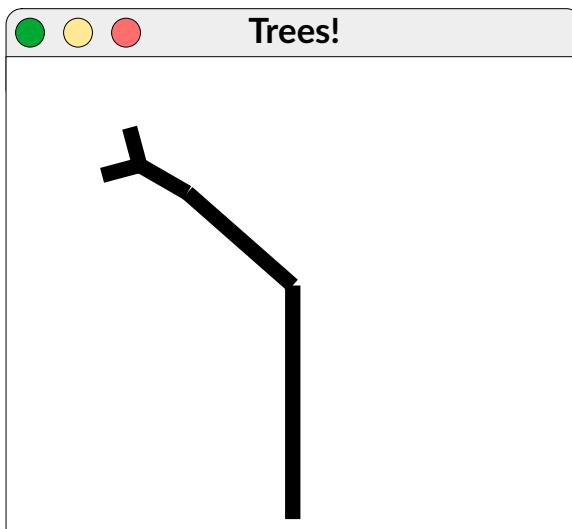
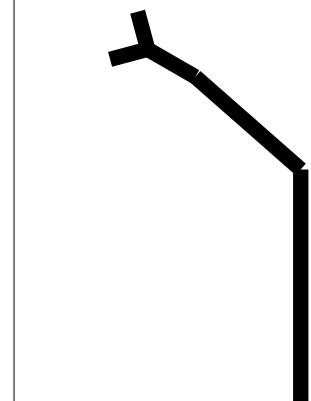
    drawTree(/* ... */,
    drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

1

1

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

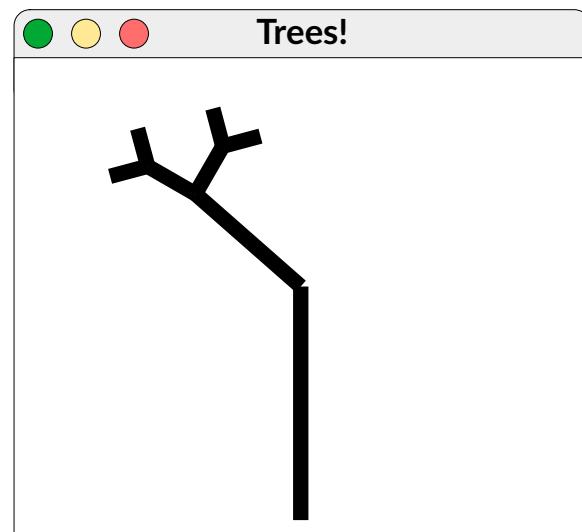
    drawTree(/* ... */,
            drawTree(/* ... */));
}

return numLines;
}
```

1

1

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {  
    if (order == 0) {  
        return 0;  
    }  
  
    int numLines = 0;  
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);  
    numLines++;  
  
    drawTree(/* ... */),  
    drawTree(/* ... */);  
}  
}  
  
return numLines;
```

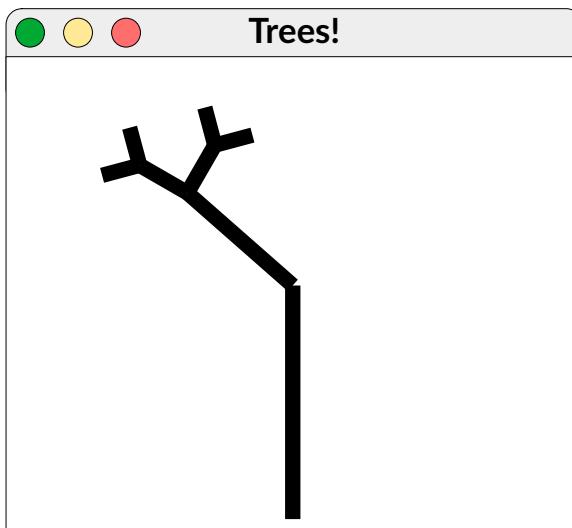
1

1

numLines

drawTree(/* ... */),
drawTree(/* ... */);

return numLines;



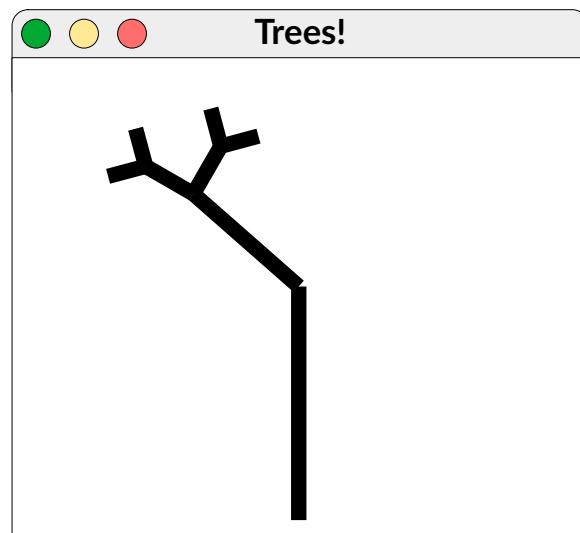
Oops - we didn't do
anything with the
return value.

```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {  
    int numLines = 0;  
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);  
    numLines++;  
  
    drawTree(/* ... */);  
    drawTree(/* ... */);  
}  
}  
  
return numLines;
```

1

1

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

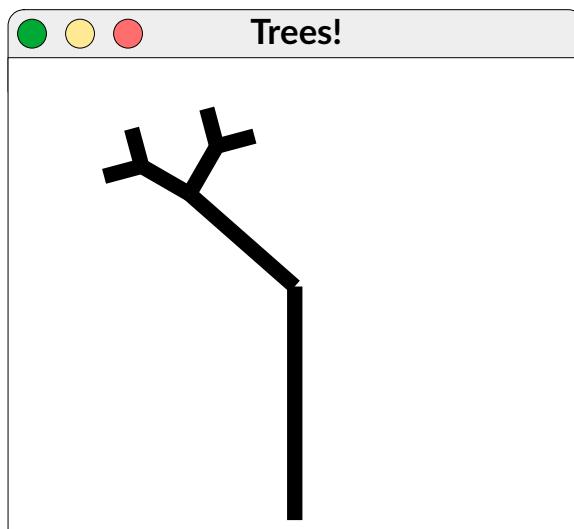
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    drawTree(/* ... */);
    drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

1

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    drawTree(/* ... */);
    drawTree(/* ... */);

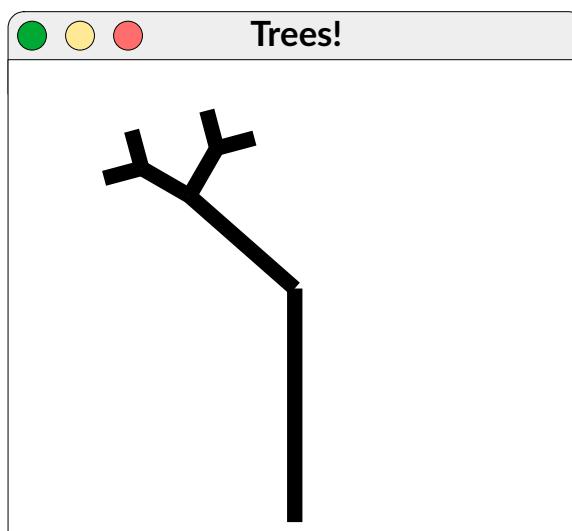
    return numLines;
}
```

1

numLines

drawTree(/* ... */);
drawTree(/* ... */);

Oops - we didn't do
anything with the
return value.



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

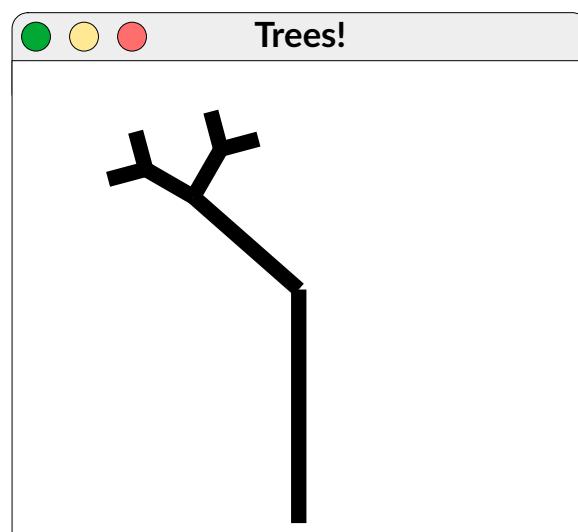
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    drawTree(/* ... */),
    drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

1

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

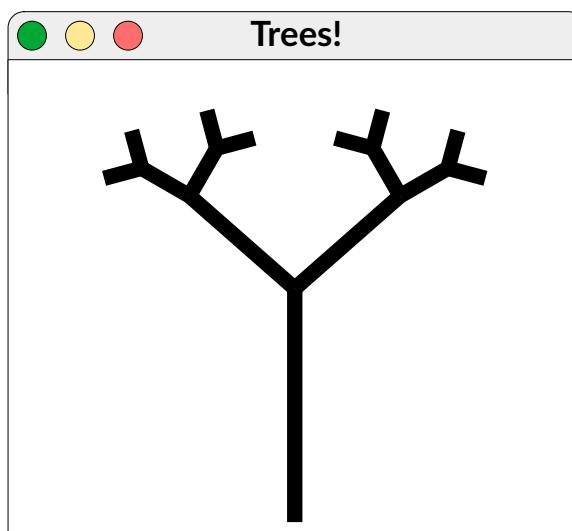
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    drawTree(/* ... */),
    drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

1

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

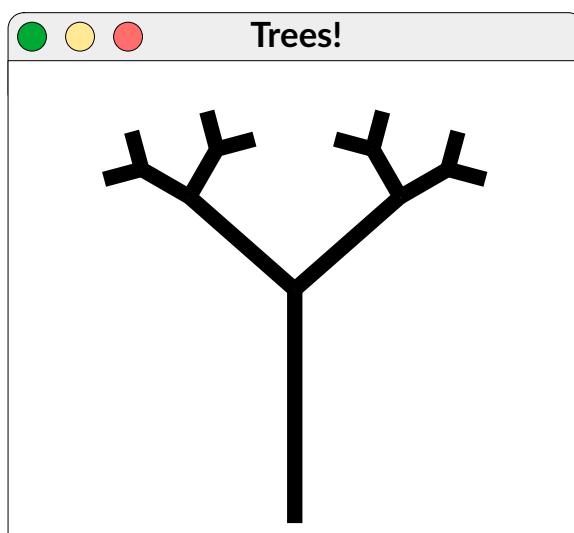
    drawTree(/* ... */),
    drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

1

numLines

Oops – we didn't do
anything with the
return value.



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

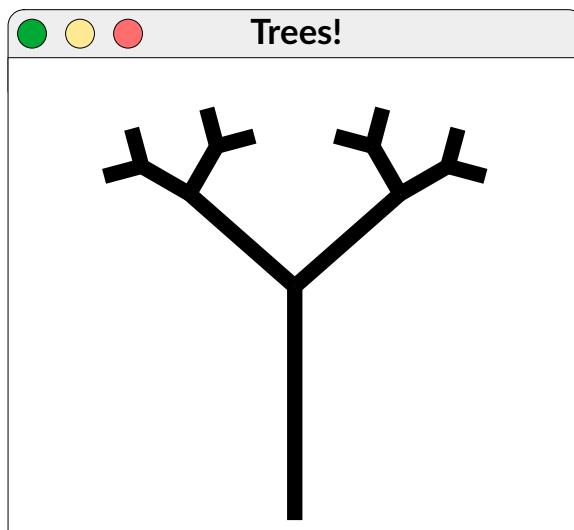
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    drawTree(/* ... */);
    drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

1

numLines



General Advice

- If a function returns a value, you should, in general, do something with that value.
 - Otherwise, the function did all this hard work for you, and you just dropped it on the floor!
- If you're writing a recursive function that returns a value, you should explicitly do something with the value returned by each recursive call.
 - Otherwise, your recursive call is trying to tell you something, and you're ignoring it!

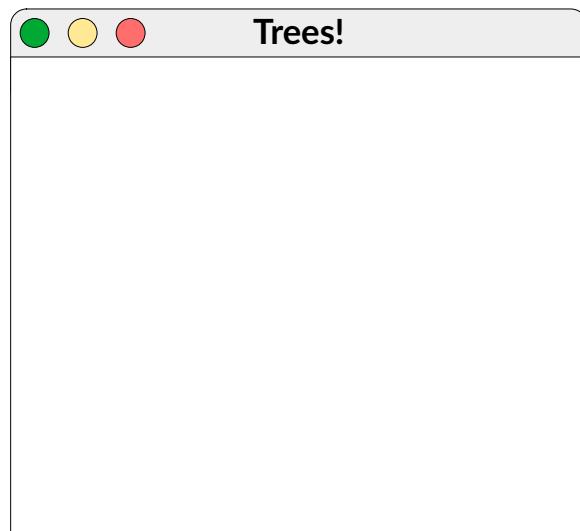
The Correction

```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

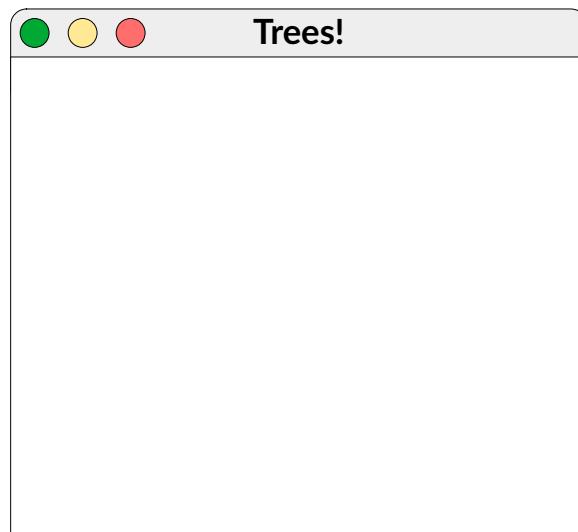


```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

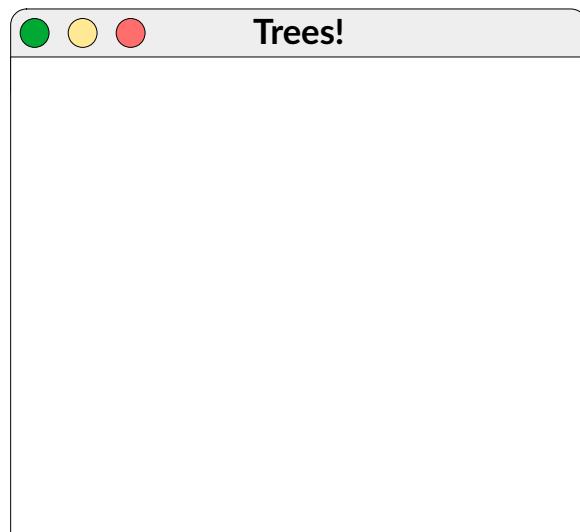


```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

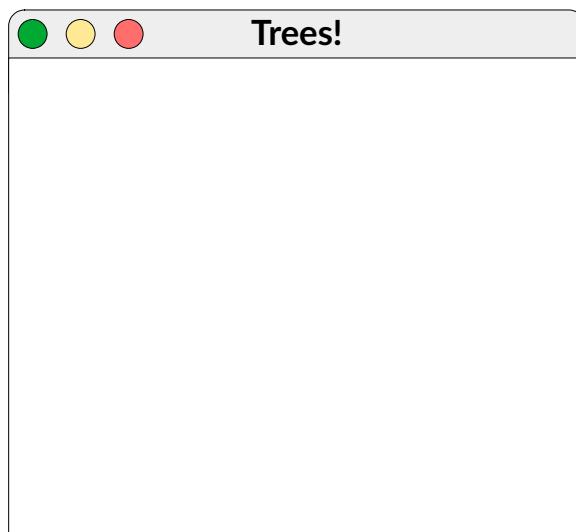
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

0

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

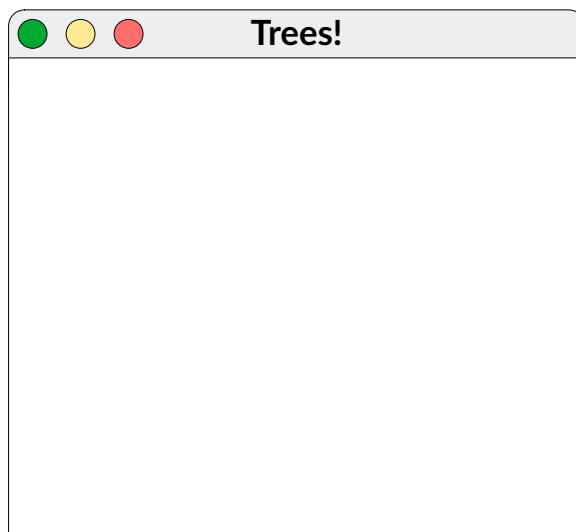
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

0

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

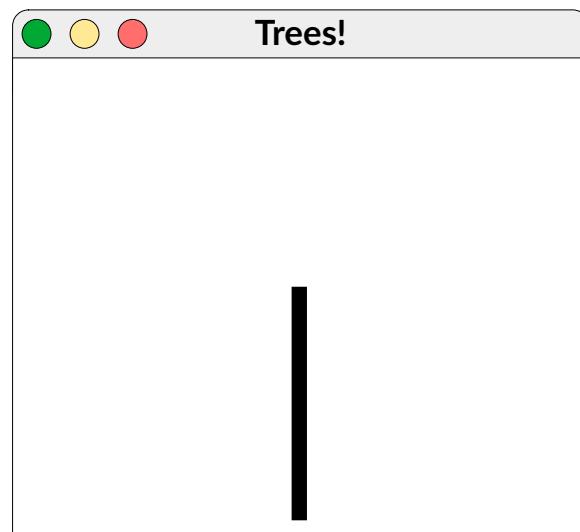
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

0

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

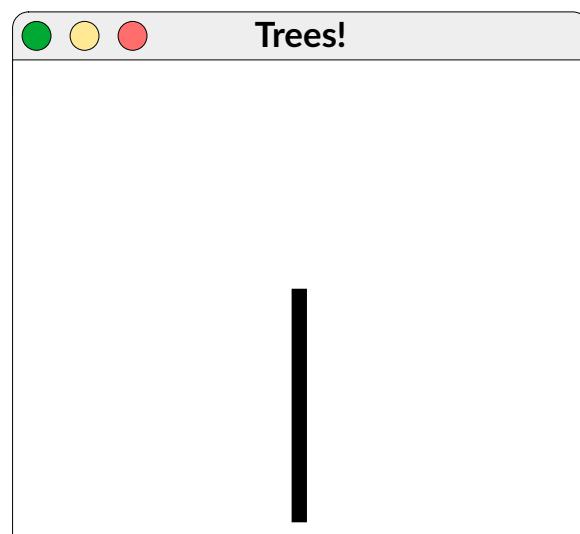
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

0

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

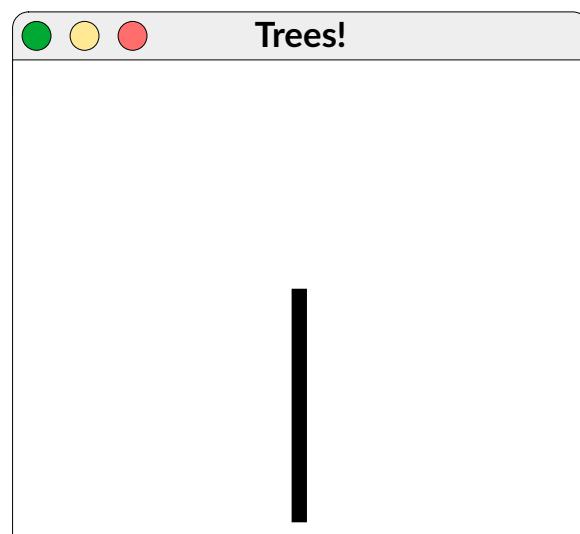
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

1

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

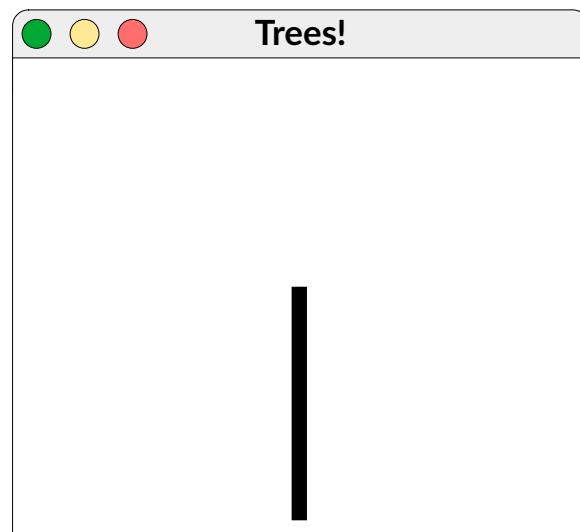
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

1

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

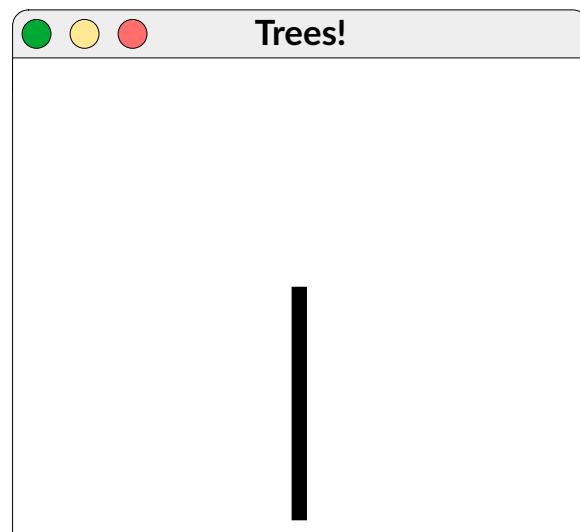
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

1

numLines

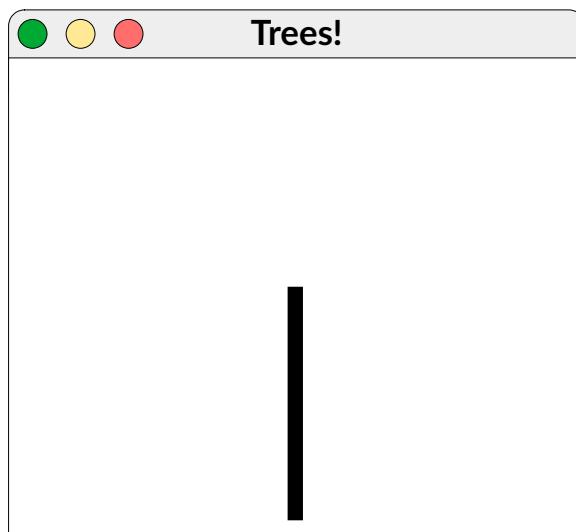


```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
}

return numLines;
}
```

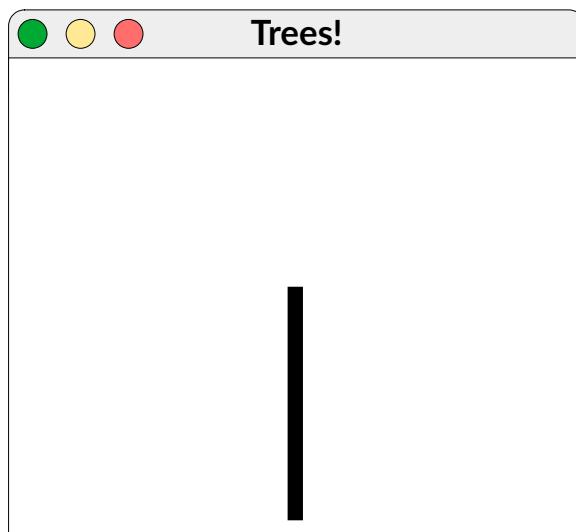


```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    int drawTree(/* ... */)
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
}

return numLines;
}
```

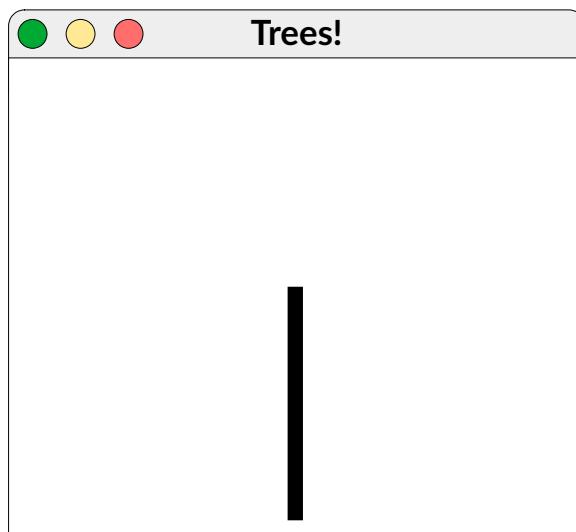


```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

}
return numLines;
}
```



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

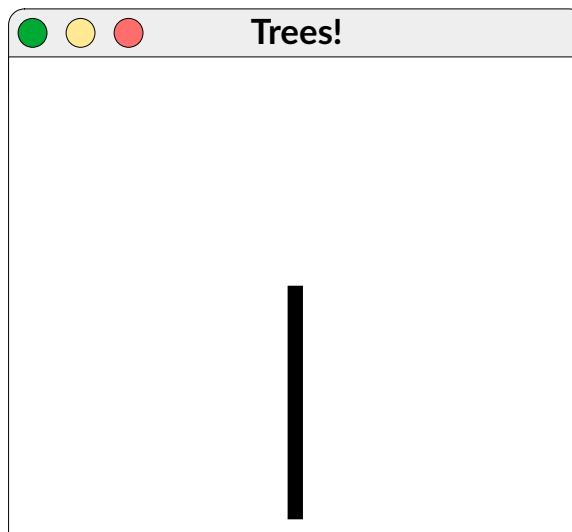
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
}

return numLines;
}
```

1

0

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

1

0

numLines

Trees!



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

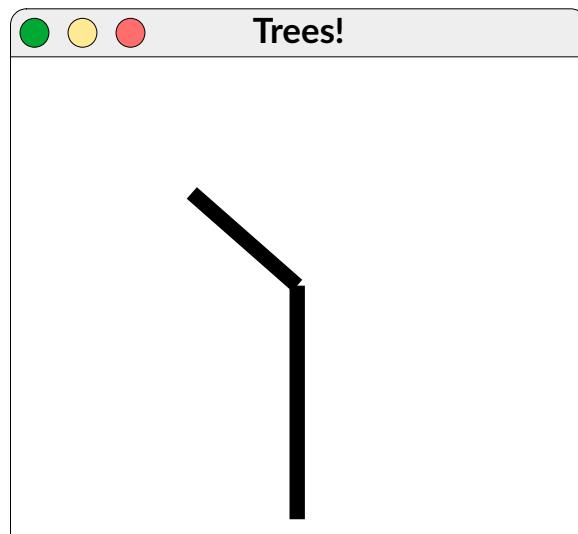
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

1

0

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

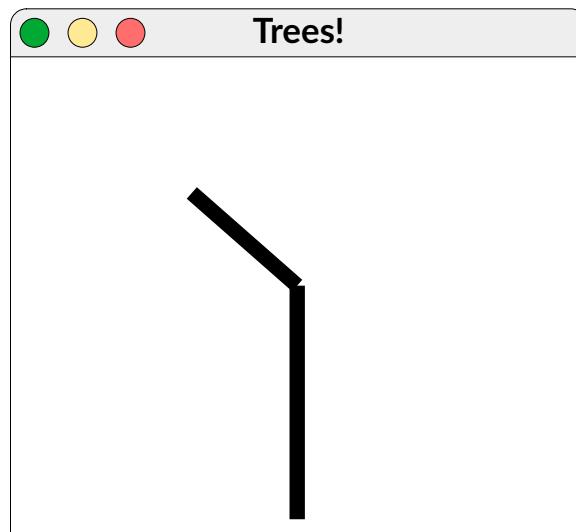
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

1

0

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

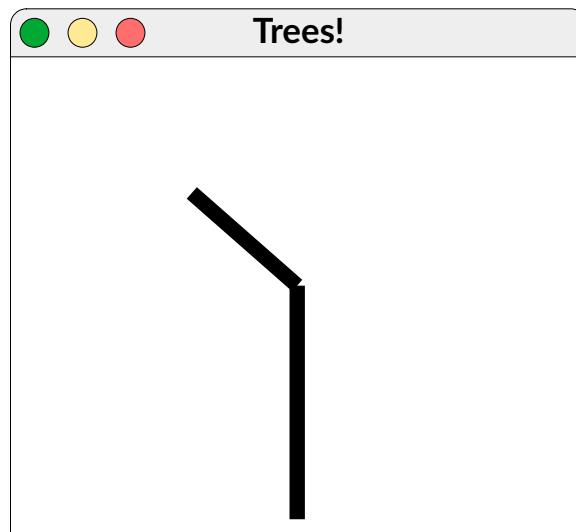
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

1

1

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

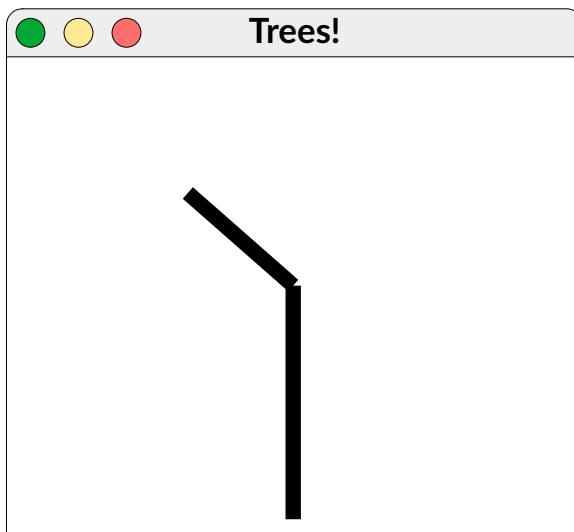
    return numLines;
}
```

1

1

numLines

return numLines;



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

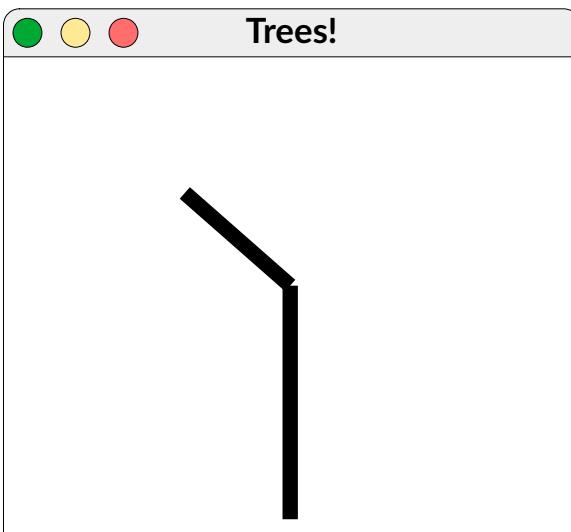
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
}

return numLines;
}
```

1

1

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {  
    int numLines = 0;  
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);  
    numLines++;  
  
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);  
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);  
  
    return numLines;  
}
```

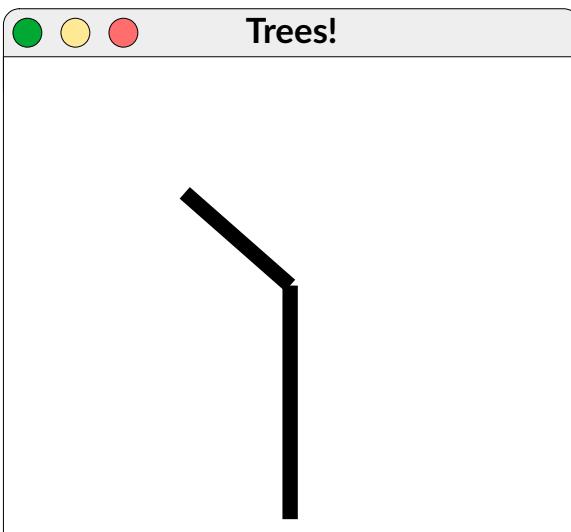
1

1

numLines

numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

return numLines;



This call draws a
recursive tree.

```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    int drawTree(/* ... */) {
        if (order == 0) {
            return 0;
        }

        int numLines = 0;
        GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
        numLines++;

        numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
        numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    }
    return numLines;
}
```

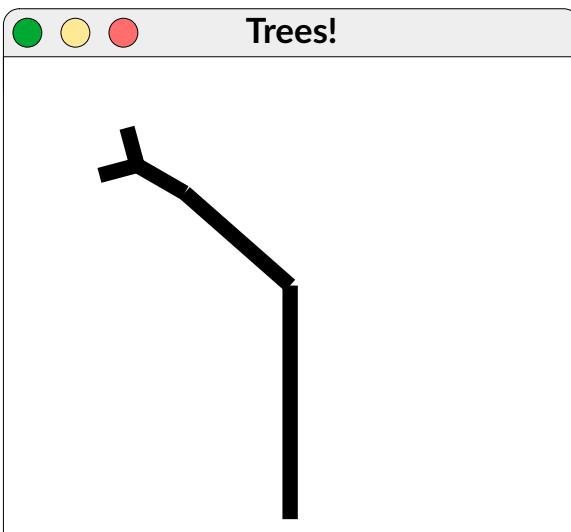
1

1

numLines

numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

return numLines;



This call draws a
recursive tree.

```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    int drawTree(/* ... */) {
        if (order == 0) {
            return 0;
        }

        int numLines = 0;
        GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
        numLines++;

        numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
        numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    }
    return numLines;
}
```

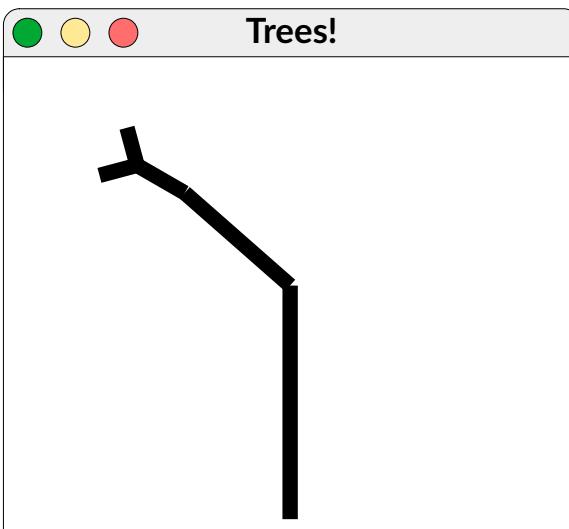
1

1

numLines

numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

return numLines;



This call draws a
recursive tree.
It then returns
the number of
lines drawn.

```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

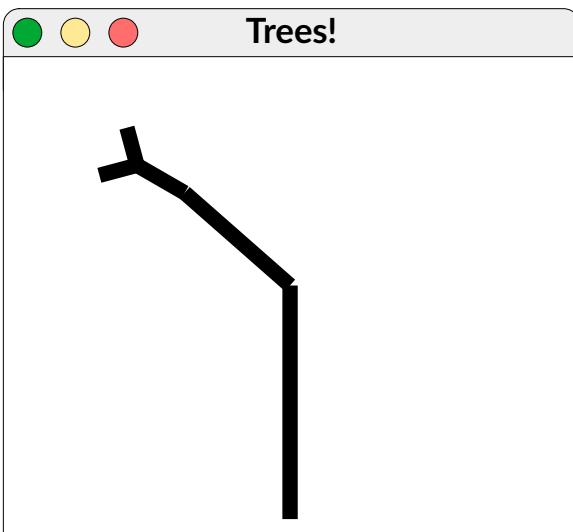
    return numLines;
}
```

1

1

numLines

return numLines;



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

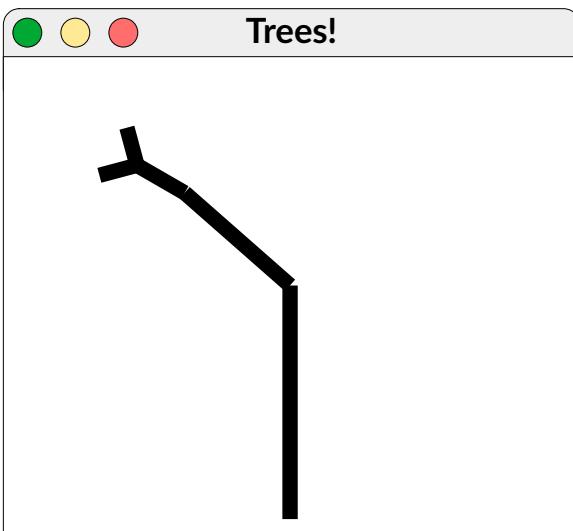
    return numLines;
}
```

1

4

numLines

return numLines;



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

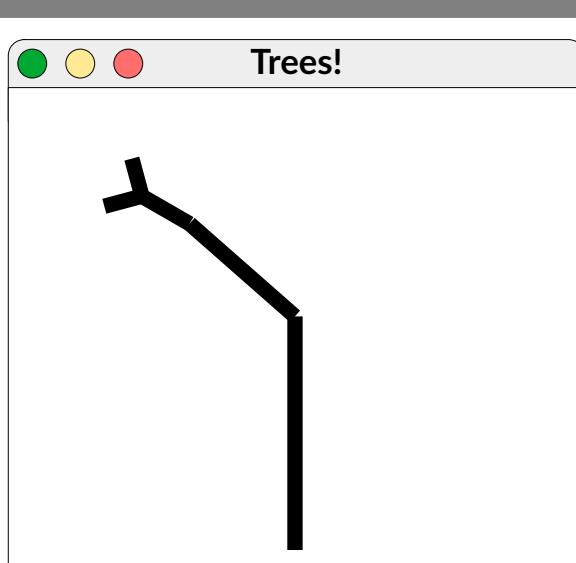
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */),
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

1

4

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

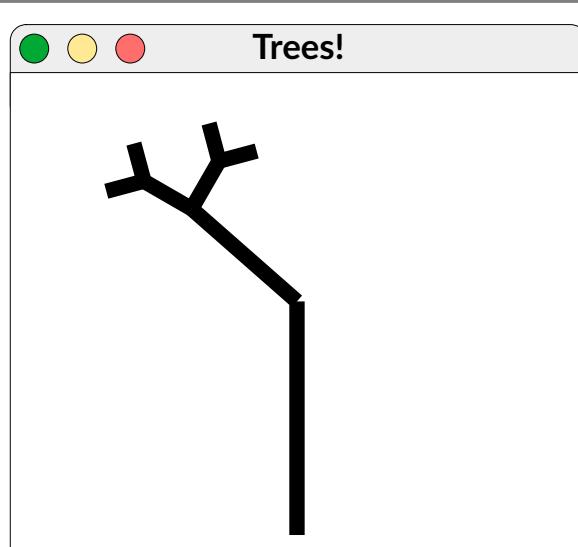
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */),
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

1

4

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

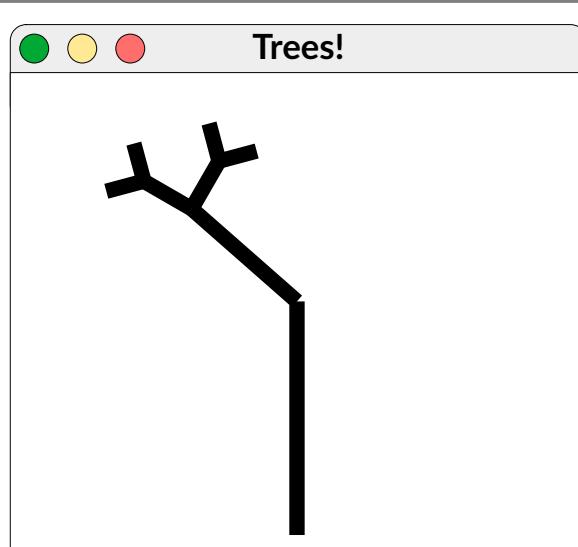
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */),
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

1

7

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

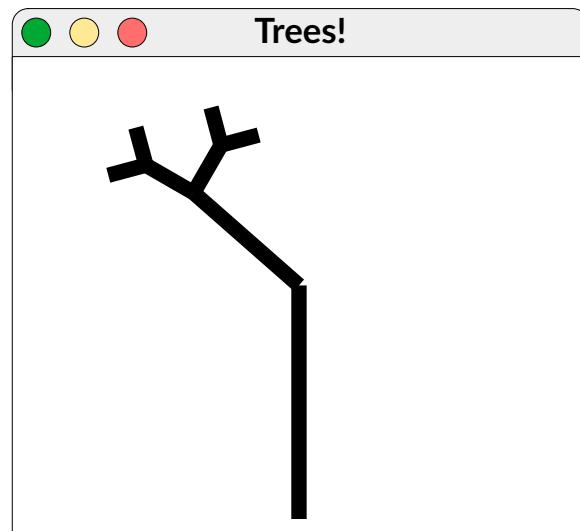
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

}
return numLines;
```

1

7

numLines

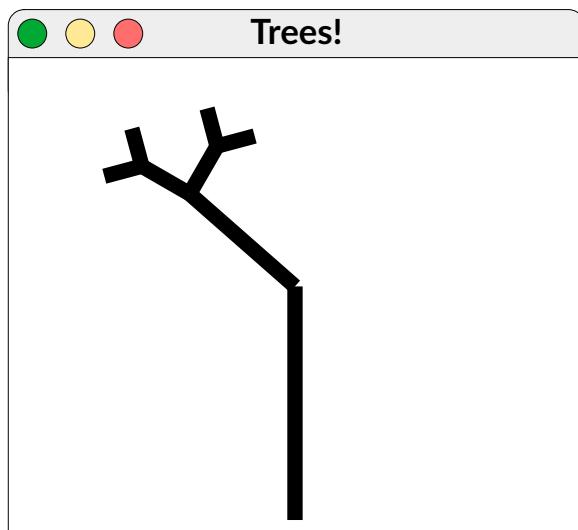


```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */); 1
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */); 7

    return numLines;
}
```



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

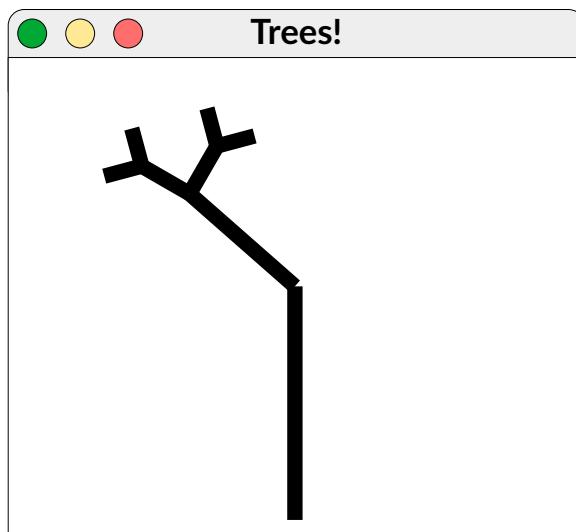
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */); numLines += drawTree(/* ... */); 7
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

1

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

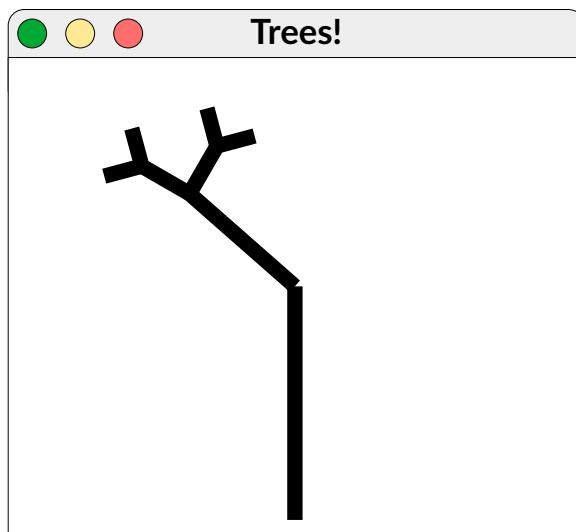
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */); numLines += drawTree(/* ... */); 7
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

8

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

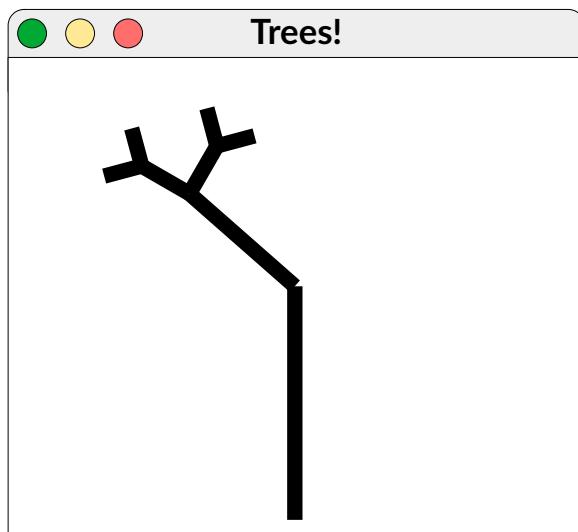
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */),
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

8

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

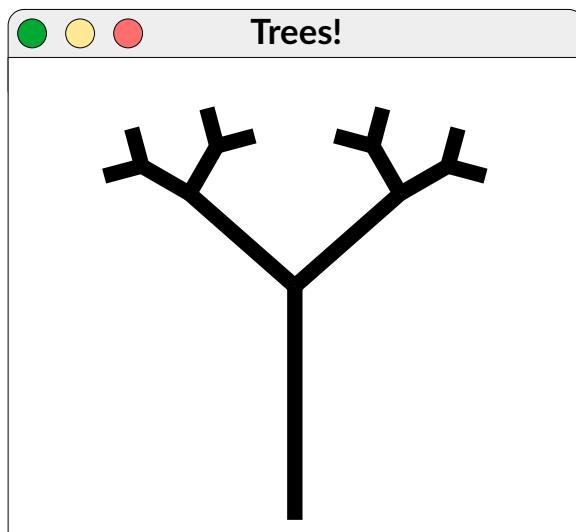
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */),
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

8

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

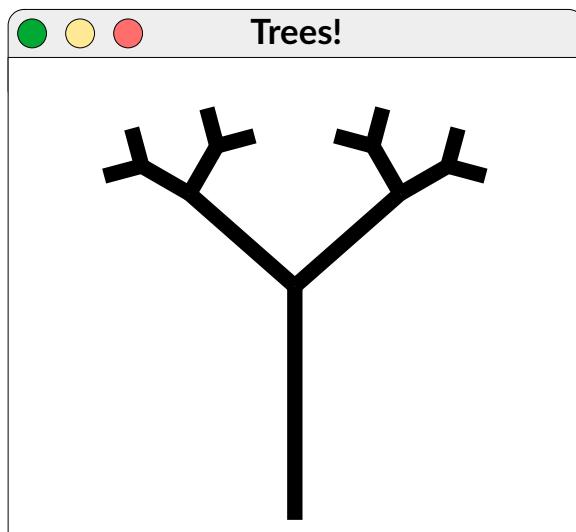
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */),
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */); 7

    return numLines;
}
```

8

numLines



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

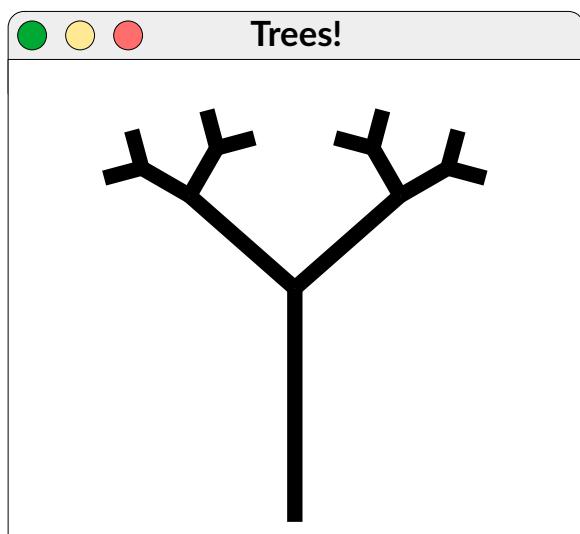
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */),
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

15

numLines

7



```
int drawTree(/* ... */) {
    if (order == 0) {
        return 0;
    }

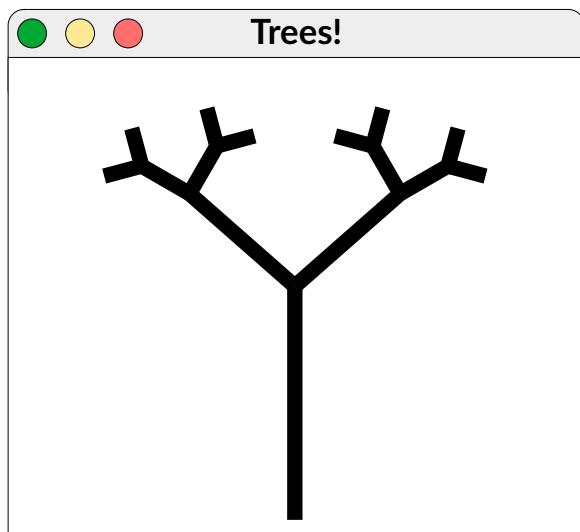
    int numLines = 0;
    GPoint endpoint = drawPolarLine(/* ... */);
    numLines++;

    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);
    numLines += drawTree(/* ... */);

    return numLines;
}
```

15

numLines



Summary From Today

- Self-similar figures exist in many places, and recursion is a great way to draw them.
- When drawing a self-similar figure, identify what aspects of the figure are different at different scales.
- Assigning an order to a self-similar figure is a great way to make a base case.
- When writing a recursive function that returns a value, make sure you use the result of each recursive call. Otherwise, important data can get lost.

Your Action Items

- ***Read Chapter 8.***
 - There's a ton of goodies in there! It'll help you solidify your understanding of recursion and recursive techniques.
- ***Keep Working On Assignment 2.***
 - Make slow and steady progress. Aim to get Rising Tides finished by next time and to have made good progress on You Got Hufflepuff!.

Next Time

- *Recursive Enumeration*
 - Finding all objects of a given type.
- *Enumerating Subsets*
 - A classic combinatorial problem!