



# **YEAH! Hours - Fun With Collections**

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# Part 1 - Crystals!

An idea developed by Stanislaw Ulam (really interesting guy!)

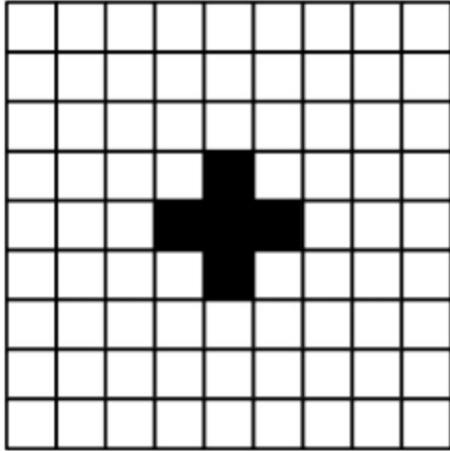
Have a two-dimensional grid and place a crystal.

Next, the crystal grows in each cardinal (N/S/E/W) direction.

Each of *those* crystals grows in a cardinal direction

When things get crowded, only cells with *exactly one adjacent neighbor* get to have a crystal.

# Part 1- In Action!



# Part 1 - Implementation Details

- Pretty simple... Just use a `Grid<Bool>` right?
  - ...Not exactly. If that were the case, we'd need to know how big our crystal's going to be
  - Solution: `Set<Point>`! This allows us to have as many points as needed, but how to keep track of what to do...
  - It turns out that a `Queue<Point>` works beautifully, since `Queue`'s are a great way of modeling *to-do lists*.

# Part 1: Implementation Details:

- Two functions:
  - ***void crystallizeAt(Crystal& crystal, int x, int y);***
    - Responsible for simply adding a crystal at <x,y>,
      - Adds things to the Queue
  - ***void step(Crystal& crystal);***
    - Moves forward one generation.
    - This means processing everything in the Queue *while also* getting the Queue set up for the *next* generation.

## Tips:

- Recursion isn't necessary!
- It can very difficult to *eyeball* if your solution is right. Write tests!
- You shouldn't need to write a lot of code for this.
- Go to LaIR :)

## Part 2: EVIL HANGMAN

- It's hangman! With one twist:
- The computer cheats! How so?
  - You have a dictionary of words. When the user chooses a letter, you see all the possibilities where that letter could be in. You then choose the group with the *most* amount of words in it.
  - If that group doesn't contained the guessed letter, the user didn't "guess correctly" and so you mark them as incorrect.

## Part 2: Implementation Details:

- 1) *Set up the Game*
  - a) Prompt the user for word length. Reprompt if there are not words of that length.
  - b) Prompt user for the number of guesses.
  - c) Prompt user if they want a running total of the words remaining in the word list.
- 2) *Play the Game*
  - a) Print out how many guesses the user has remaining
  - b) Propmt for a single-letter guess
  - c) Partition list of words into groups/families, and choose the largest one.
  - d) Repeat
- 3) *Report Result, and Ask to play again.*



## Tips:

- Choose Appropriate Collections
- Decompose!
- Think about how you should pass arguments to functions around.
- Letter position matters as much as frequency (BEER is not in the same family as HERE)