

# Welcome to CS103!

- Three Handouts
- Today:
  - Course Overview
  - Introduction to Set Theory
  - The Limits of Computation

# Course Staff

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# The Course Website

**<http://cs103.stanford.edu>**

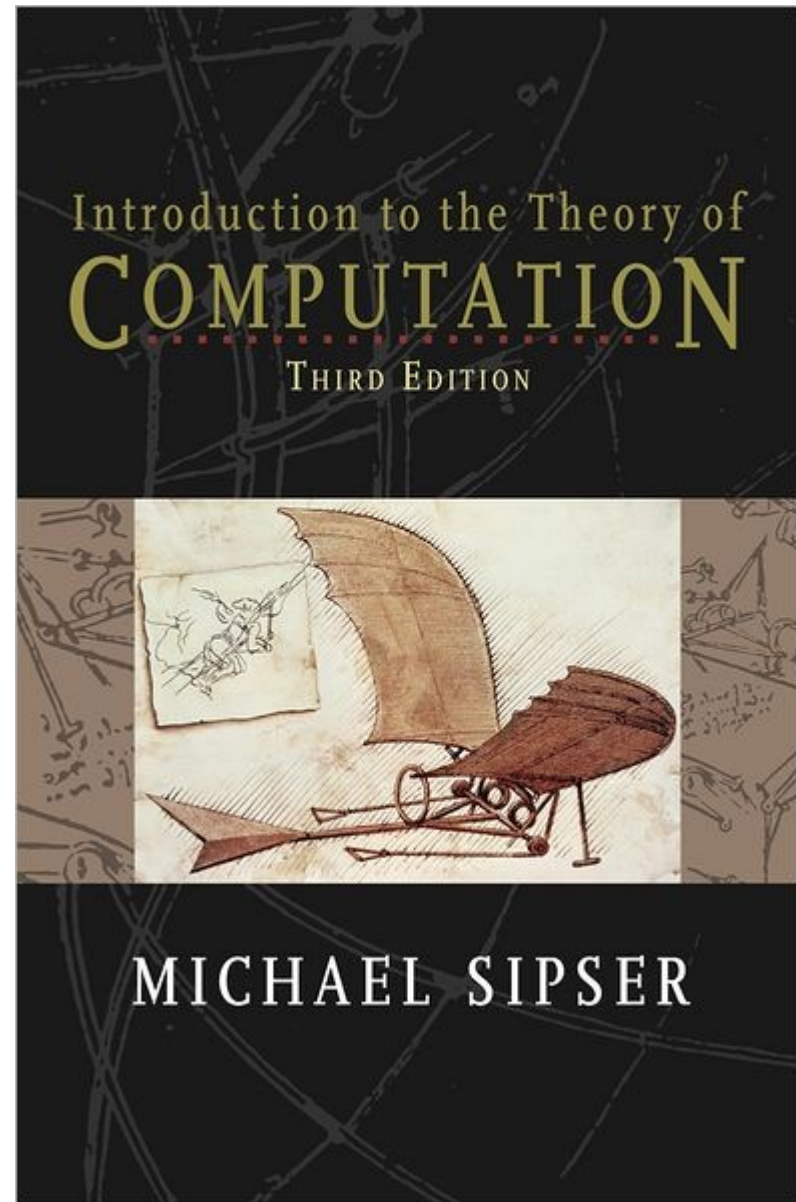
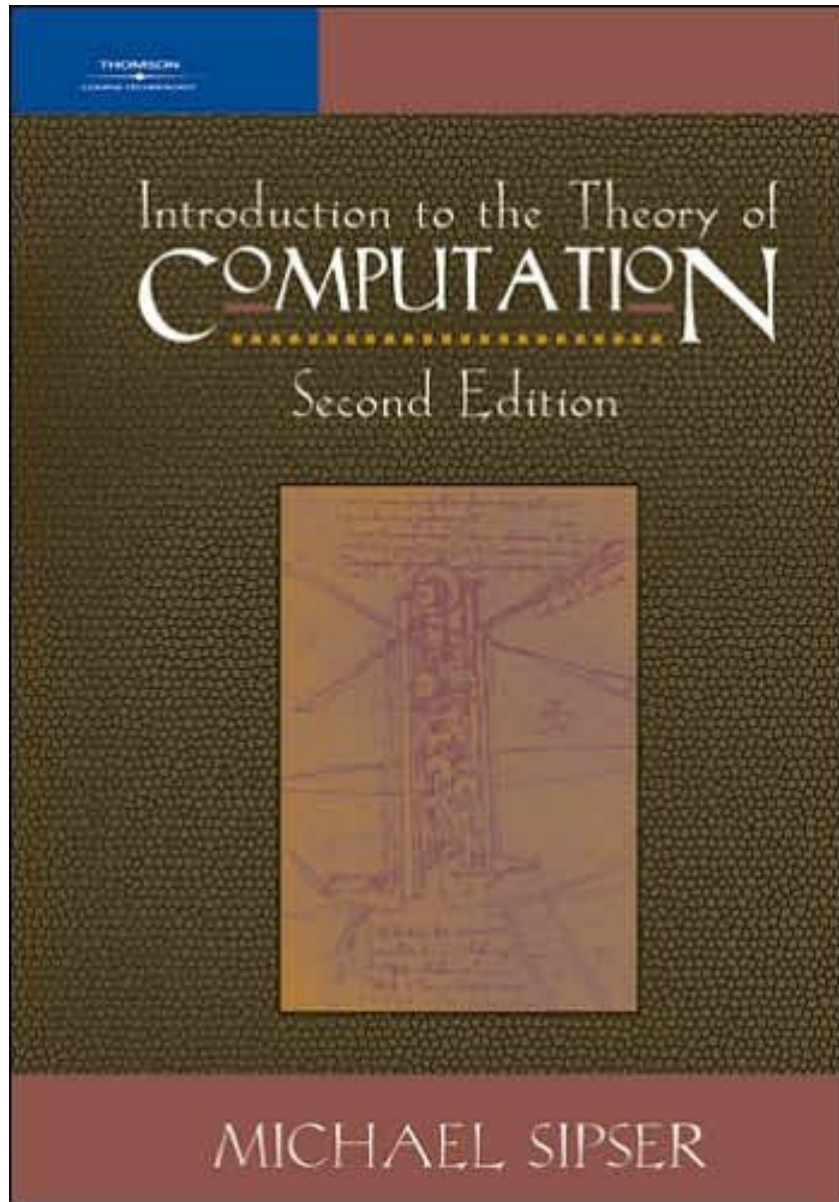
Prerequisite

CS106A

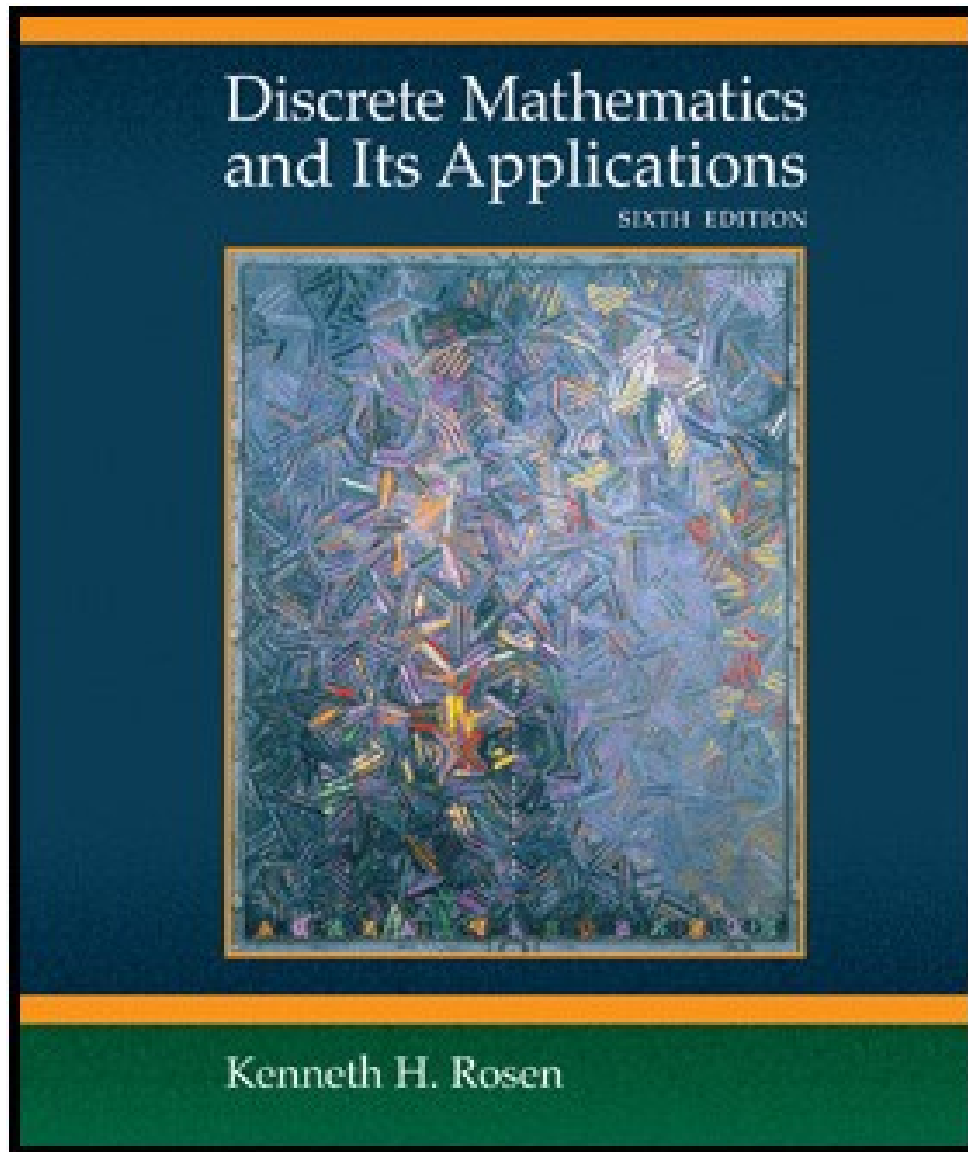
“Prerequisite”

CS106A

# Required Reading

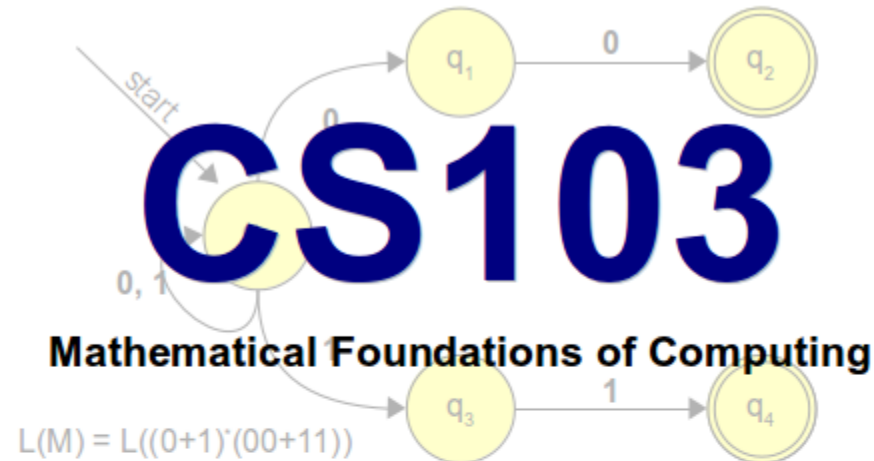


# Required Reading



(but just the first chapter)

# Online Course Notes



An exciting and fast-paced introduction to computability theory, and complexity theory. A great quarter ahead of us filled with interesting results in the power and limits of computation that you're able to join us.

In the meantime, feel free to email [cs103@berkeley.edu](mailto:cs103@berkeley.edu) with questions.

## Handouts

- [00: Course Information](#)
- [01: Syllabus](#)
- [02: Prior Experience Survey](#)

## Assignments

Coming soon!

## Resources

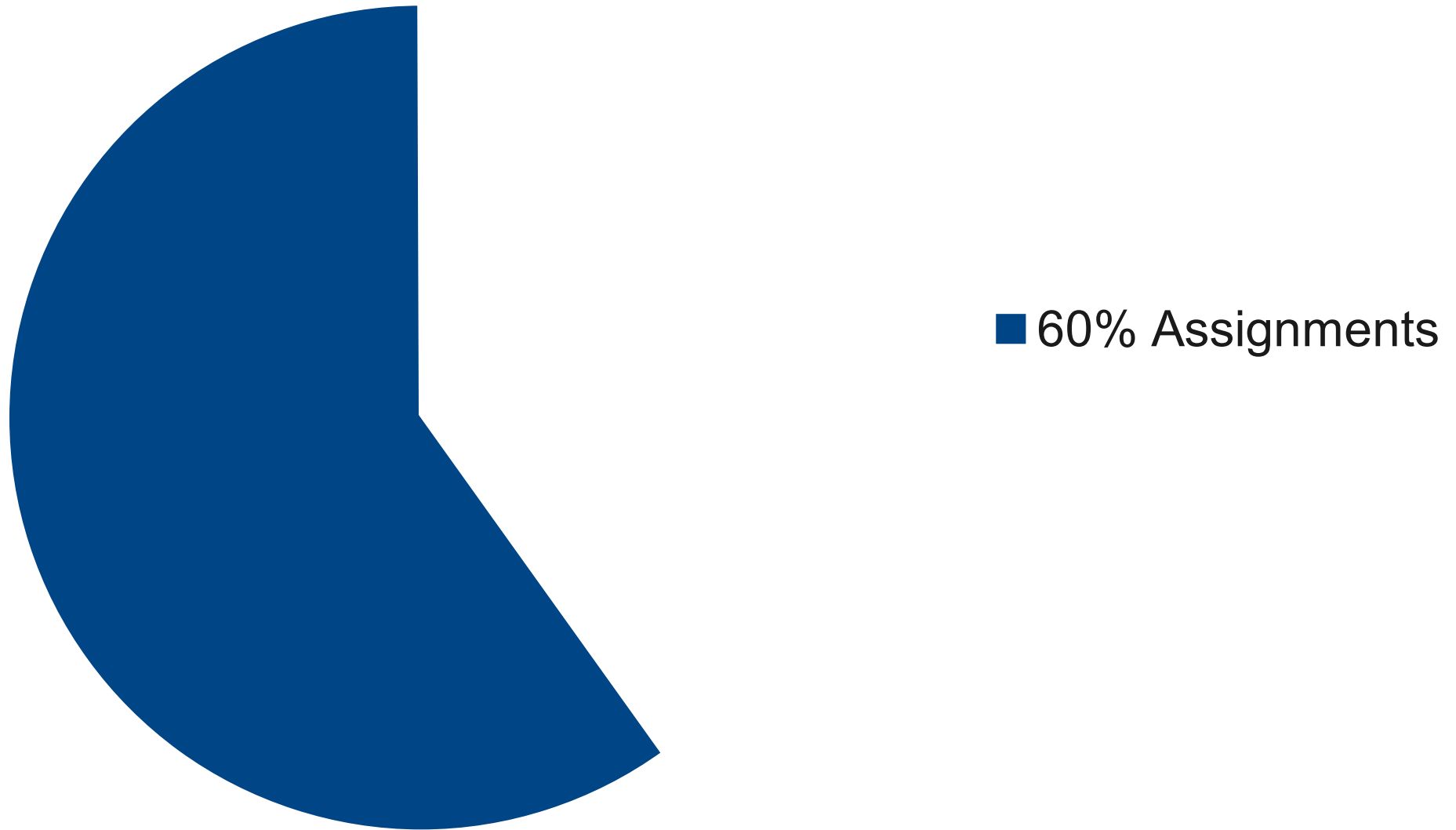
[Course Notes](#)

## Lectures

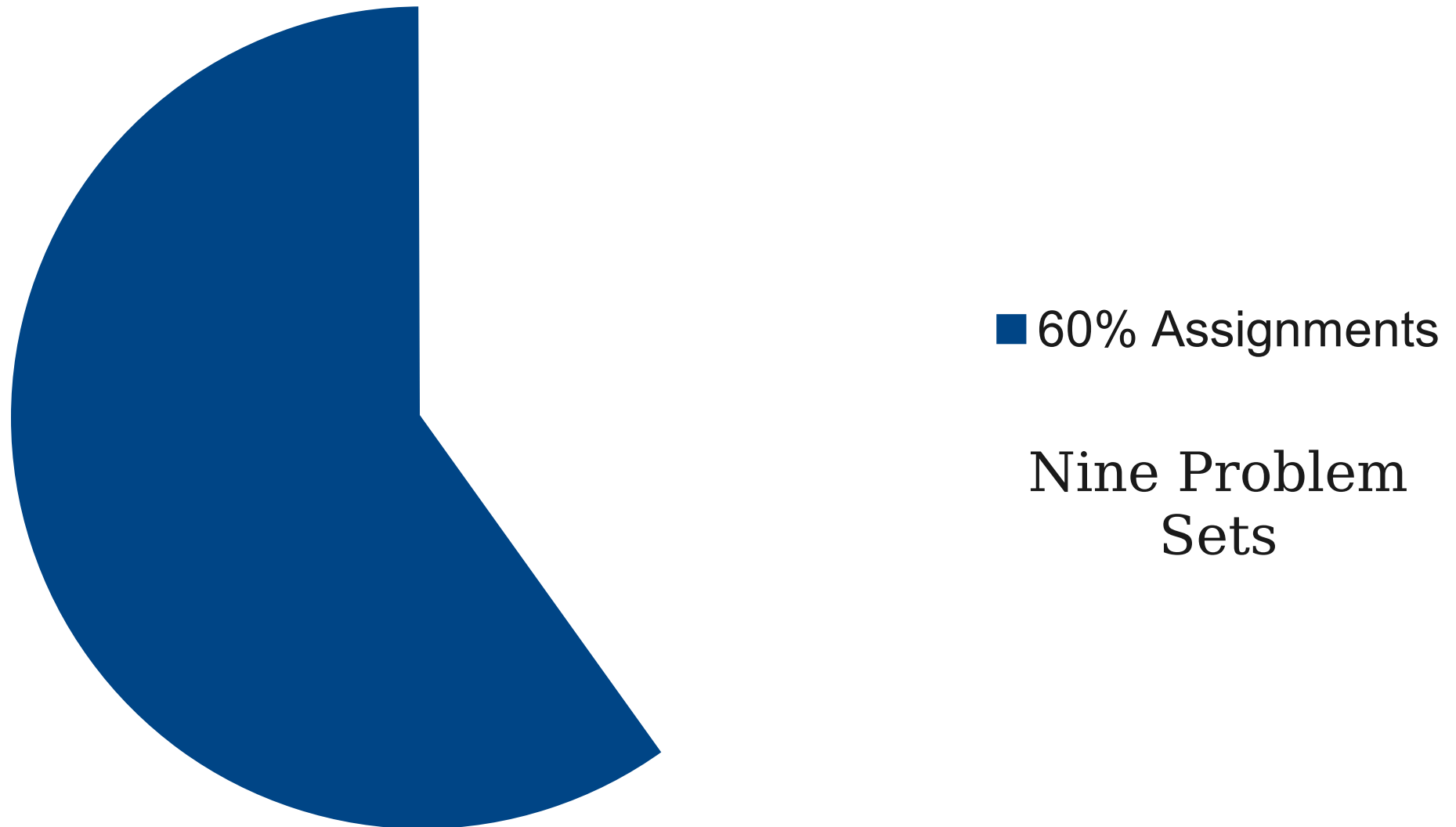
Coming soon!

# Grading Policies

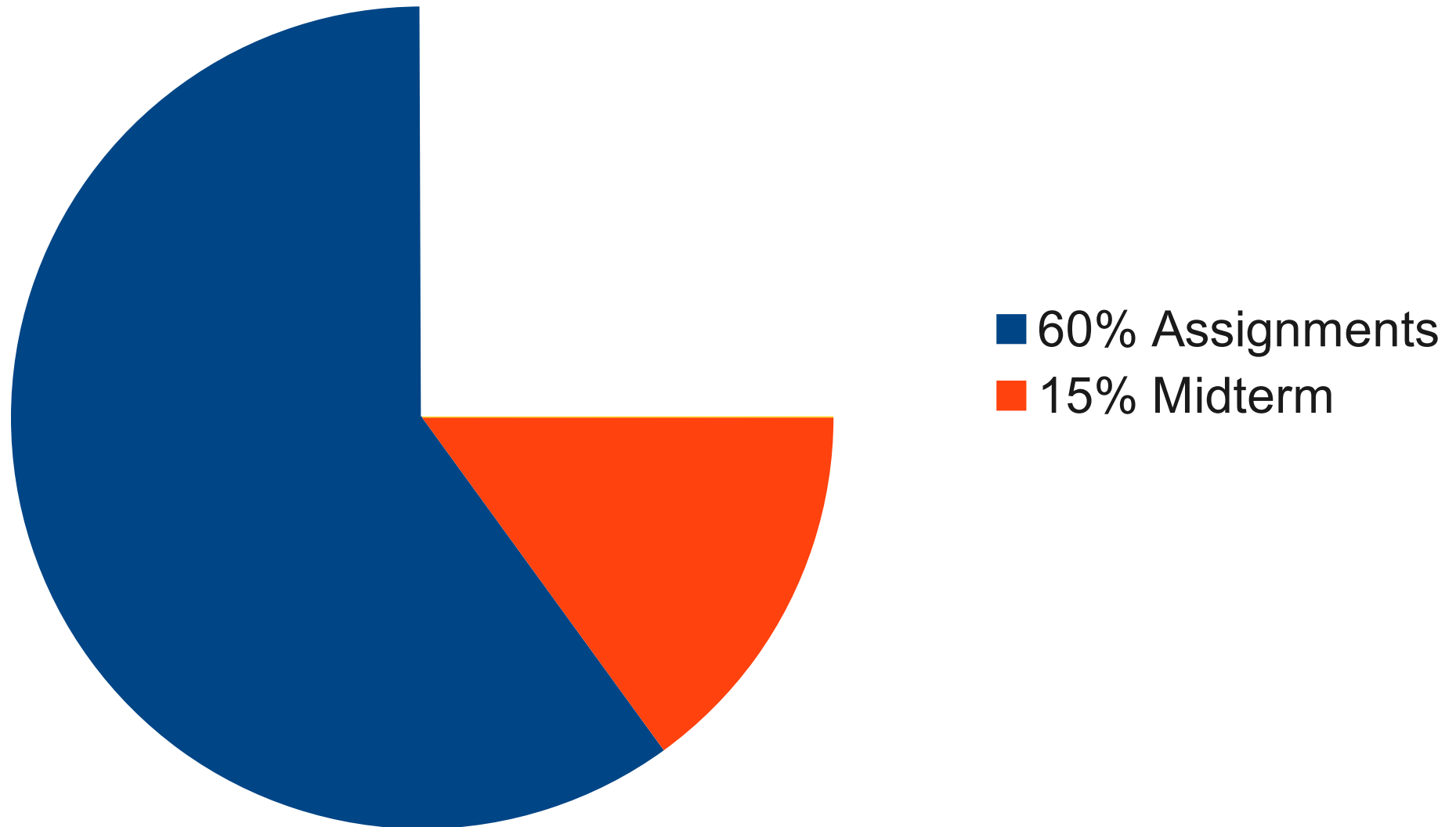
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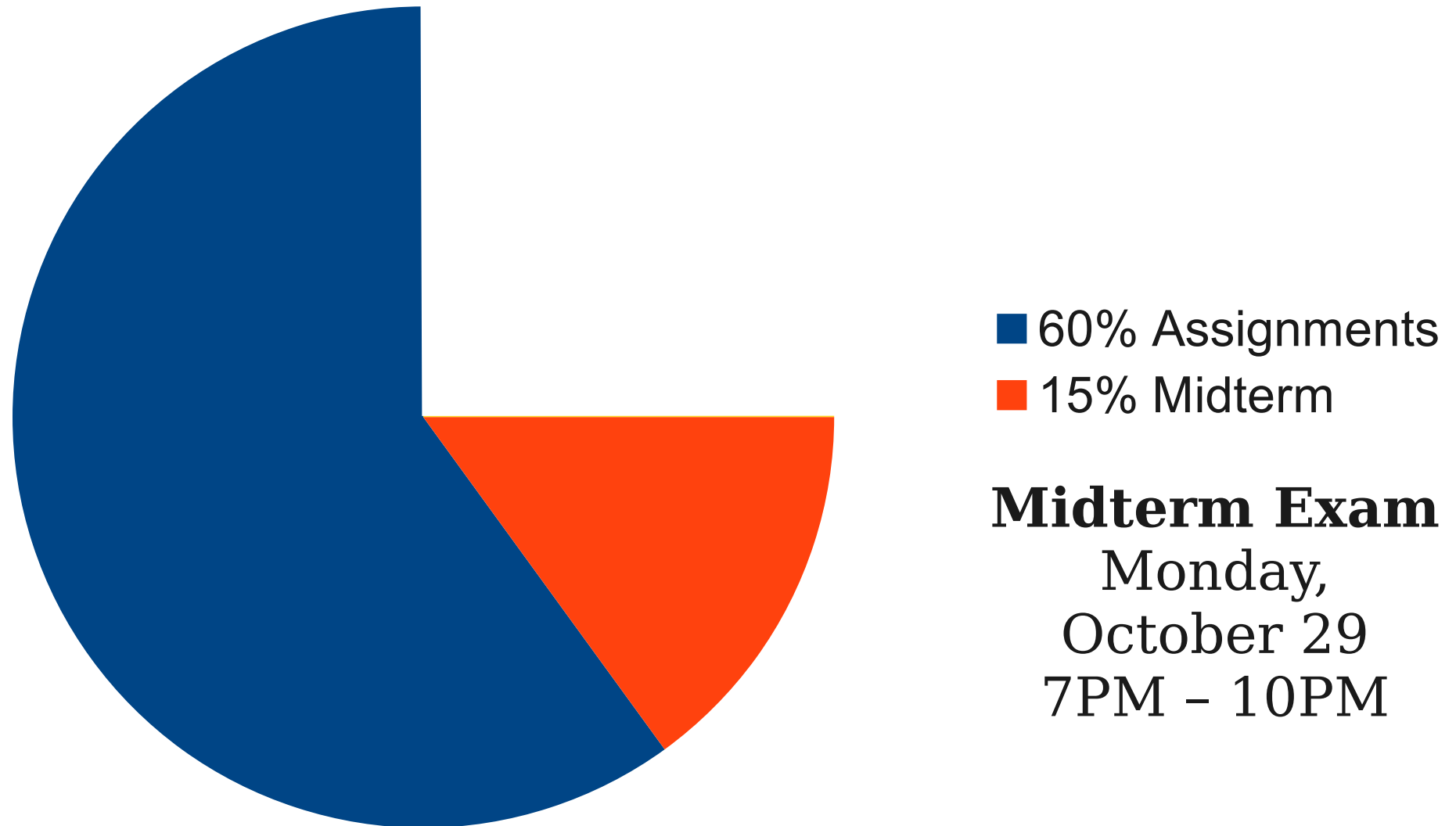
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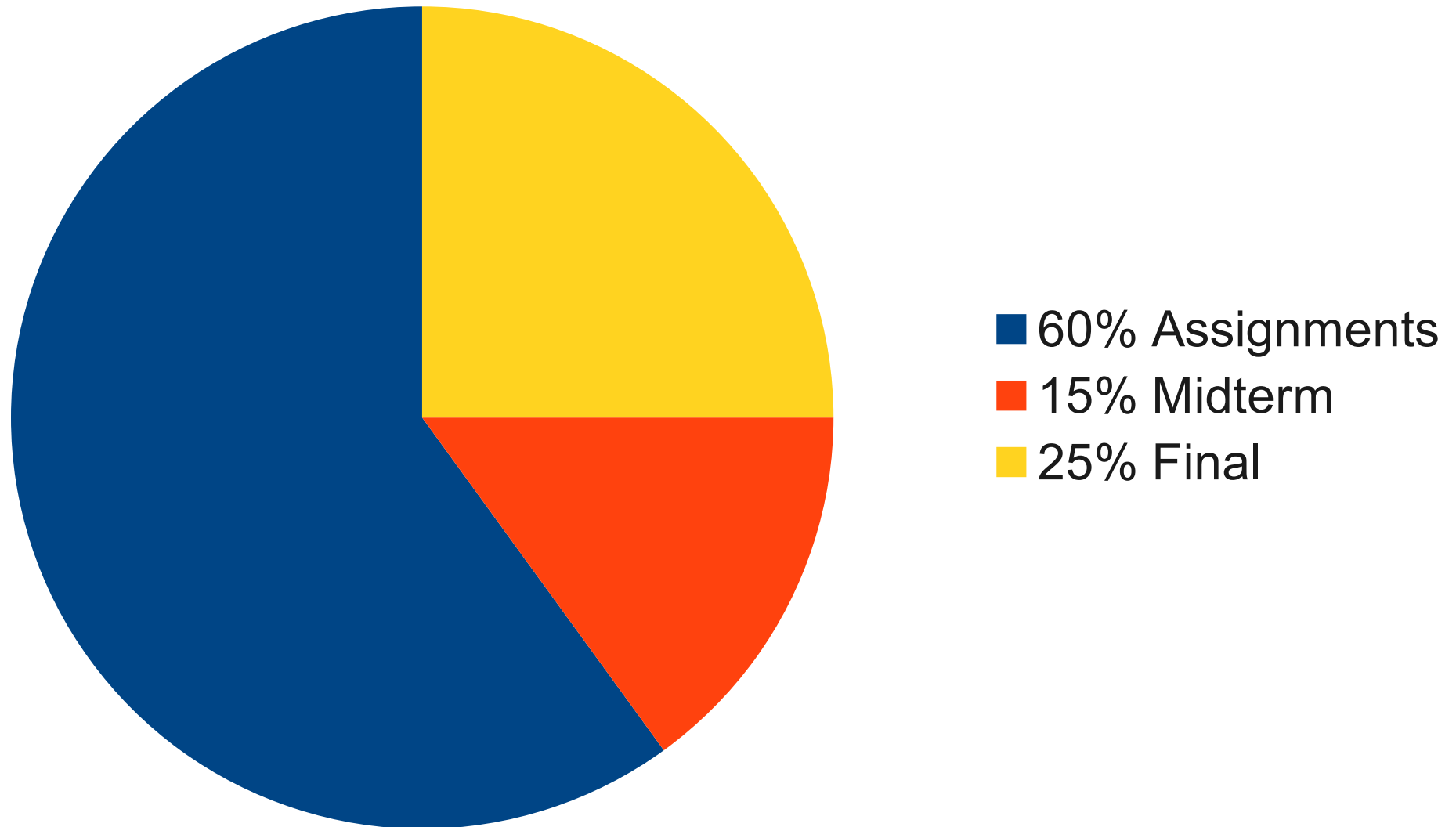
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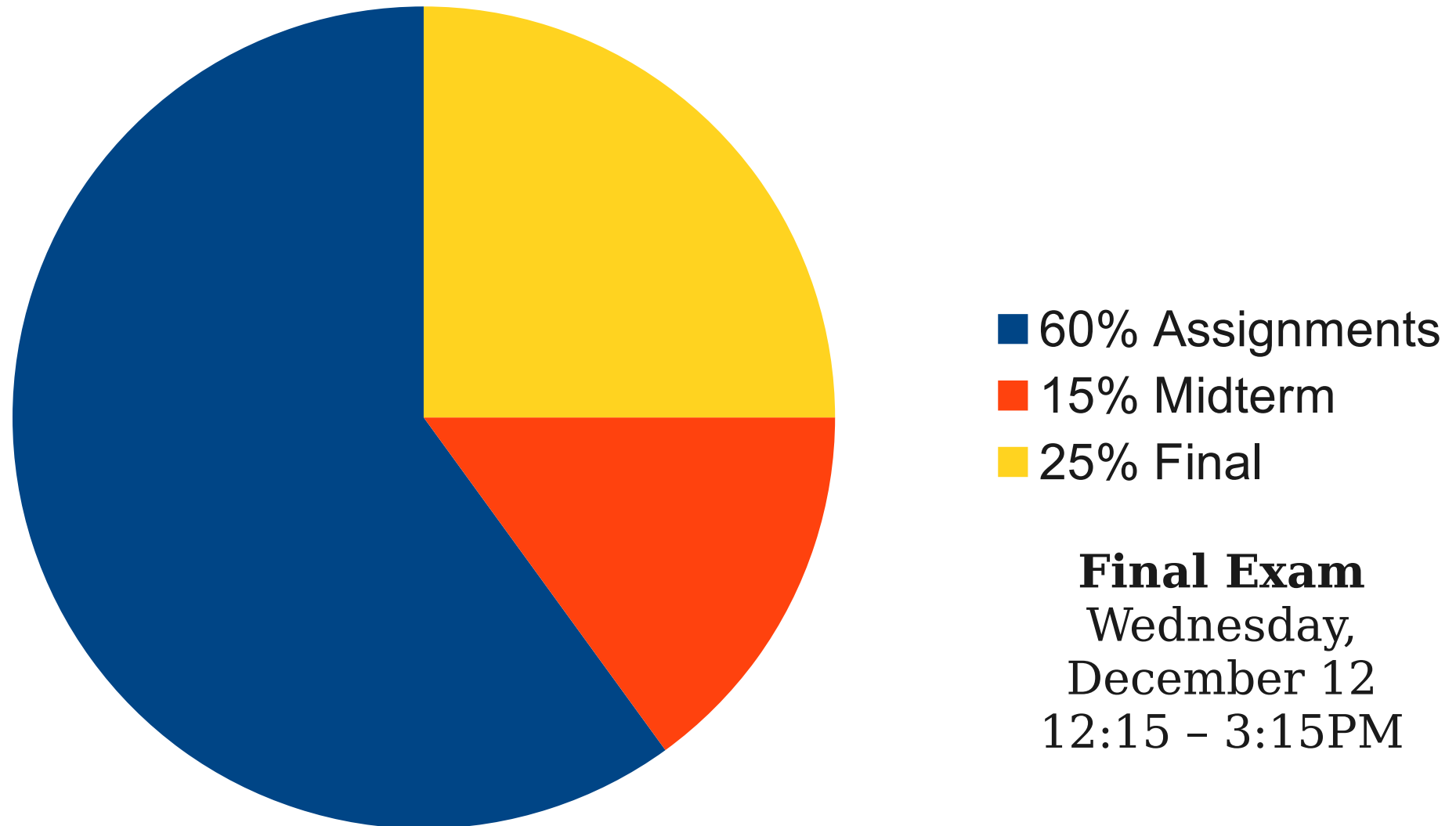
# Grading Policies



# Grading Policies



# Grading Policies



# Problem Sessions

**7:00 - 7:50PM in 380-380X**

Optional, but highly recommended.  
Starts next Monday.

# A Word on the Honor Code...

# A Word on the Honor Code...



# A Note to CS106B Students

# Goals for this Course

- Explore **mathematical structures** that arise in math and computing.
- Equip you with the **fundamental mathematical tools** to reason about problems that arise in computing.
- Explore the **limits of computing** and what can be computed.
- Explore the **inherent complexity** of problems and why some problems are harder than others.

# **Introduction to Set Theory**

“CS103 students”

“All the computers on the  
Stanford network.”

“Cool people”

“The chemical elements”

“Cute animals”

“US coins.”

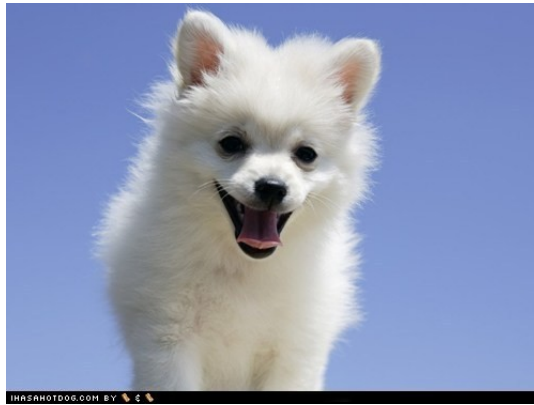
A **set** is an unordered collection of distinct objects, which may be anything (including other sets).



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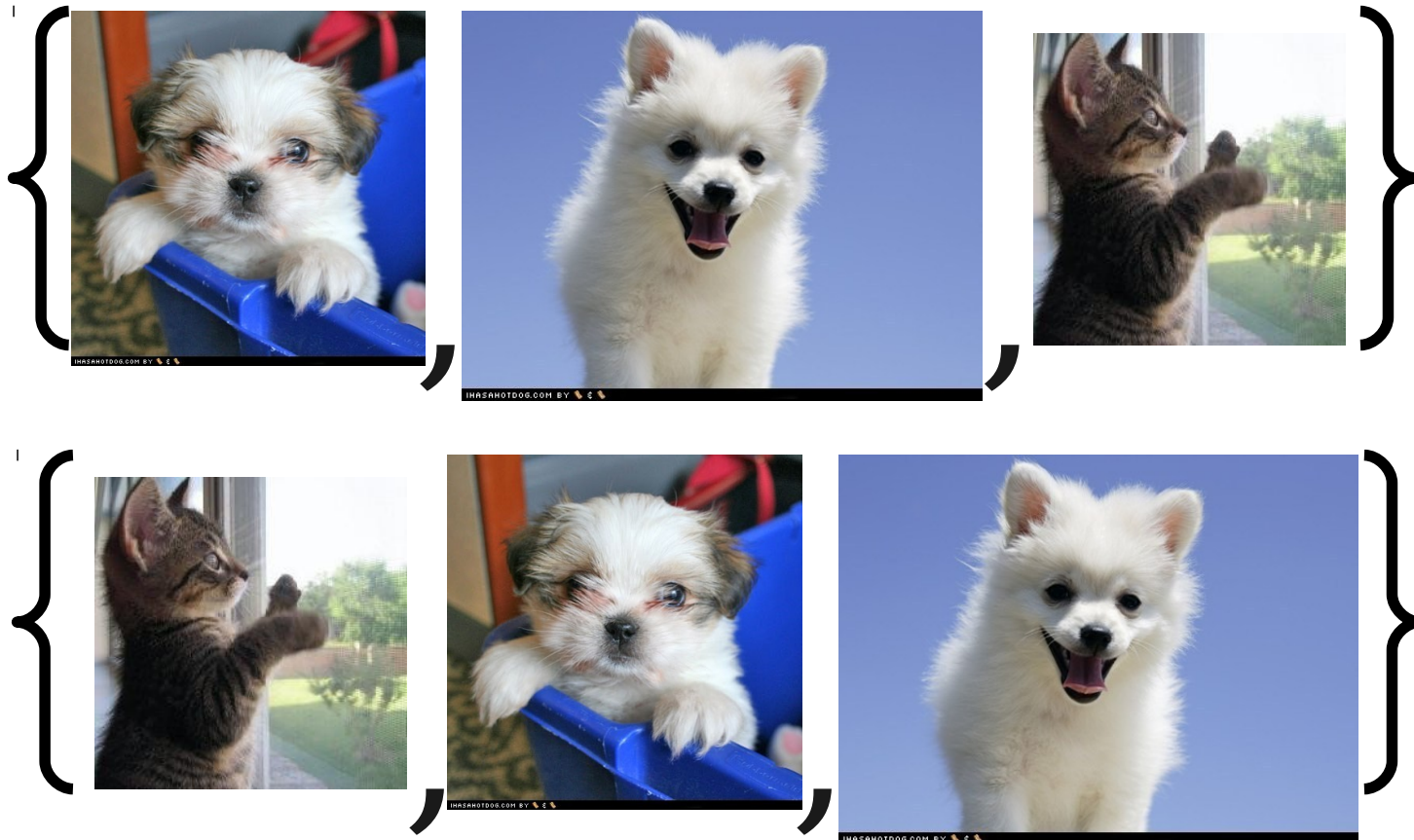


Set notation: Curly braces  
with commas separating out  
the elements

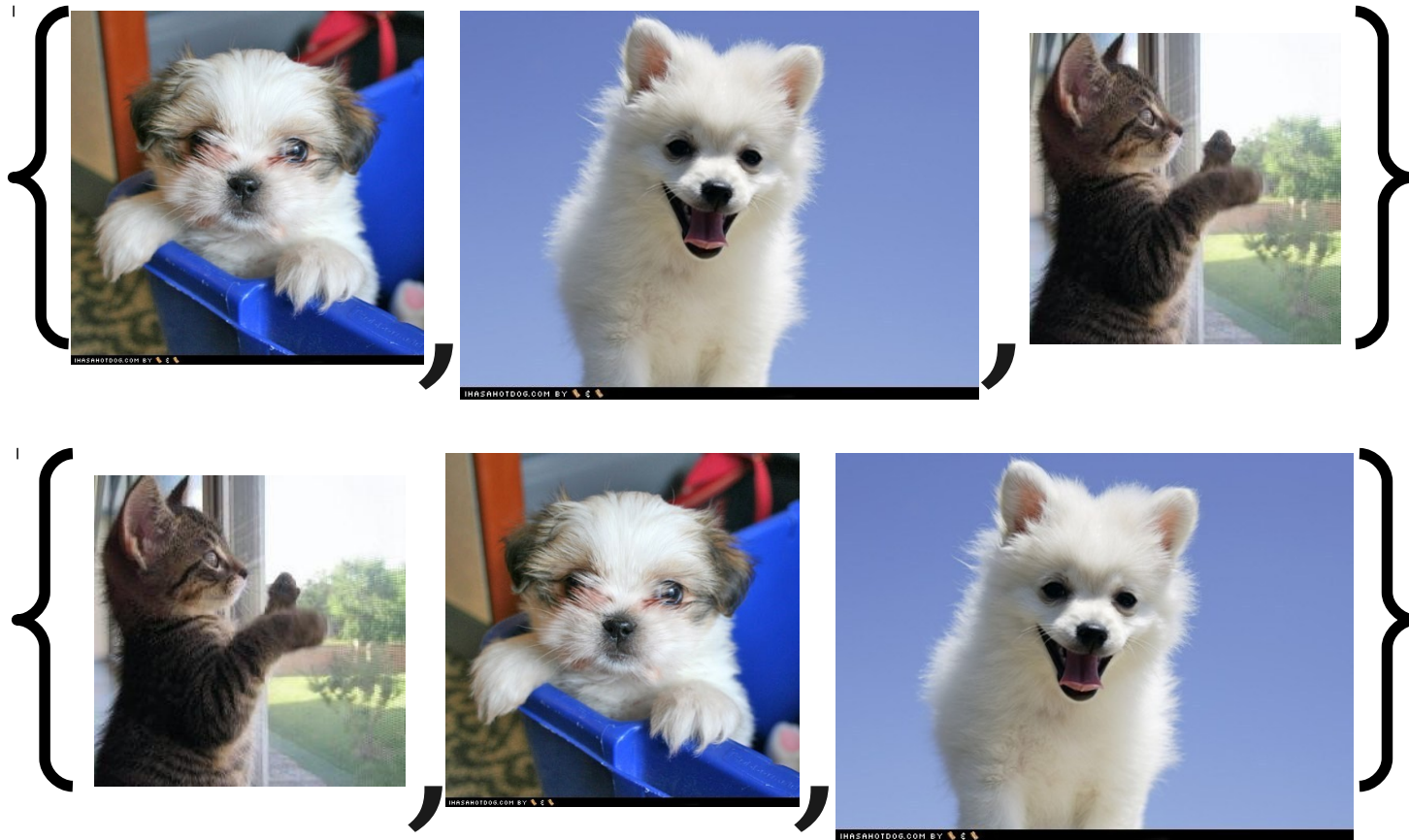
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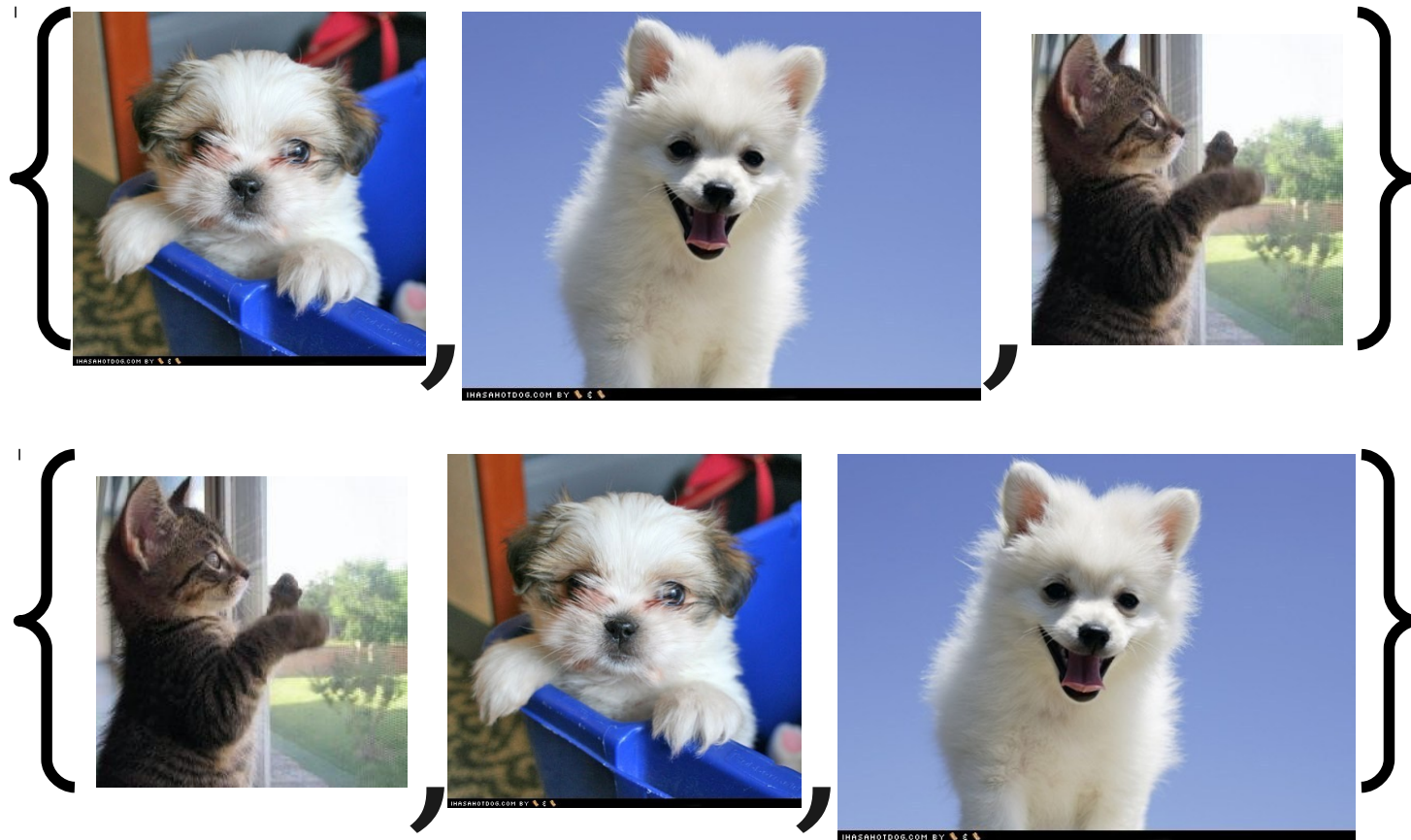
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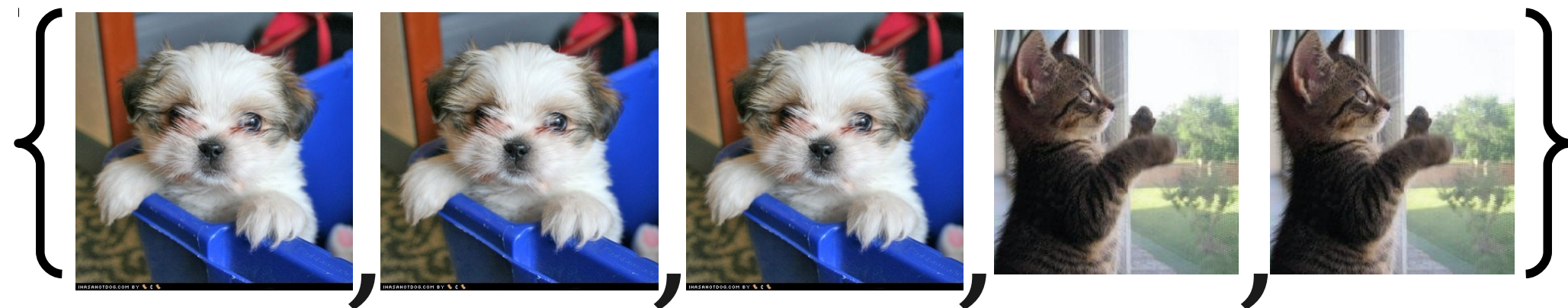
These are  
the same  
set!

A **set** is an **unordered** collection of distinct objects, which may be anything (including other sets).

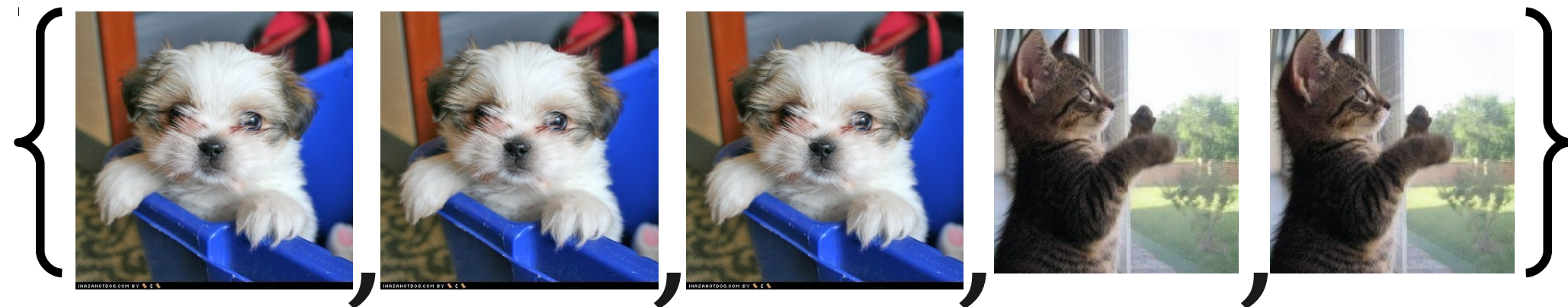
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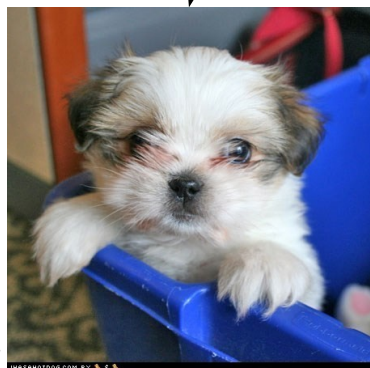
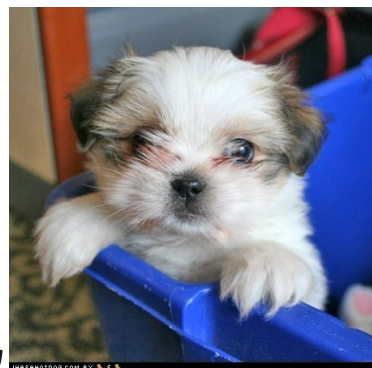
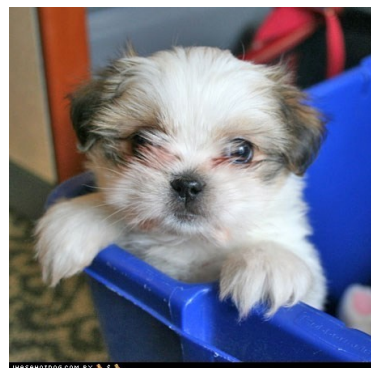
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A **set** is an unordered collection of **distinct** objects, which may be anything (including other sets).



These are the  
same set!



A **set** is an unordered collection of **distinct** objects, which may be anything (including other sets).

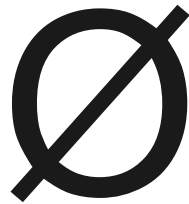
{ }

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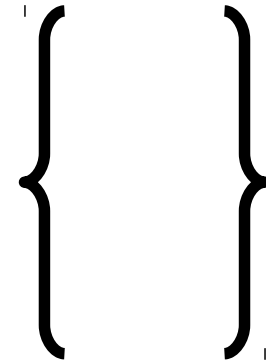
$\{\}$ 

The empty set  
contains no elements.

A **set** is an unordered collection of distinct objects, which may be anything (including other sets).

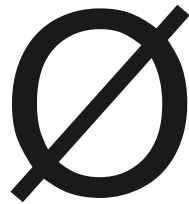


We denote it  
with this symbol

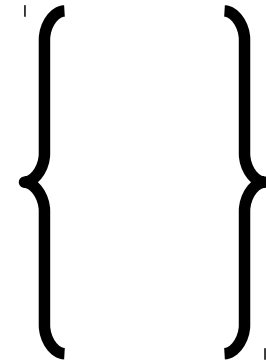


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$\equiv$

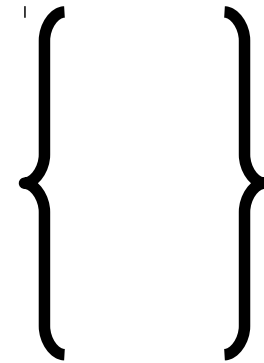
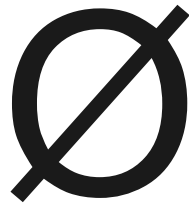


We denote it  
with this symbol

The empty set  
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This symbol means "is defined as"



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# Membership

# Membership



# Membership



Is



in this set?

# Membership



Is  in this set?

# Membership



# Membership



Is



in this set?

# Set Membership

- Given a set  $S$  and an object  $x$ , we write

$$x \in S$$

if  $x$  is contained in  $S$ , and

$$x \notin S$$

otherwise.

- If  $x \in S$ , we say that  $x$  is an **element** of  $S$ .
- Given any object and any set, either that object is in the set or it isn't.

# Infinite Sets

- Sets can be infinitely large.
- The **natural numbers**,  $\mathbb{N}$ :  $\{ 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots \}$ 
  - Some authors (including Sipser) don't include zero; in this class, assume that 0 is a natural number.
- The **integers**,  $\mathbb{Z}$ :  $\{ \dots, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, \dots \}$ 
  - Z is from German “Zahlen.”
- The **real numbers**,  $\mathbb{R}$ , including rational and irrational numbers.

# Constructing Sets from Other Sets

- Consider these English descriptions:
  - “All even numbers.”
  - “All real numbers less than 137.”
  - “All negative integers.”
- We can't list their (infinitely many!) elements.
- How would we rigorously describe them?

# The Set of Even Numbers

$$\{ x \mid x \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } x \text{ is even} \}$$

# The Set of Even Numbers

$$\{ \mathbf{x} \mid x \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } x \text{ is even} \}$$

The set of all  $x$



# The Set of Even Numbers

$$\{ \mathbf{x} \mid x \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } x \text{ is even} \}$$

The set of all  $x$

where

# The Set of Even Numbers

$$\{ \textcolor{olive}{x} \mid \textcolor{violet}{x} \in \textcolor{violet}{N} \text{ and } x \text{ is even} \}$$

The set of all  $x$

where

$x$  is in the set of  
natural numbers

# The Set of Even Numbers

$$\{ \textcolor{olive}{x} \mid \textcolor{violet}{x} \in \textcolor{violet}{\mathbb{N}} \text{ and } \textcolor{teal}{x} \text{ is even} \}$$

The set of all  $x$

where

$x$  is in the set of  
natural numbers

and  $x$  is even

# Set Builder Notation

- A set may be specified in **set-builder notation**:

$$\{ x \mid \textit{some property } x \textit{ satisfies} \}$$

- For example:

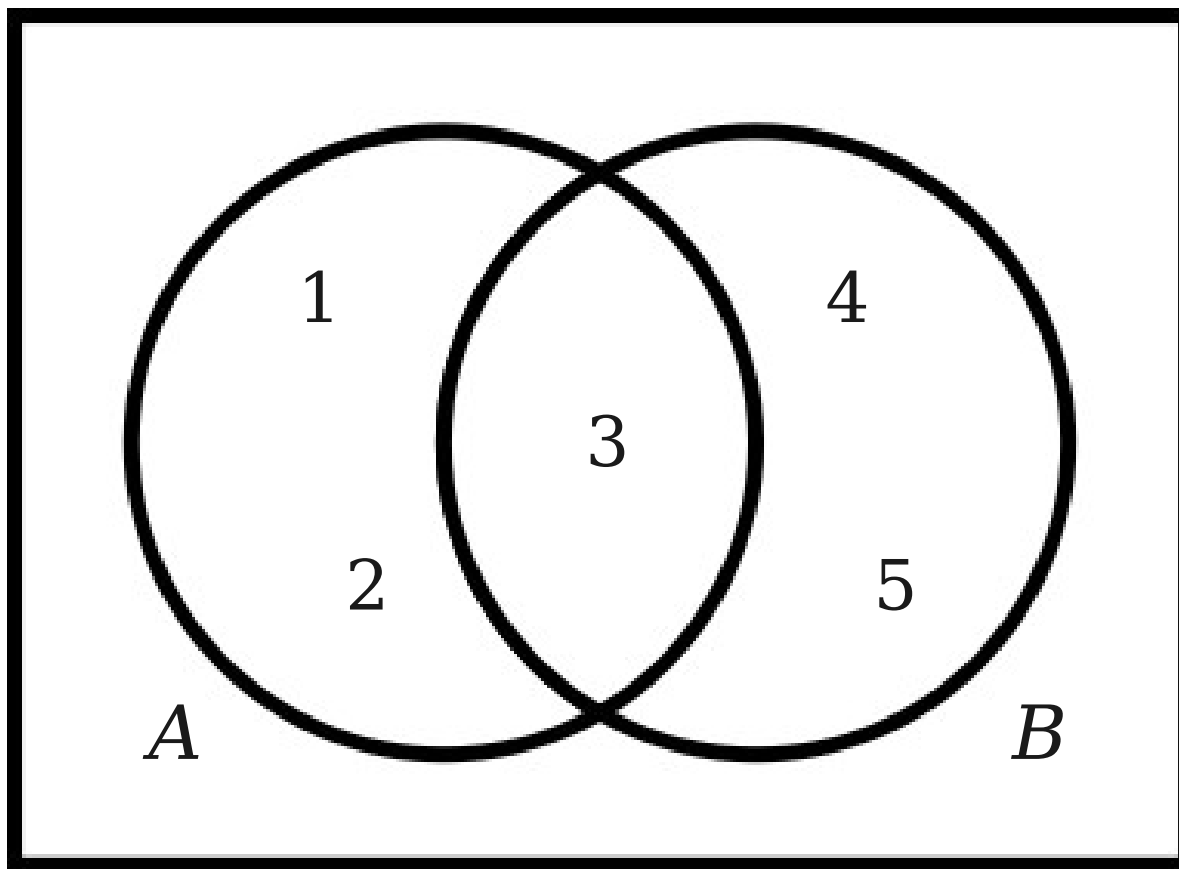
$$\{ r \mid r \in \mathbb{R}, r < 137 \}$$

$$\{ n \mid n \text{ is a perfect square} \}$$

$$\{ x \mid x \text{ is a set of US currency} \}$$

# Combining Sets

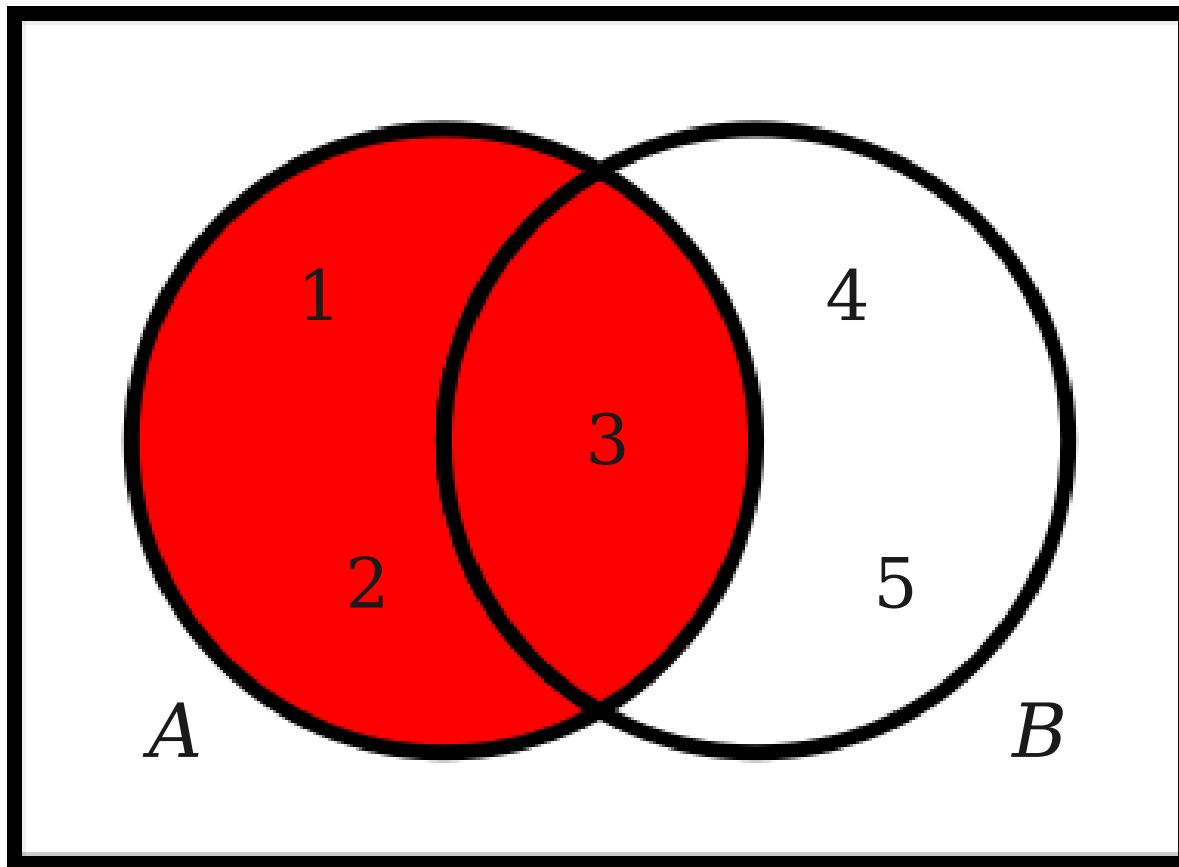
# Venn Diagrams



$$A = \{ 1, 2, 3 \}$$

$$B = \{ 3, 4, 5 \}$$

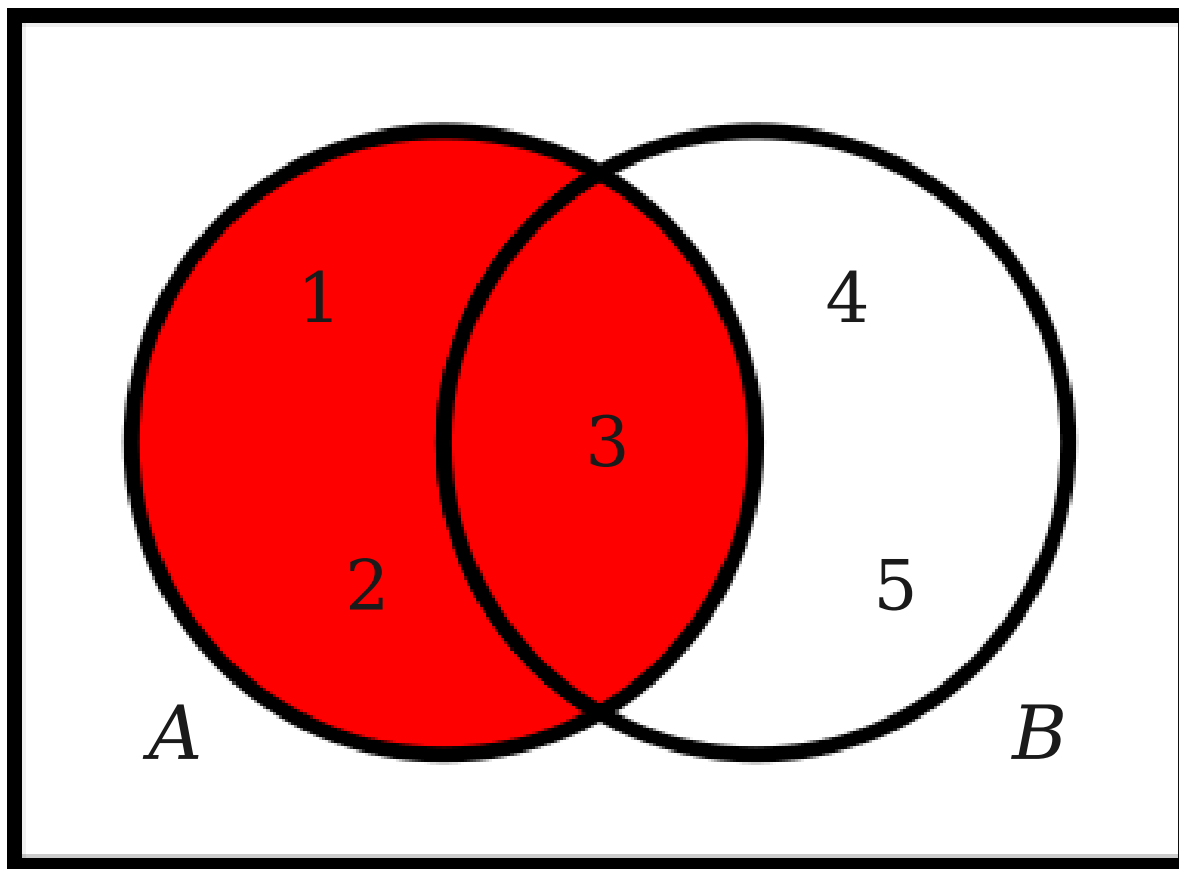
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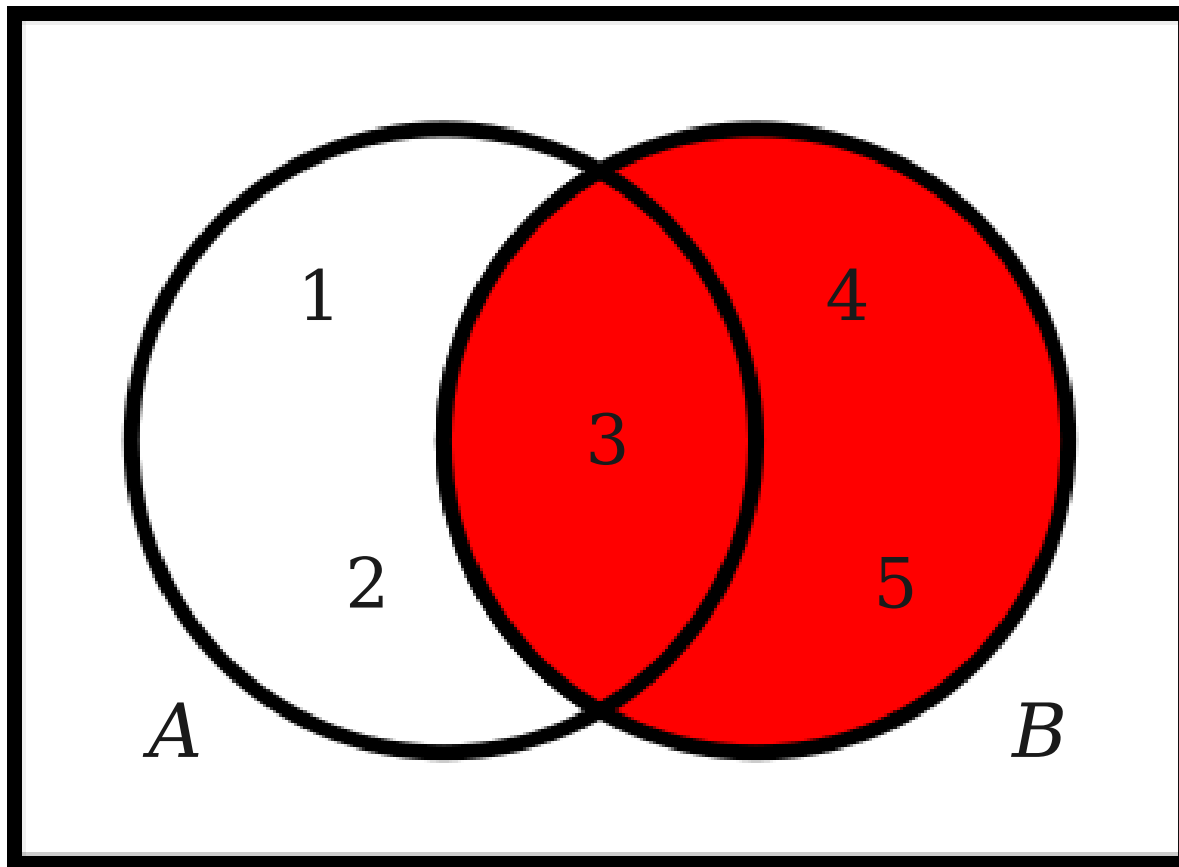


*A*

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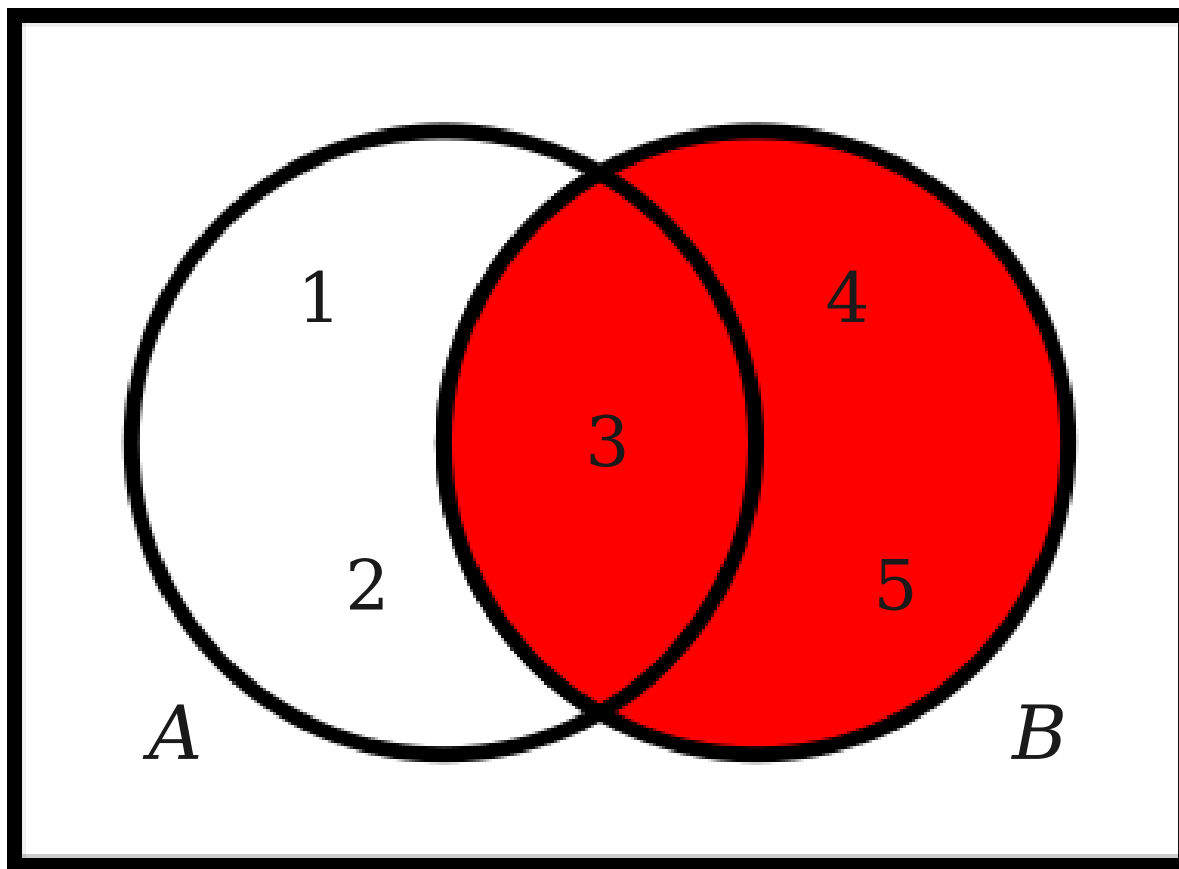
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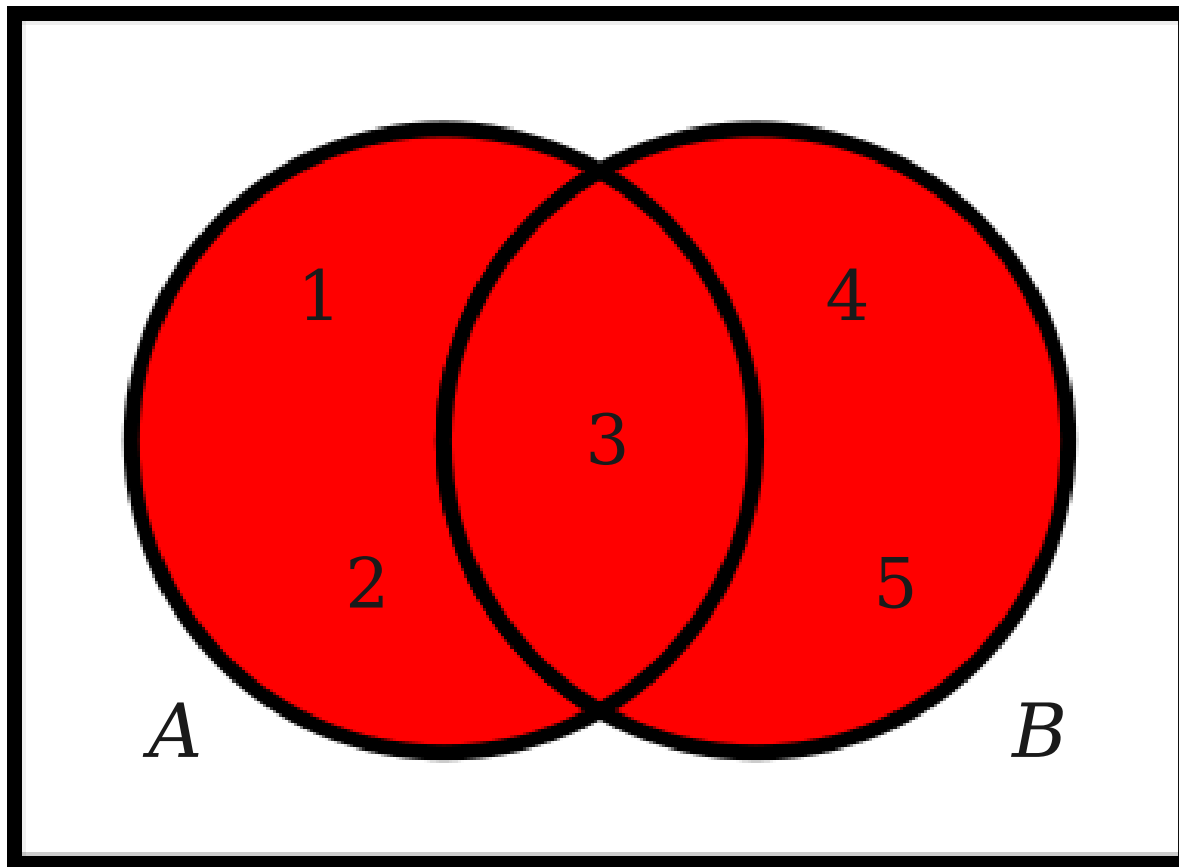


*B*

$$A = \{ 1, 2, 3 \}$$

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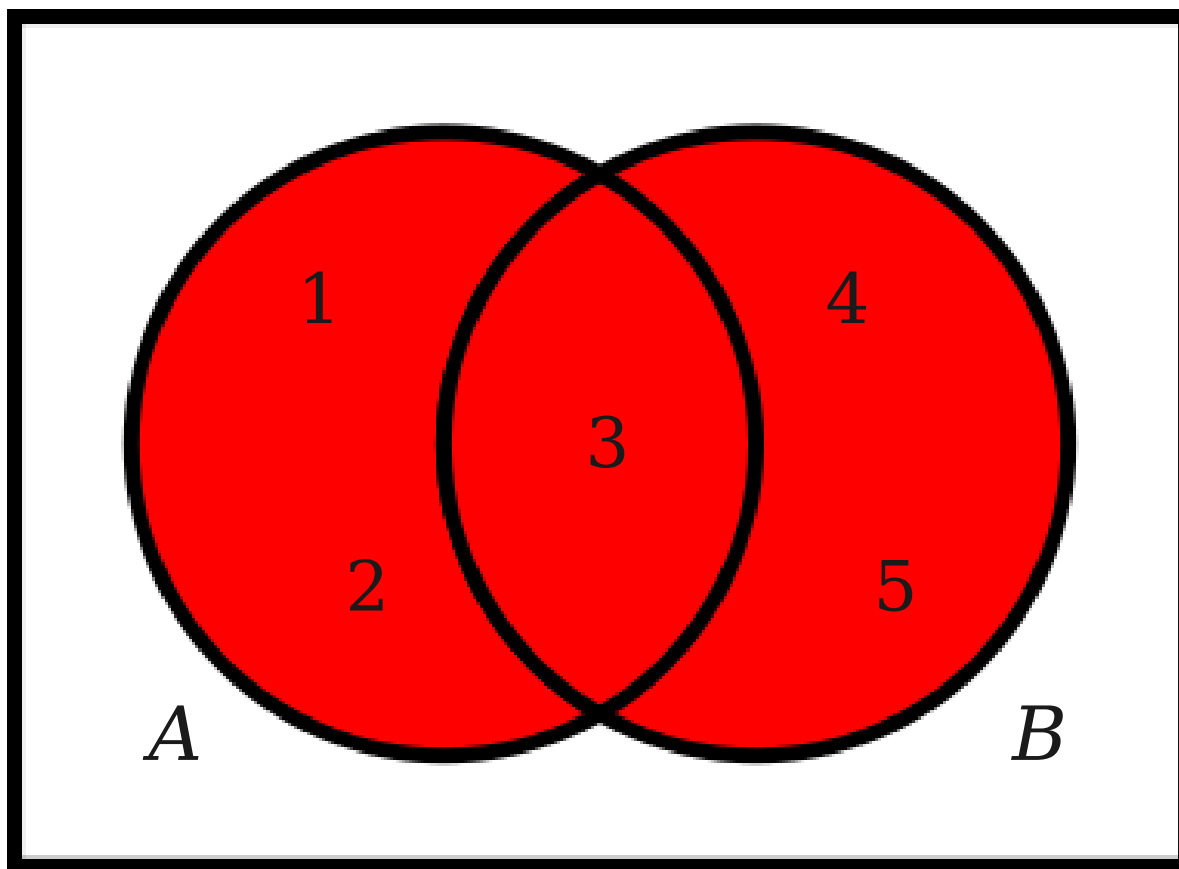
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$$A = \{ 1, 2, 3 \}$$

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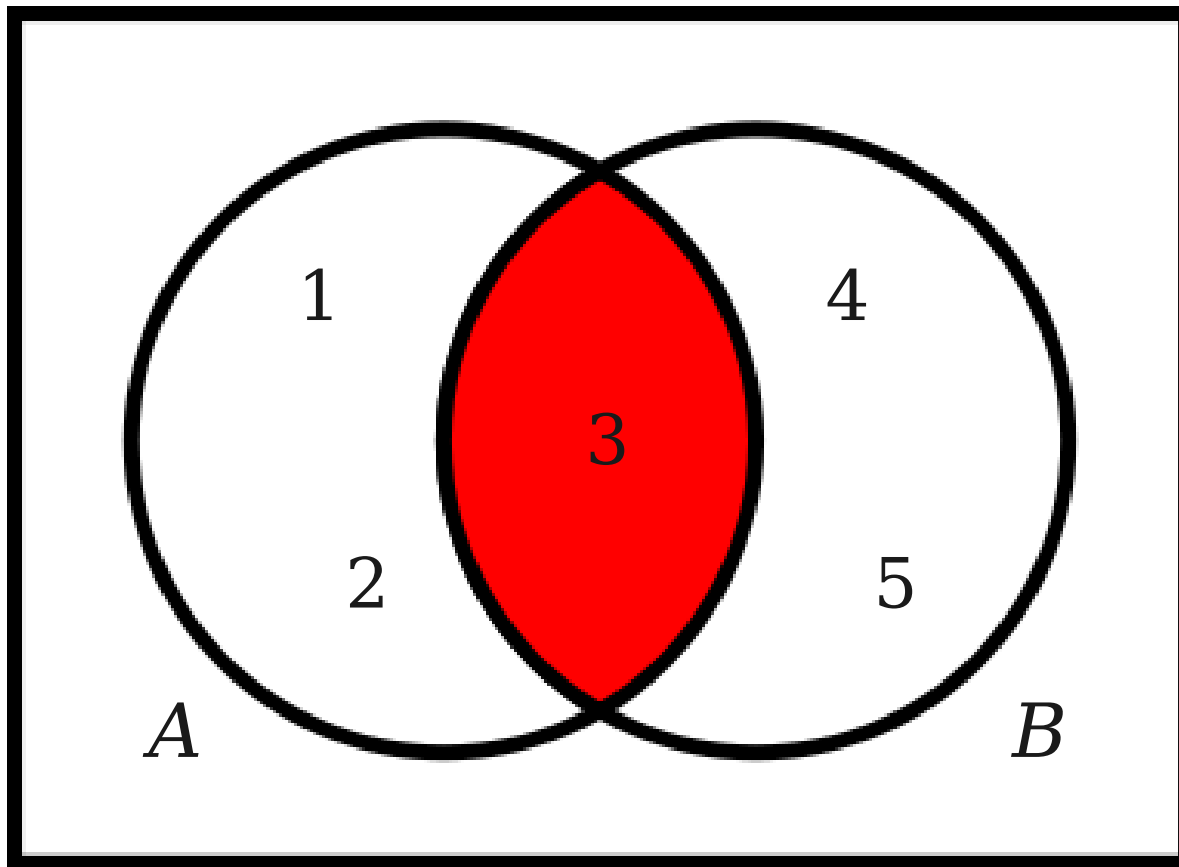
# Venn Diagrams



Union  
 $A \cup B$   
 $\{ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 \}$

$$A = \{ 1, 2, 3 \}$$
$$B = \{ 3, 4, 5 \}$$

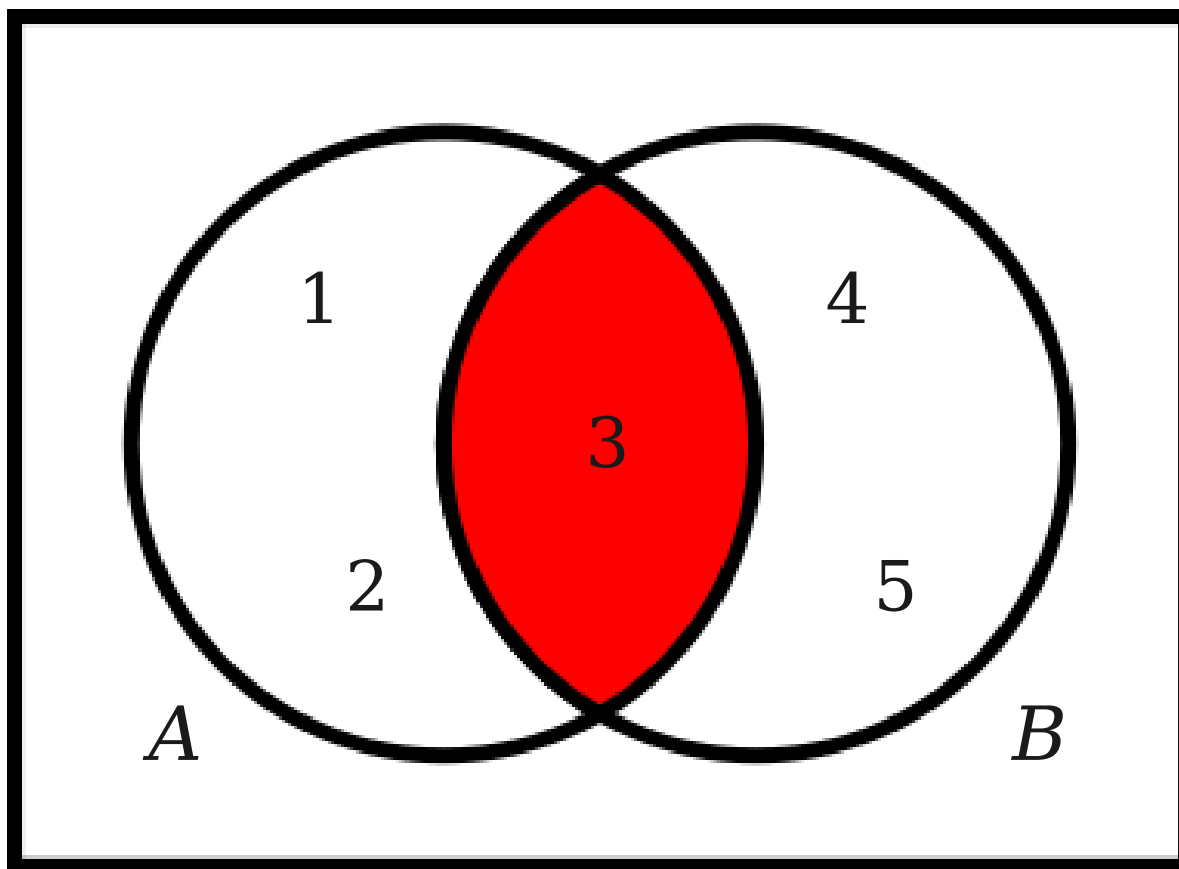
# Venn Diagrams



$$A = \{ 1, 2, 3 \}$$

$$B = \{ 3, 4, 5 \}$$

# Venn Diagrams



Intersection

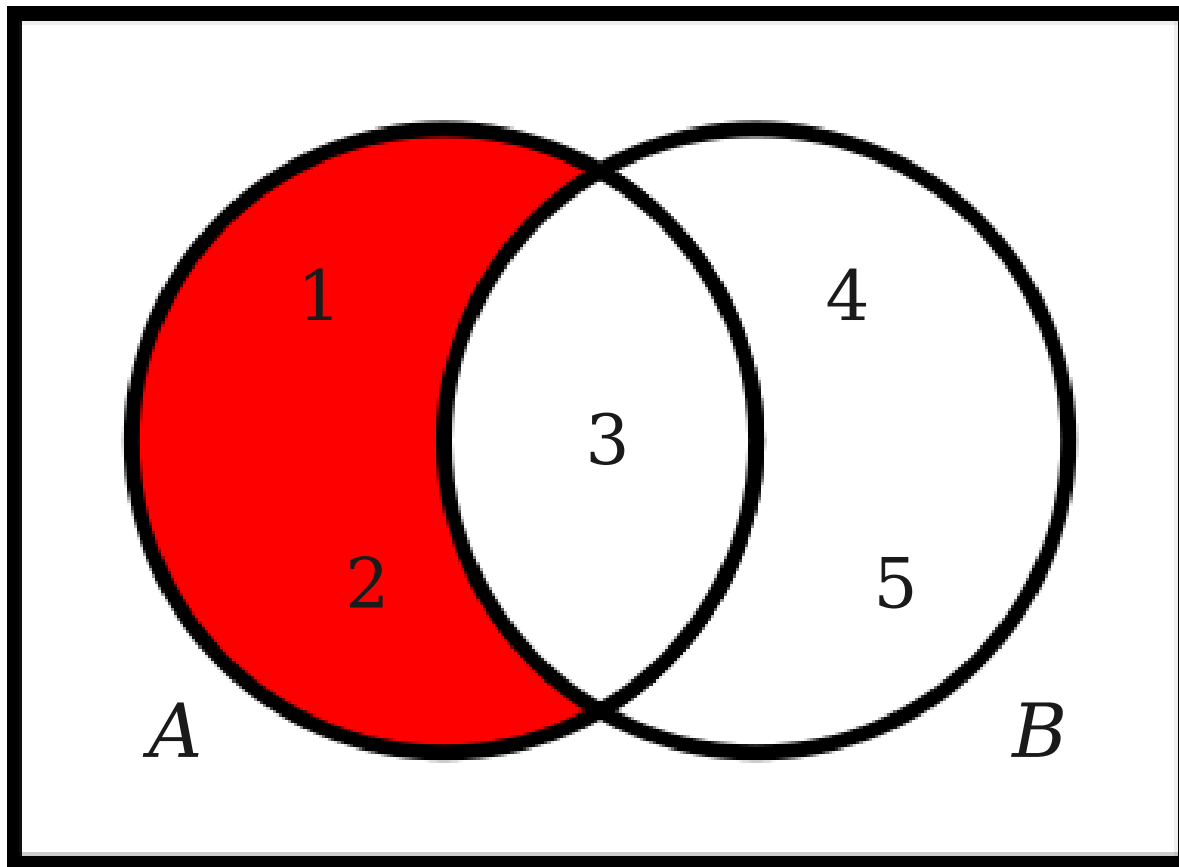
$$A \cap B$$

$$\{ 3 \}$$

$$A = \{ 1, 2, 3 \}$$

$$B = \{ 3, 4, 5 \}$$

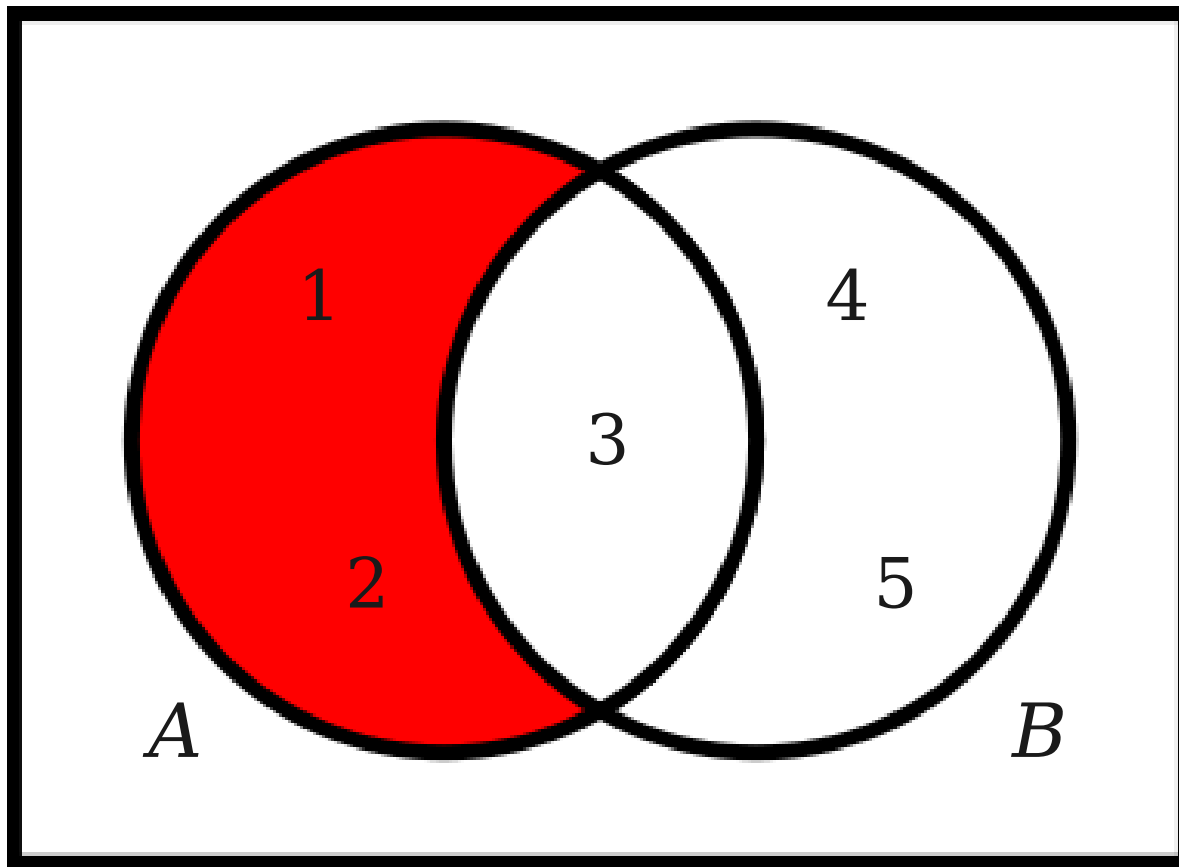
# Venn Diagrams



$$A = \{ 1, 2, 3 \}$$

$$B = \{ 3, 4, 5 \}$$

# Venn Diagrams



Difference

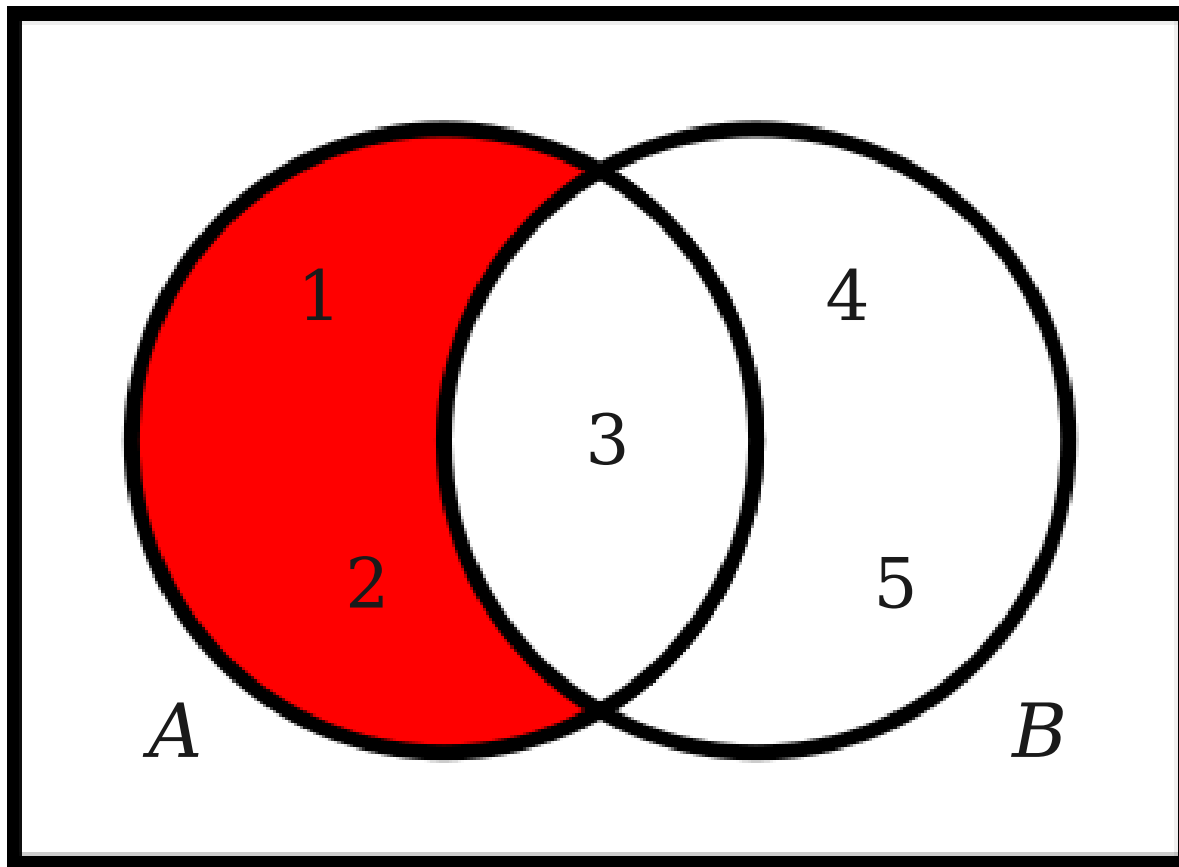
$$A - B$$

$$\{ 1, 2 \}$$

$$A = \{ 1, 2, 3 \}$$

$$B = \{ 3, 4, 5 \}$$

# Venn Diagrams



Difference

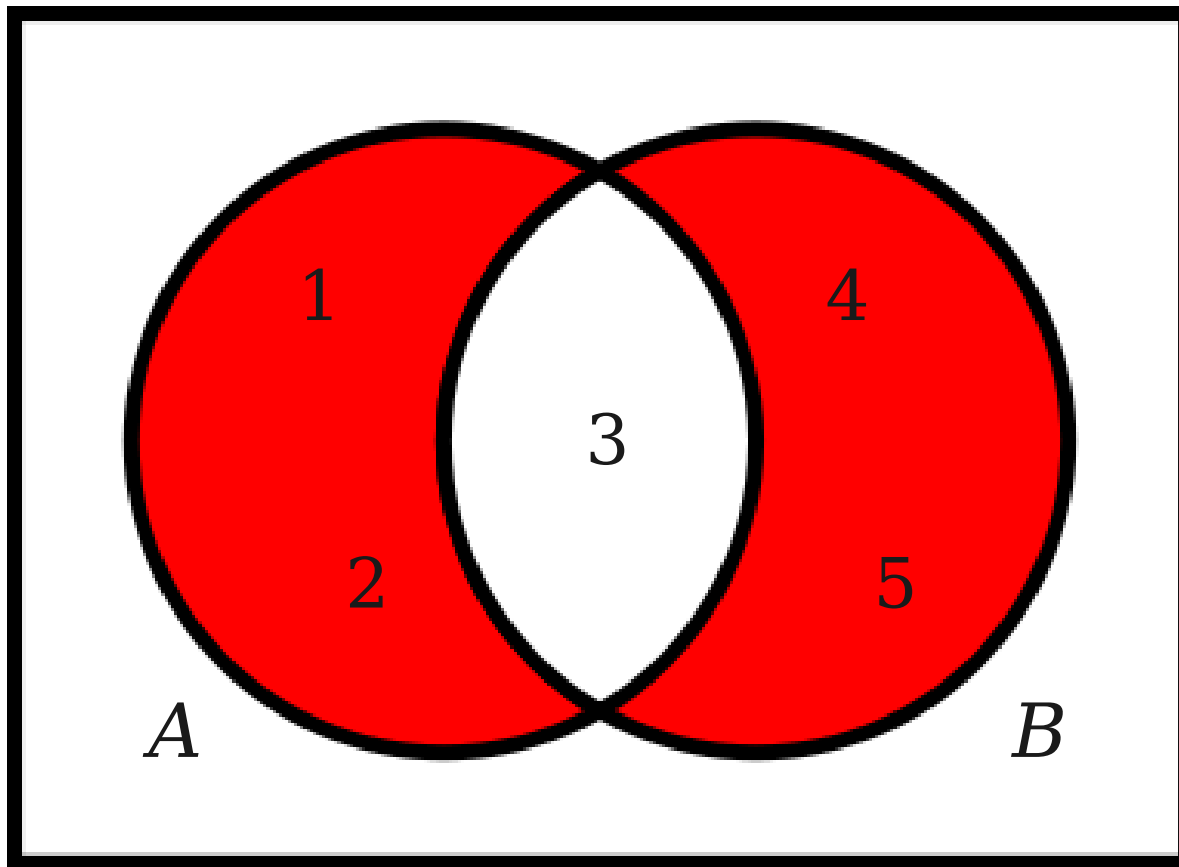
$$A \setminus B$$

$$\{ 1, 2 \}$$

$$A = \{ 1, 2, 3 \}$$

$$B = \{ 3, 4, 5 \}$$

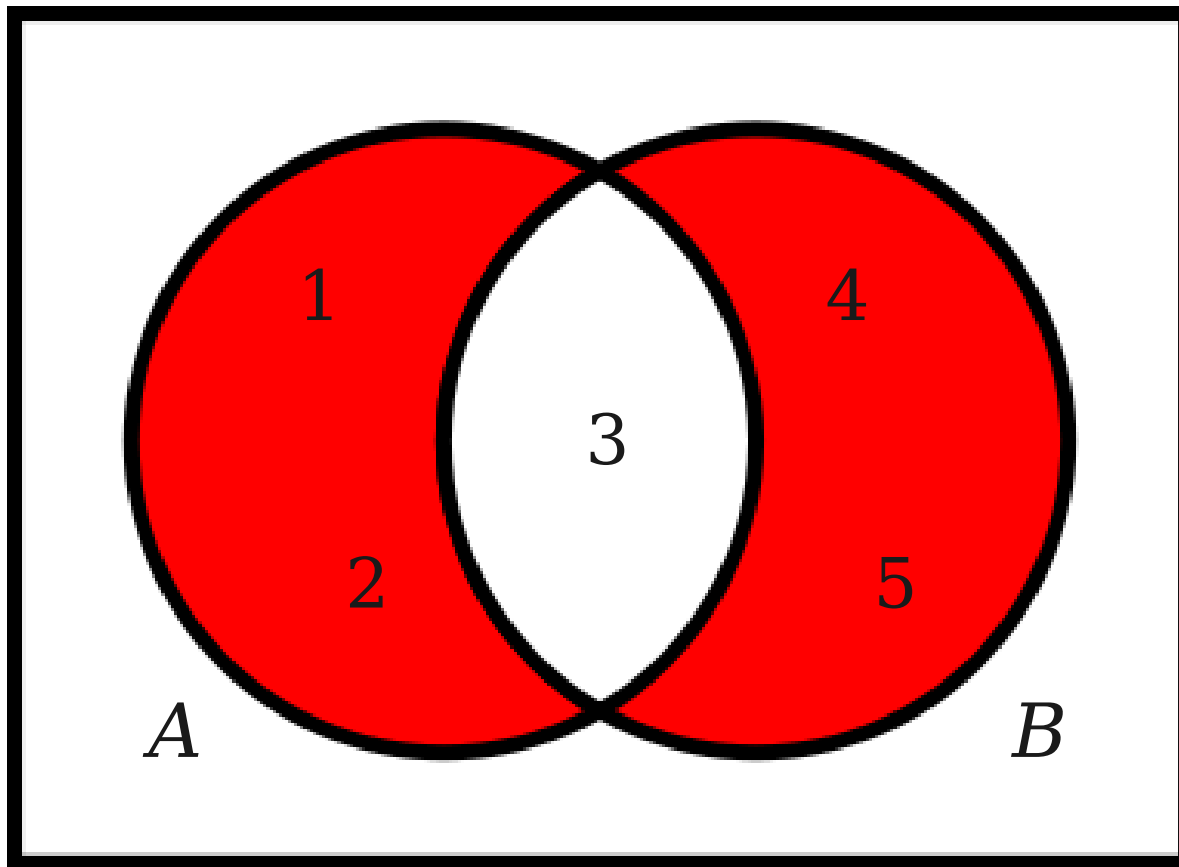
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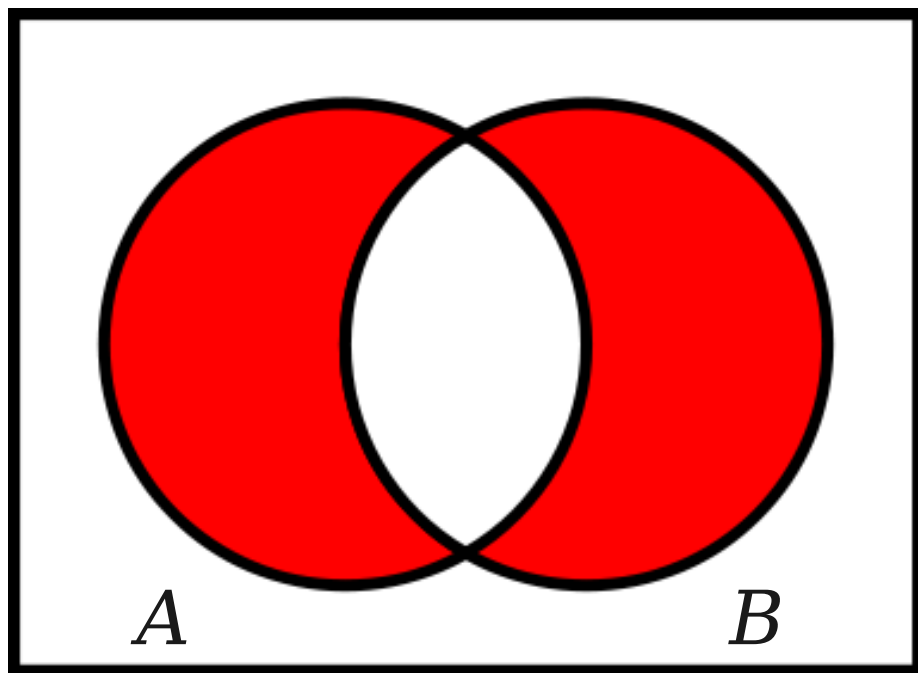
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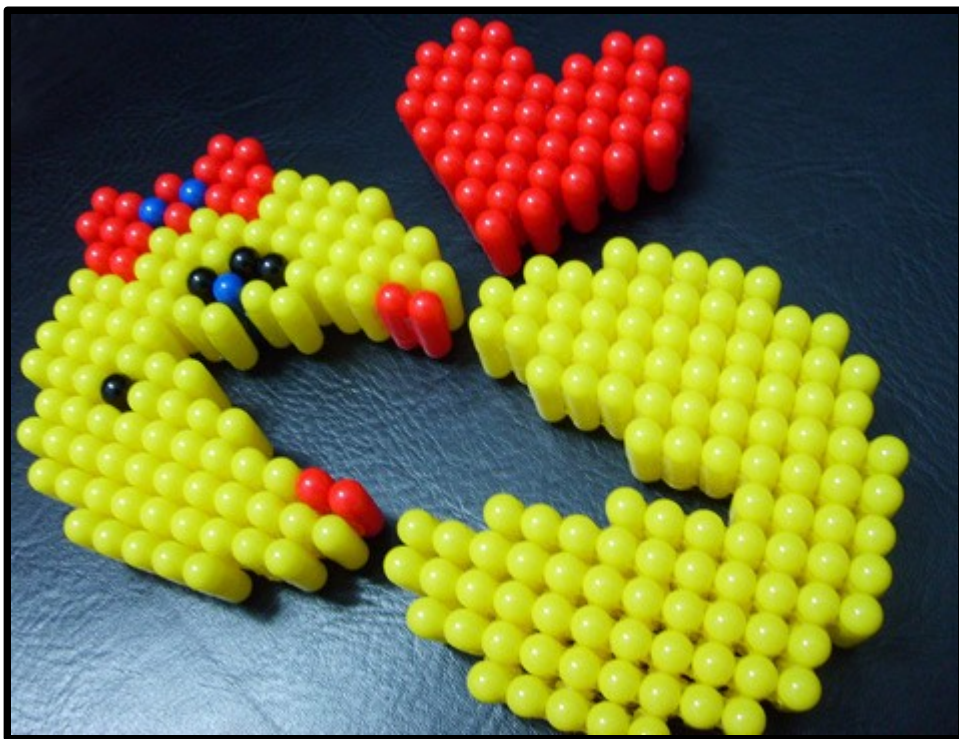
Symmetric  
Difference  
 $A \Delta B$   
 $\{ 1, 2, 4, 5 \}$

$$A = \{ 1, 2, 3 \}$$
$$B = \{ 3, 4, 5 \}$$

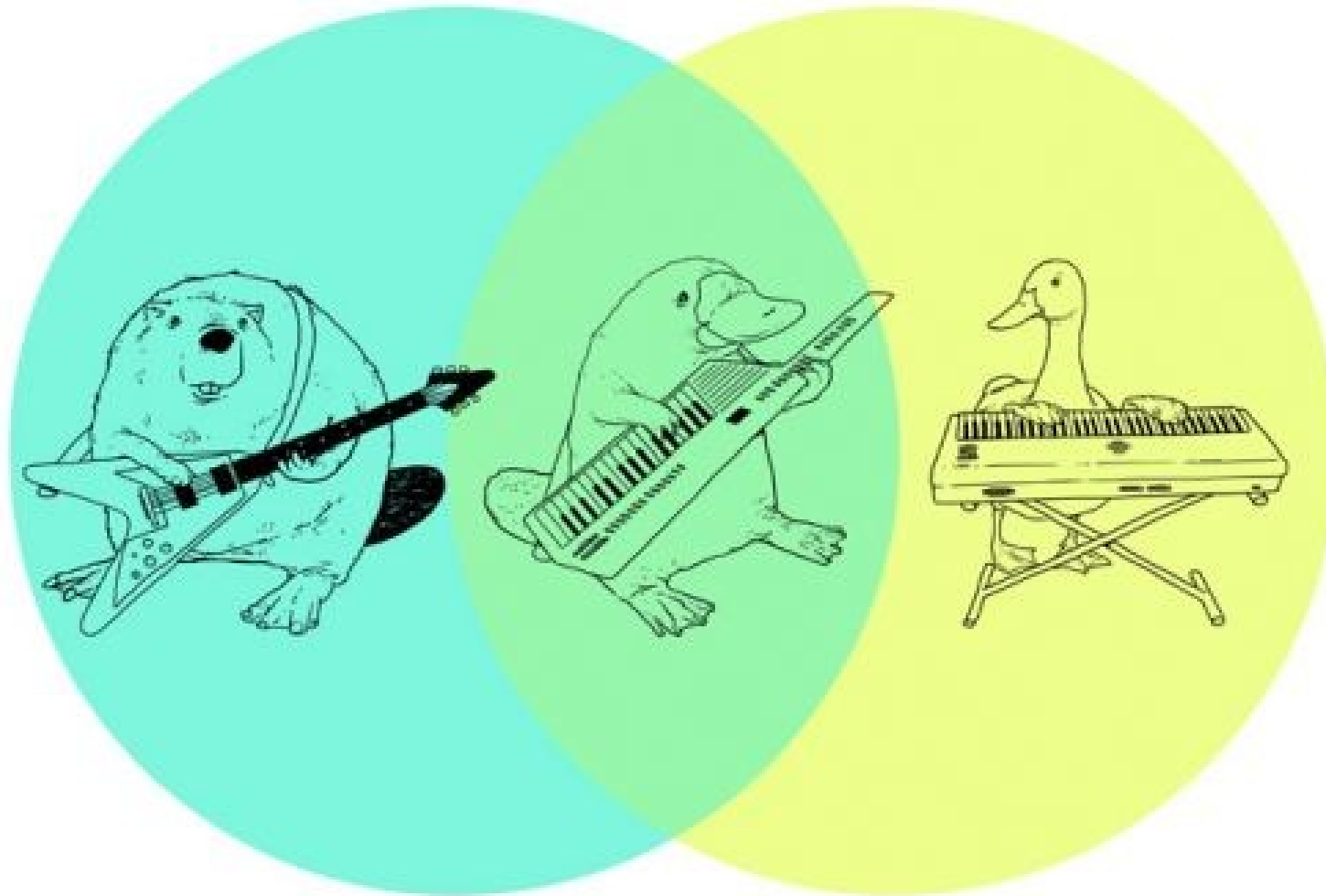
# Venn Diagrams



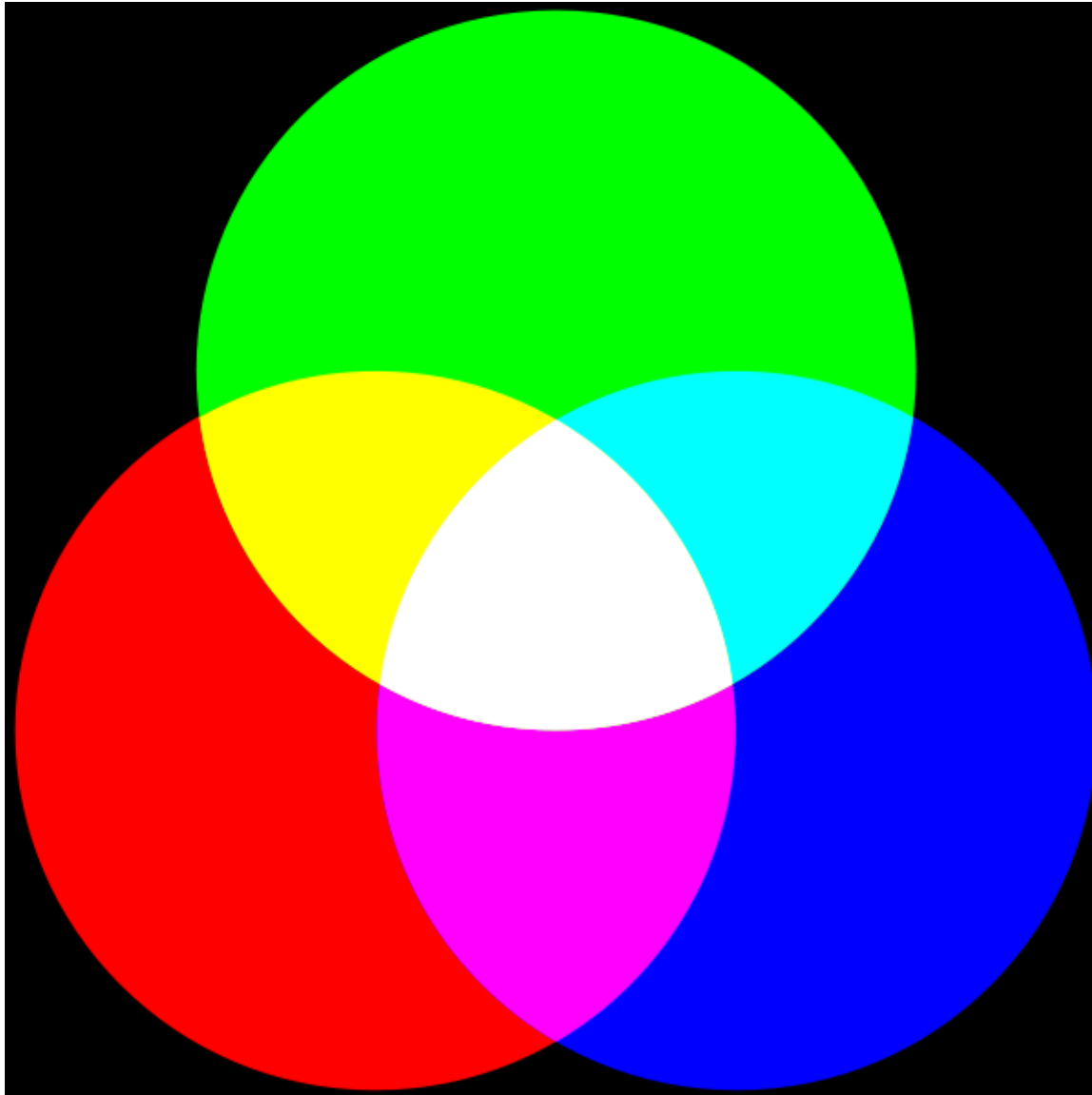
$$A \Delta B$$



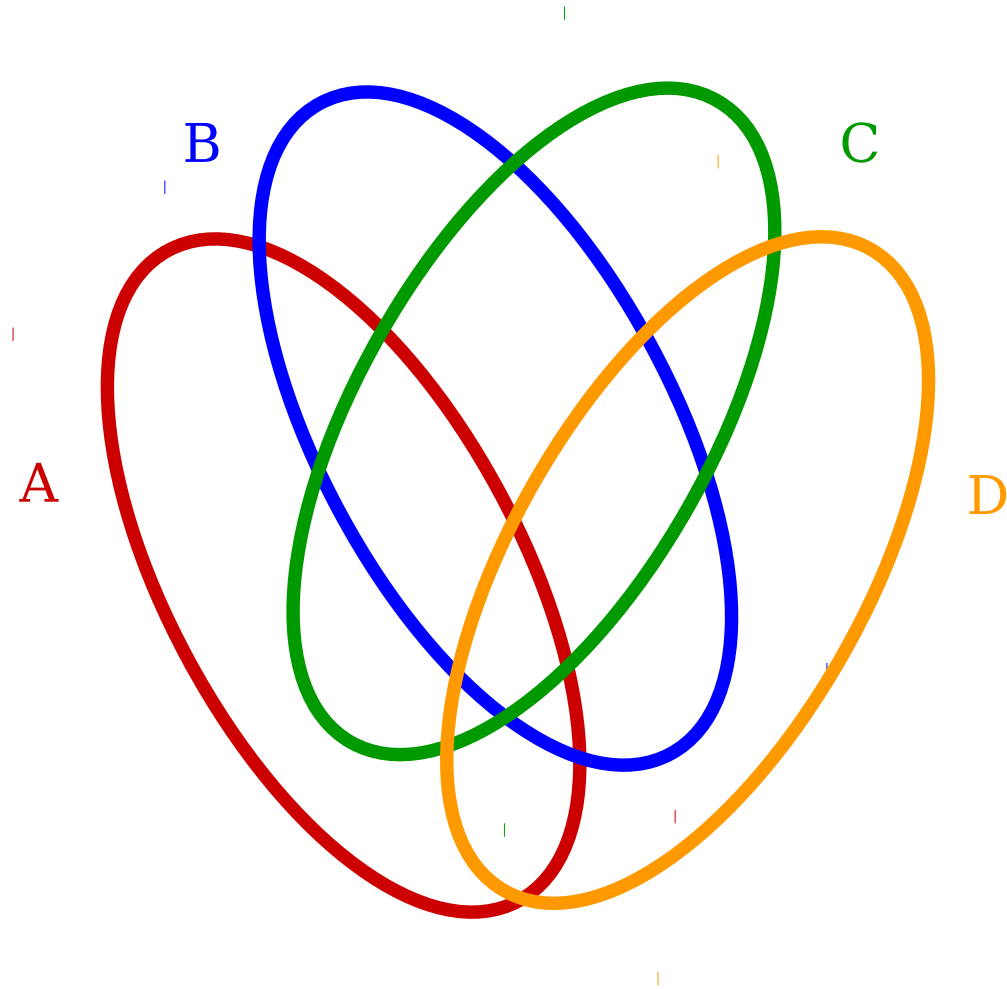
# Venn Diagrams



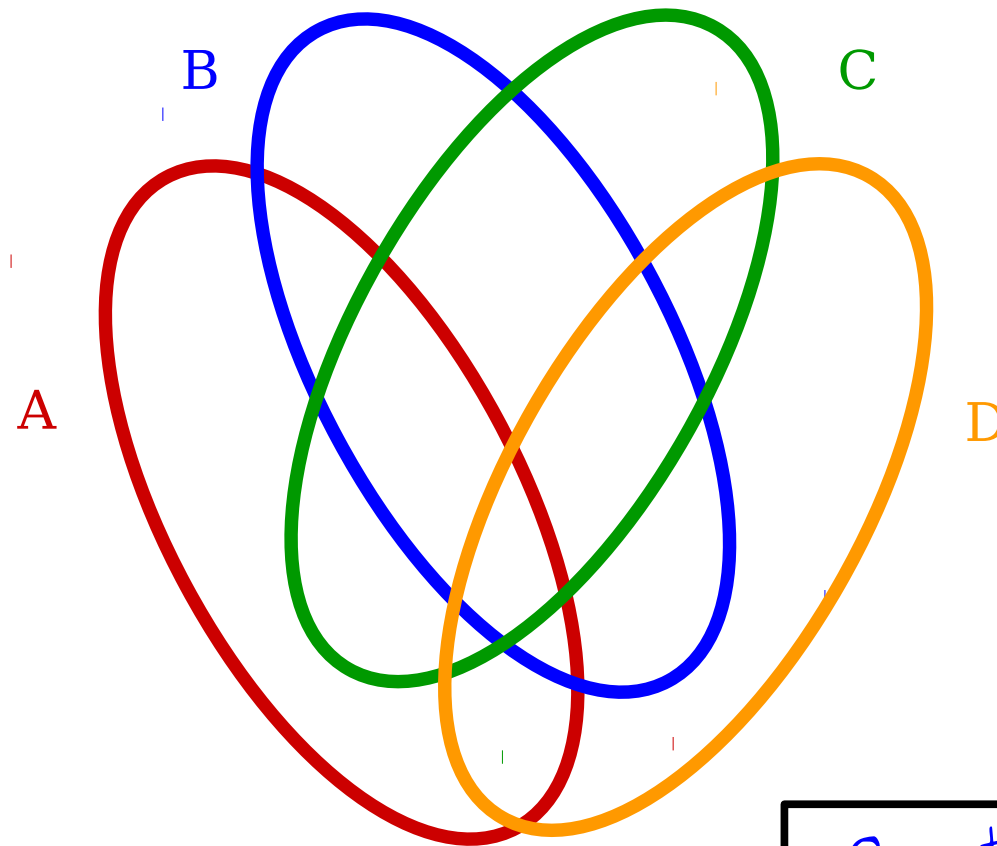
# Venn Diagrams for Three Sets



# Venn Diagrams for Four Sets



# Venn Diagrams for Four Sets



Question to ponder:  
why can't we just  
draw four circles?

A Fun Website:  
Venn Diagrams for Seven Sets

**<http://moebio.com/research/sevensets/>**

# Subsets and Power Sets

# Subsets

- A set  $S$  is a **subset** of some set  $T$  if every element of  $S$  is also an element in  $T$ :

**If  $x \in S$ , then  $x \in T$ .**

- We denote this as  **$S \subseteq T$** .
- Examples:
  - $\{ 1, 2, 3 \} \subseteq \{ 1, 2, 3, 4 \}$
  - $\mathbb{N} \subseteq \mathbb{Z}$  (*every natural number is an integer*)
  - $\mathbb{Z} \subseteq \mathbb{R}$  (*every integer is a real number*)

# What About the Empty Set?

- A set  $S$  is a **subset** of some set  $T$  if every element of  $S$  is also an element in  $T$ :

**If  $x \in S$ , then  $x \in T$ .**

- Is  $\emptyset \subseteq S$  for any set  $S$ ?
- **Yes:** The above statement is true.
- **Vacuous truth:** A statement that is true because it does not apply to anything.
  - “All unicorns are blue.”
  - “All unicorns are pink.”

# Proper Subsets

- By definition, any set is a subset of itself.  
(*Why?*)
- A **proper subset** of a set  $S$  is a set  $T$  such that
  - $T \subseteq S$
  - $T \neq S$
- There are multiple notations for this; they all mean the same thing:
  - $T \subsetneq S$
  - $T \subset S$

$$S = \{ \text{Lincoln Penny}, \text{Lincoln Dime} \}$$

$$S = \left\{ \text{Lincoln Penny}, \text{Lincoln Dime} \right\}$$

$$\emptyset \left\{ \text{Lincoln Dime} \right\} \left\{ \text{Lincoln Penny} \right\} \left\{ \text{Lincoln Penny}, \text{Lincoln Dime} \right\}$$

$$S = \{ \text{Lincoln Penny}, \text{Kennedy Half Dollar} \}$$

$$\{ \emptyset, \{ \text{Kennedy Half Dollar} \}, \{ \text{Lincoln Penny} \}, \{ \text{Lincoln Penny}, \text{Kennedy Half Dollar} \} \}$$

$$S = \left\{ \text{Lincoln Penny}, \text{Kennedy Half Dollar} \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{P}(S) = \left\{ \emptyset, \left\{ \text{Kennedy Half Dollar} \right\}, \left\{ \text{Lincoln Penny} \right\}, \left\{ \text{Lincoln Penny}, \text{Kennedy Half Dollar} \right\} \right\}$$

$$S = \left\{ \text{Lincoln Penny}, \text{Kennedy Half Dollar} \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{P}(S) = \left\{ \emptyset, \left\{ \text{Kennedy Half Dollar} \right\}, \left\{ \text{Lincoln Penny} \right\}, \left\{ \text{Lincoln Penny}, \text{Kennedy Half Dollar} \right\} \right\}$$

$\mathcal{P}(S)$  is the  
**power set** of  $S$   
 (the set of all  
 subsets of  $S$ )

# Cardinalities

# Cardinalities

# Cardinality

- The **cardinality** of a set is the number of elements it contains.
- We denote it  $|S|$ .
- Examples:
  - $|\{a, b, c, d, e\}| = 5$
  - $|\{\{a, b\}, \{c, d, e, f, g\}, \{h\}\}| = 3$
  - $|\{1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3\}| = 3$
  - $|\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } x < 137\}| = 137$

# Cardinality

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  - $|\{1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3\}| = 3$
  - $|\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } x < 137\}| = 137$

# The Cardinality of $\mathbb{N}$

- What is  $|\mathbb{N}|$ ?
  - There are infinitely many natural numbers.
  - $|\mathbb{N}|$  can't be a natural number, since it's infinitely large.

# The Cardinality of $\mathbb{N}$

- What is  $|\mathbb{N}|$ ?
  - There are infinitely many natural numbers.
  - $|\mathbb{N}|$  can't be a natural number, since it's infinitely large.
- We need to introduce a new term.
- Definition:  $|\mathbb{N}| = \aleph_0$ 
  - Pronounced “Aleph-Zero,” “Aleph-Nought,” or “Aleph-Null”

Consider the set

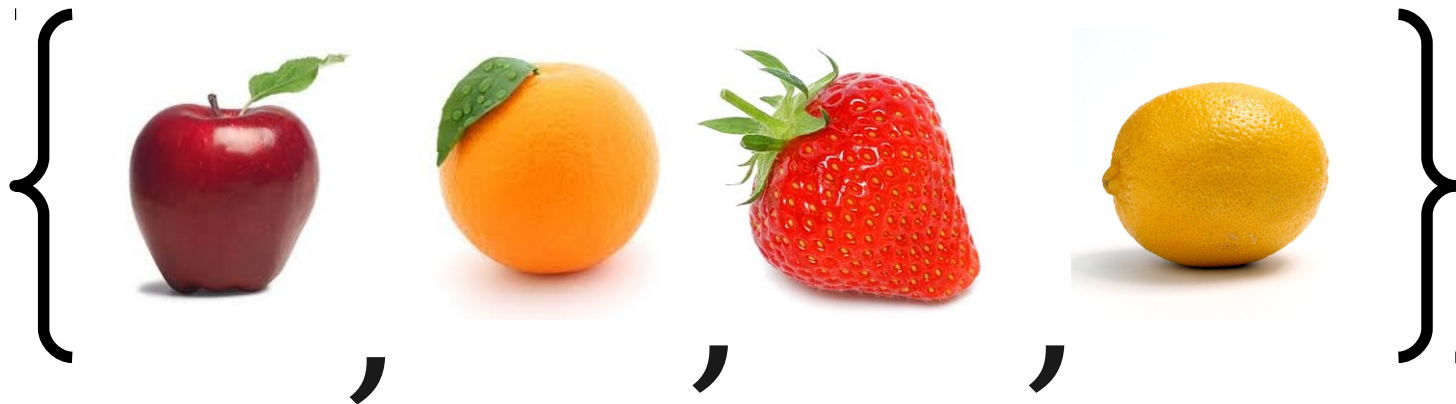
$$S = \{ x \mid x \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } x \text{ is even} \}$$

What is  $|S|$ ?

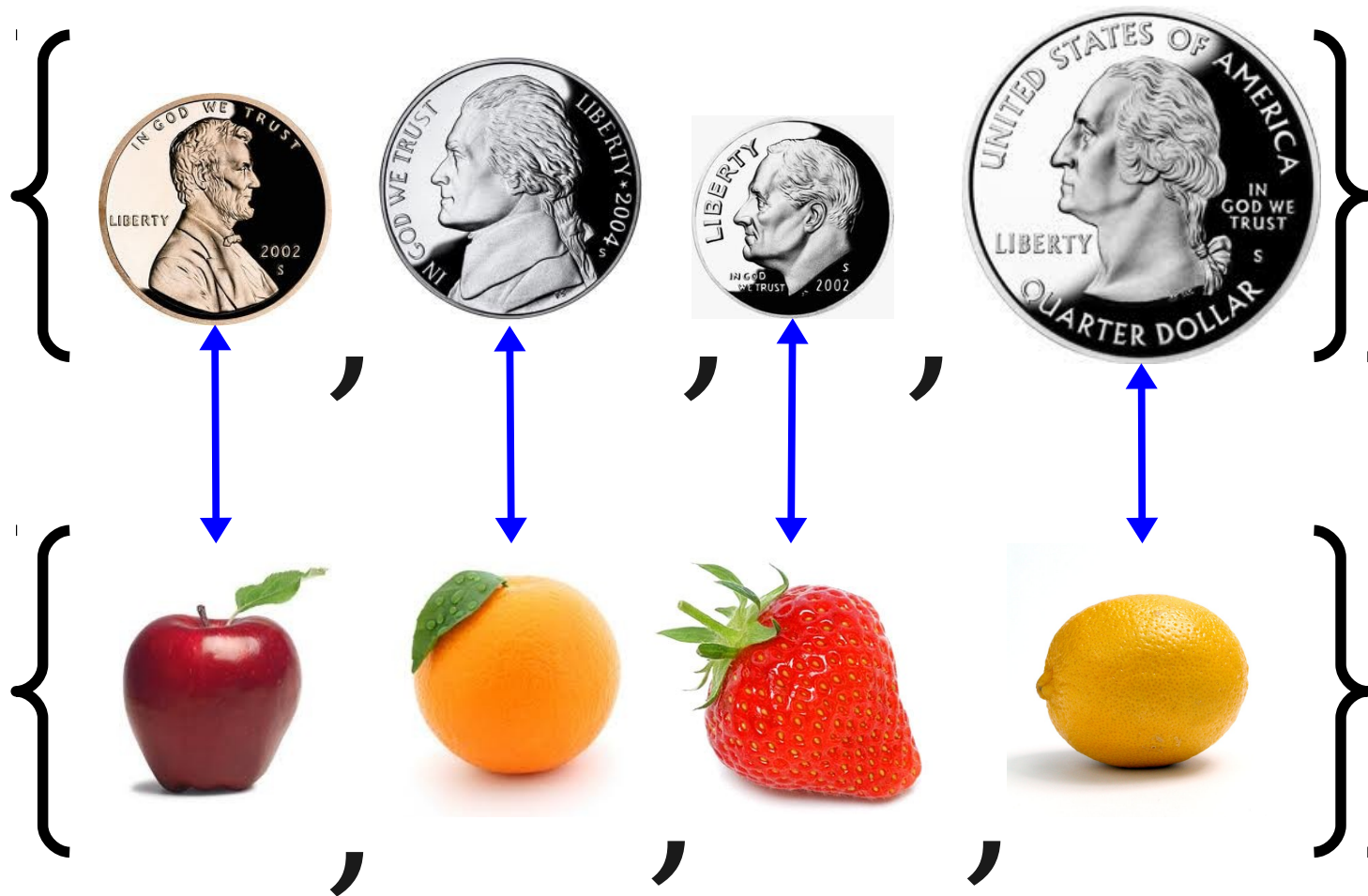




# How Big Are These Sets?

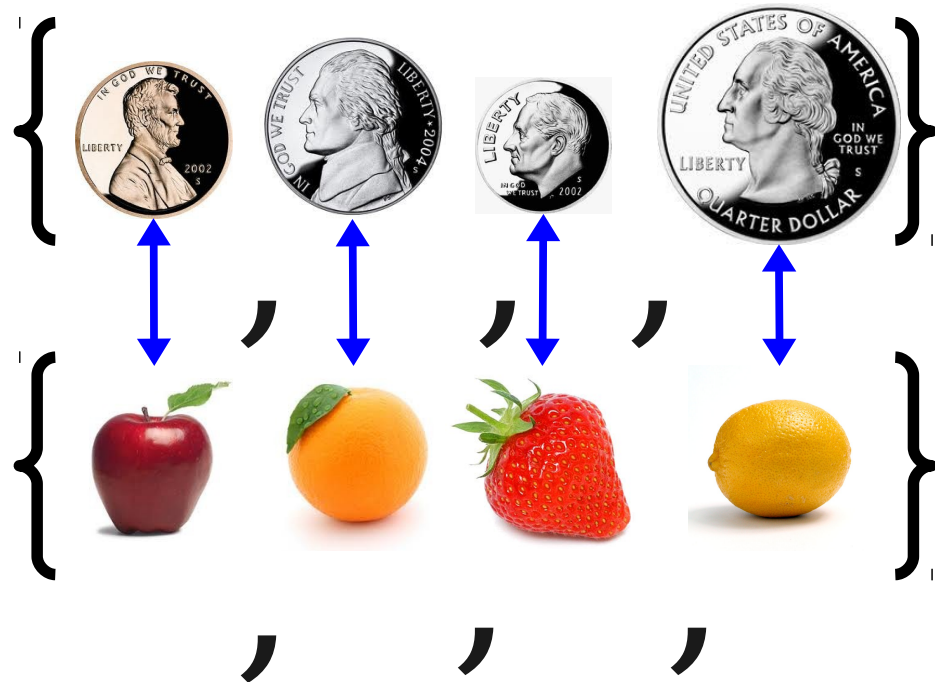


# How Big Are These Sets?



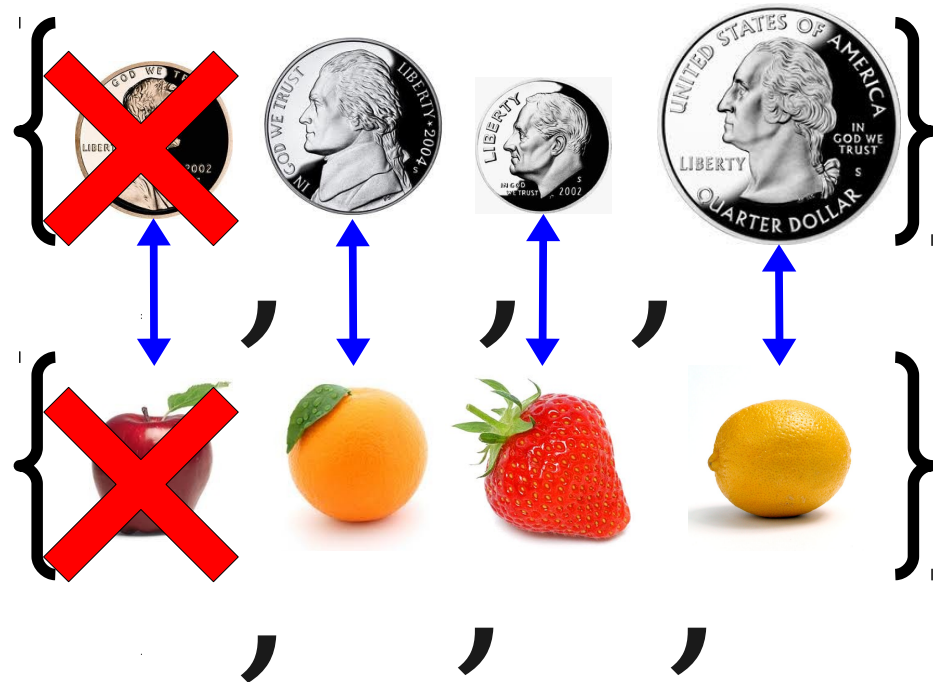
# Comparing Cardinalities

- Two sets have the same cardinality if their elements can be put into a one-to-one correspondence with one another.
- The intuition:



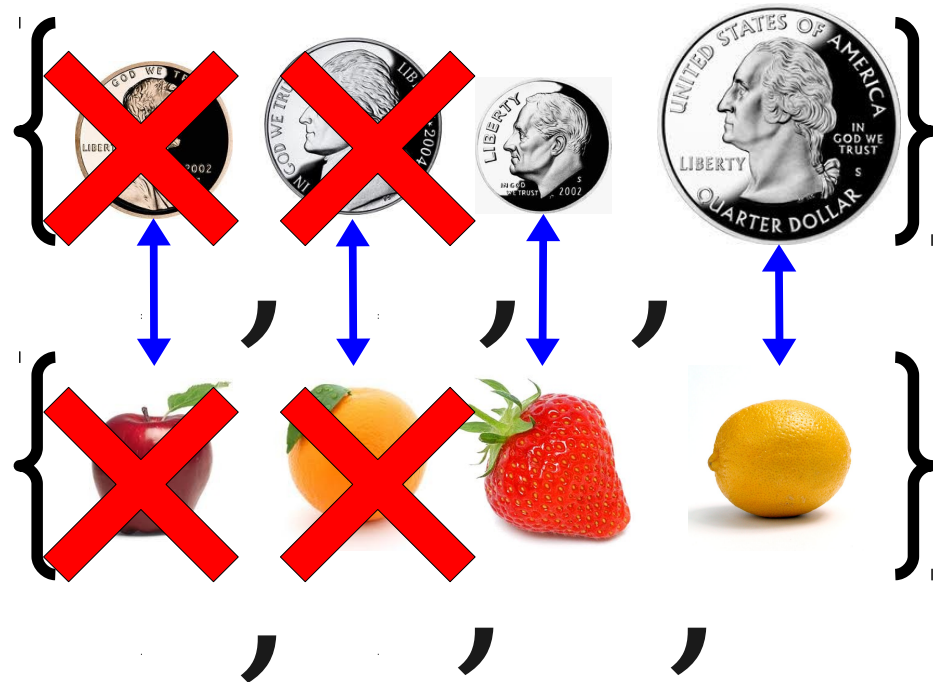
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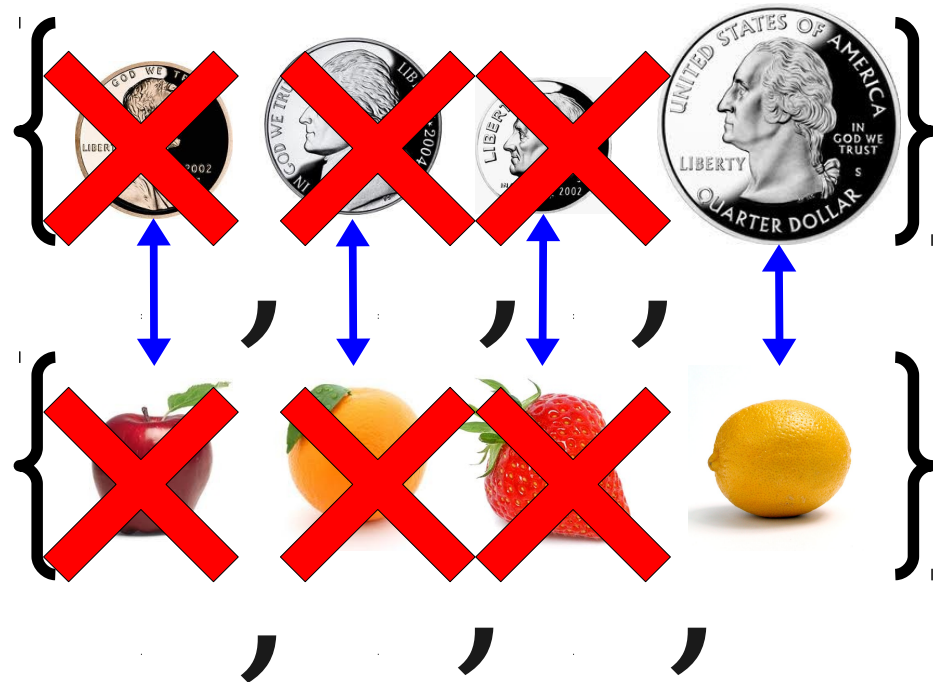
# Comparing Cardinalities

- Two sets have the same cardinality if their elements can be put into a one-to-one correspondence with one another.
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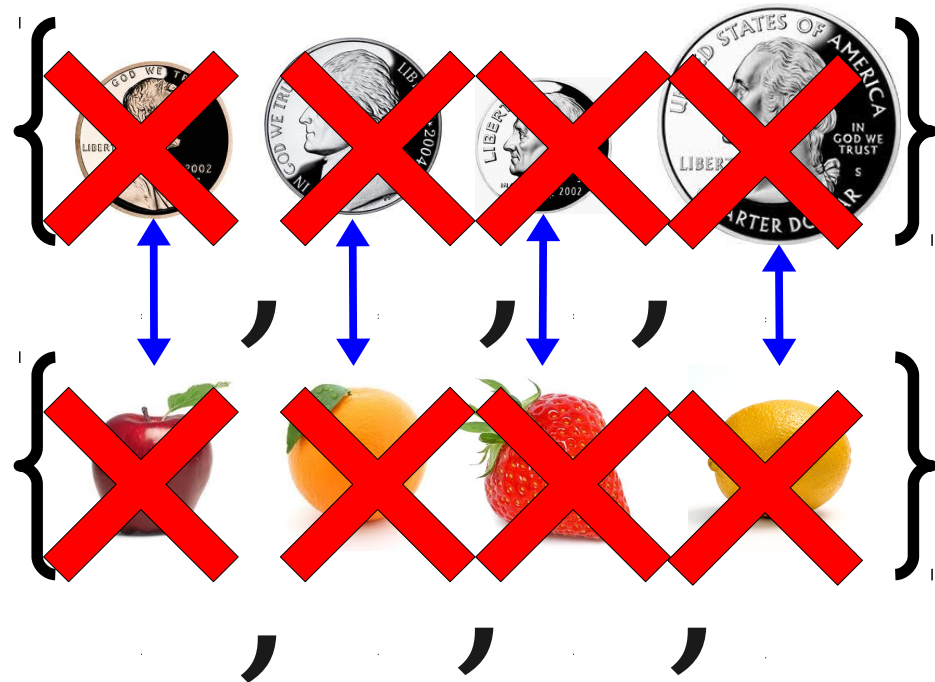
# Comparing Cardinalities

- Two sets have the same cardinality if their elements can be put into a one-to-one correspondence with one another.
- The intuition:



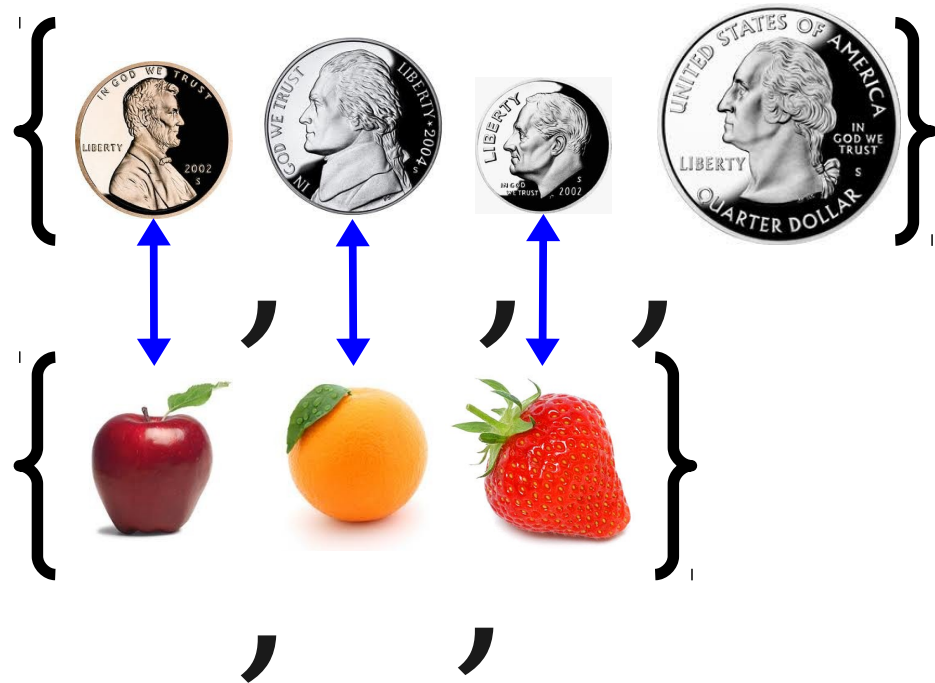
# Comparing Cardinalities

- Two sets have the same cardinality if their elements can be put into a one-to-one correspondence with one another.
- The intuition:



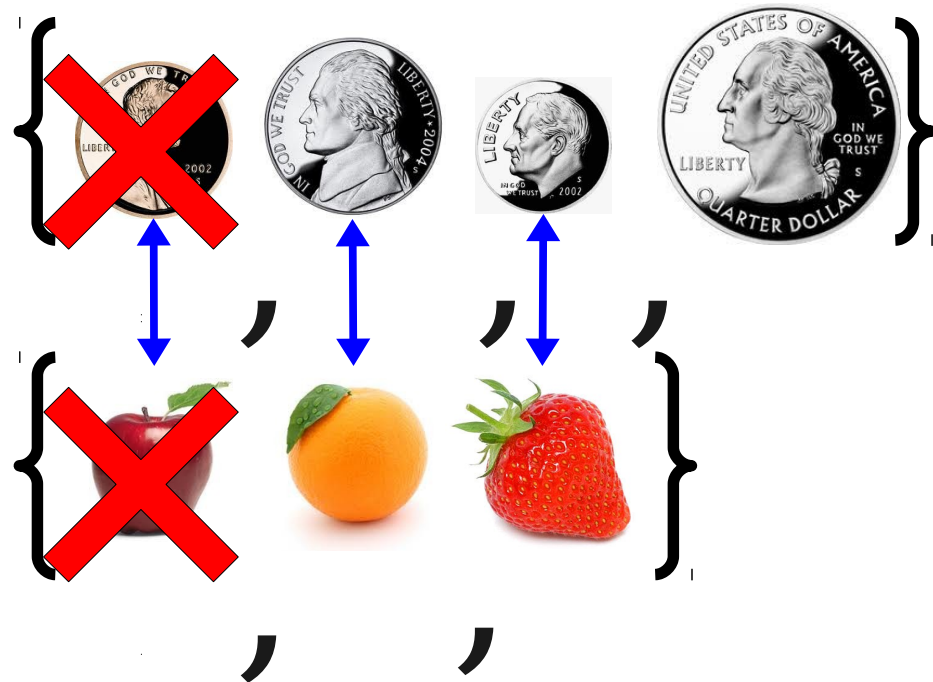
# Comparing Cardinalities

- Two sets have the same cardinality if their elements can be put into a one-to-one correspondence with one another.
- The intuition:



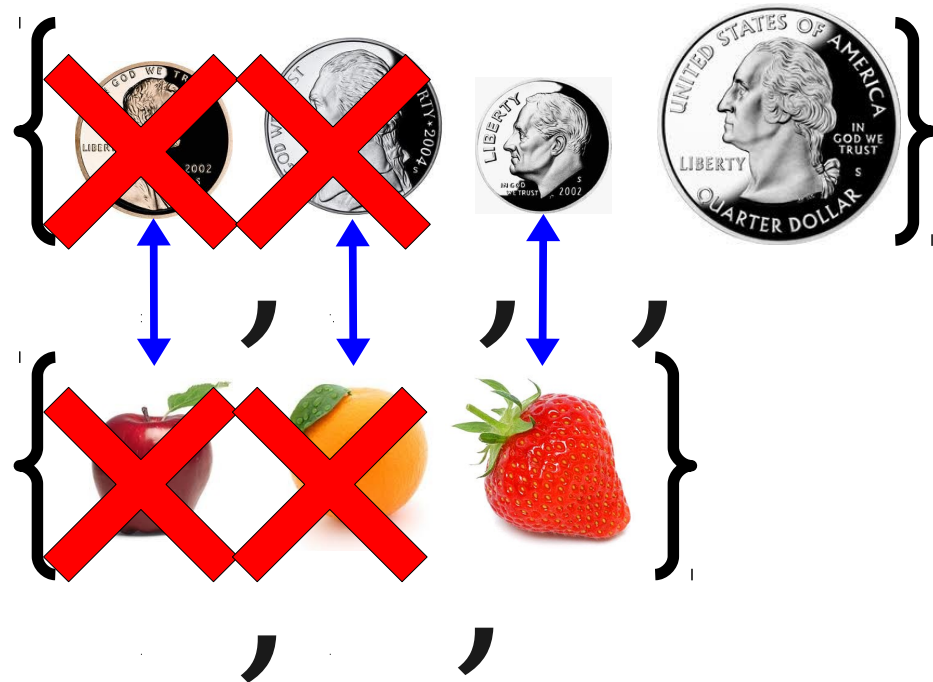
# Comparing Cardinalities

- Two sets have the same cardinality if their elements can be put into a one-to-one correspondence with one another.
- The intuition:



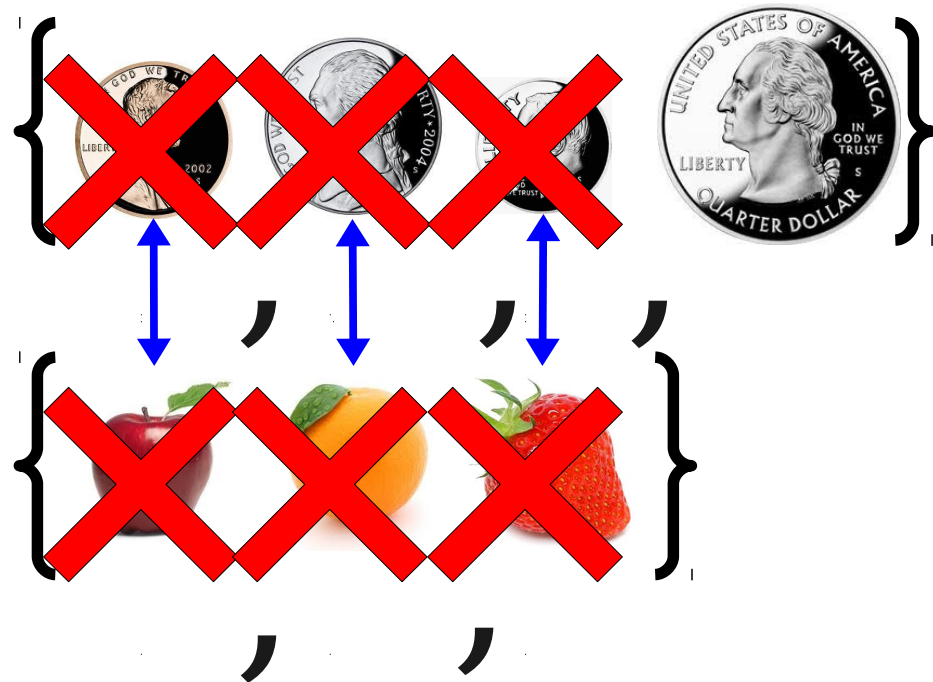
# Comparing Cardinalities

- Two sets have the same cardinality if their elements can be put into a one-to-one correspondence with one another.
- The intuition:



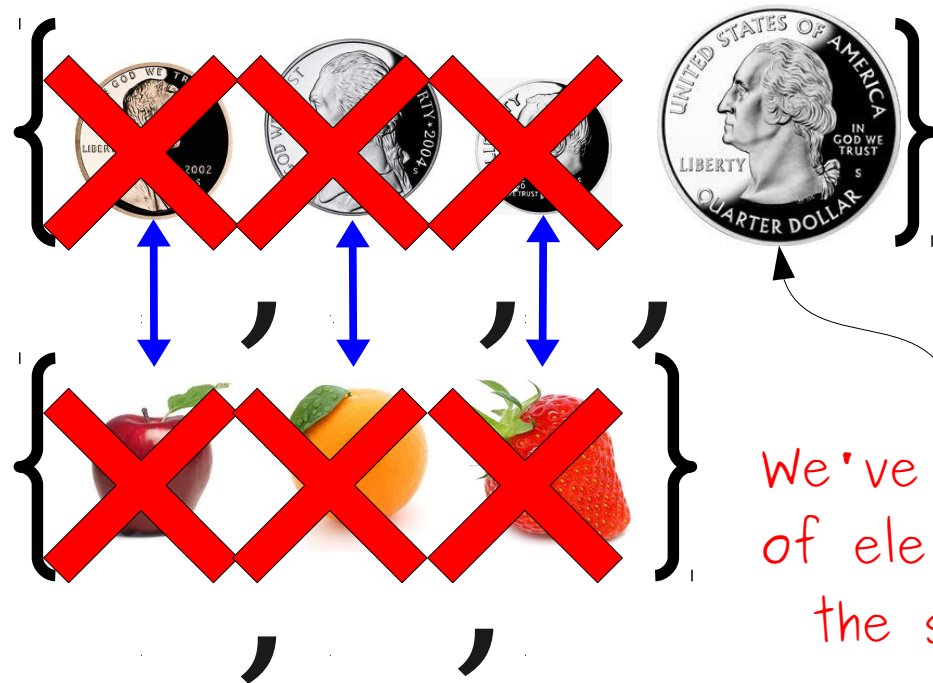
# Comparing Cardinalities

- Two sets have the same cardinality if their elements can be put into a one-to-one correspondence with one another.
- The intuition:



# Comparing Cardinalities

- Two sets have the same cardinality if their elements can be put into a one-to-one correspondence with one another.
- The intuition:



We've run out  
of elements in  
the second  
set!

# Infinite Cardinalities

0   1   2   3   4   5   6   7   8   ...

0   2   4   6   8   10   12   14   16   ...

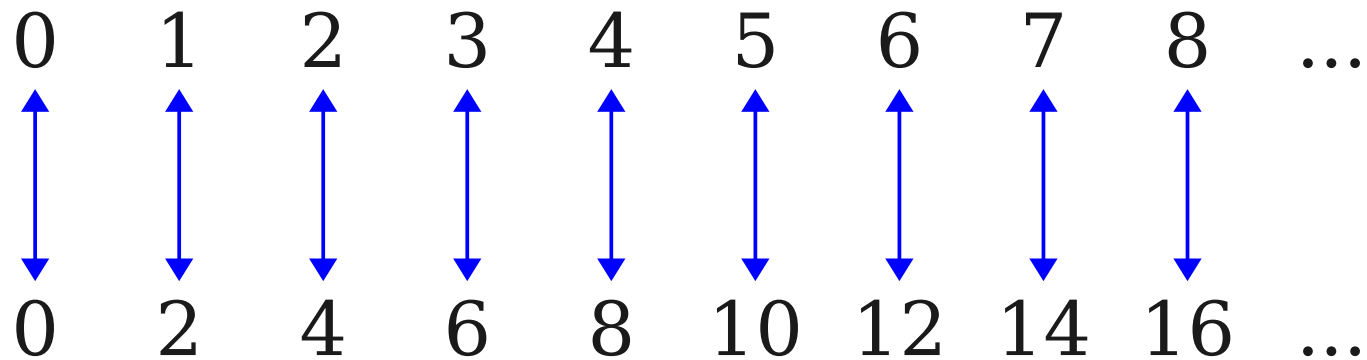
# Infinite Cardinalities

0   1   2   3   4   5   6   7   8   ...

0   2   4   6   8   10   12   14   16   ...

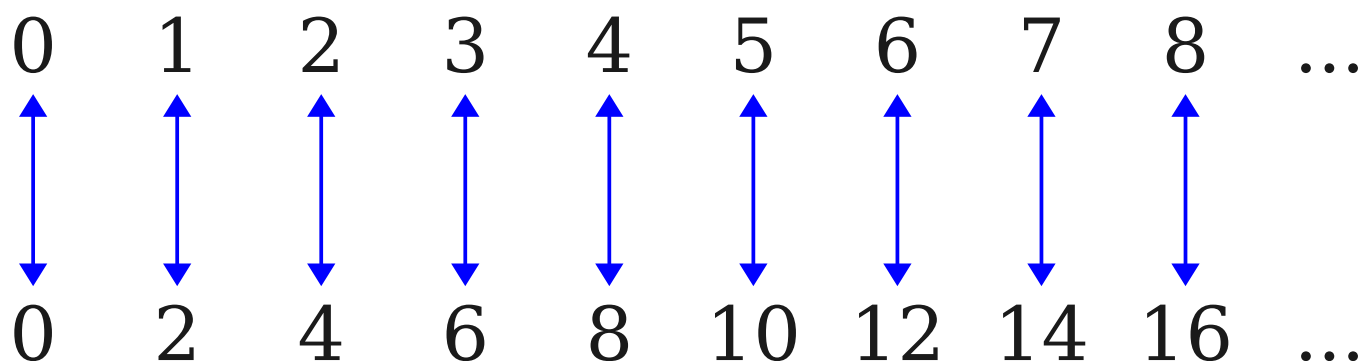
$$n \leftrightarrow 2n$$

# Infinite Cardinalities



$$n \leftrightarrow 2n$$

# Infinite Cardinalities



$$n \leftrightarrow 2n$$

$$S = \{ x \mid x \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } x \text{ is even} \}$$

$$|S| = |\mathbb{N}| = \aleph_0$$

# Infinite Cardinalities

$\mathbb{N}$     0    1    2    3    4    5    6    7    8    ...

$\mathbb{Z}$     ...    -3    -2    -1    0    1    2    3    4    ...

# Infinite Cardinalities

$\mathbb{N}$     0    1    2    3    4    5    6    7    8    ...

$\mathbb{Z}$     0    1    -1    2    -2    3    -3    4    -4    ...

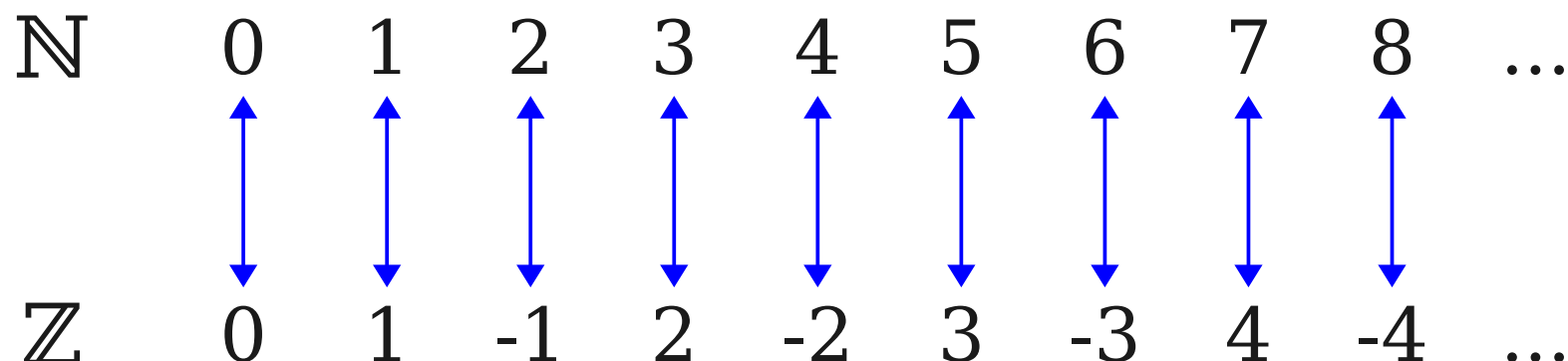
# Infinite Cardinalities

$\mathbb{N}$     0    1    2    3    4    5    6    7    8    ...

$\mathbb{Z}$     0    1    -1    2    -2    3    -3    4    -4    ...

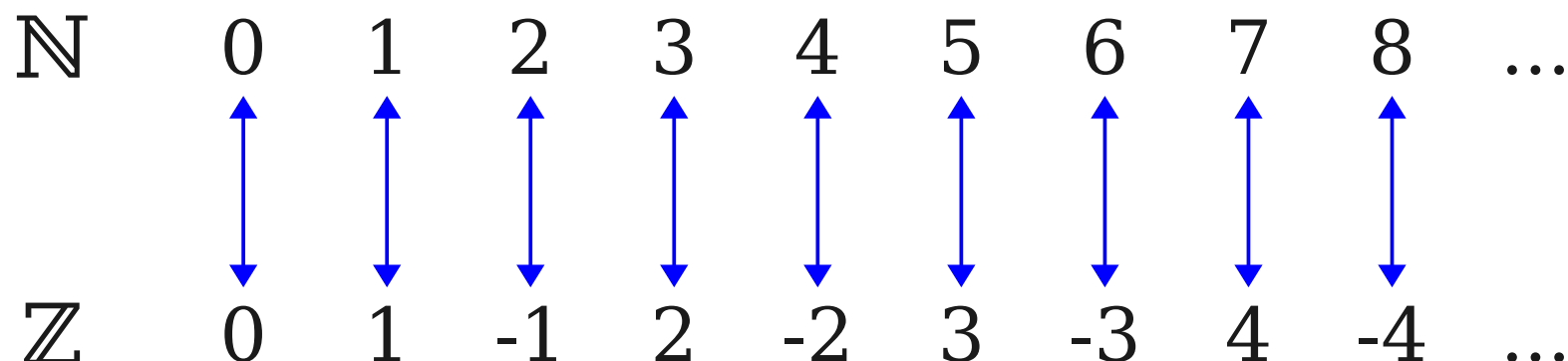
$n \leftrightarrow$  if  $n$  is even, then  $-n / 2$   
if  $n$  is odd, then  $(n + 1) / 2$

# Infinite Cardinalities



$n \leftrightarrow$  if  $n$  is even, then  $-n / 2$   
if  $n$  is odd, then  $(n + 1) / 2$

# Infinite Cardinalities



$n \leftrightarrow$  if  $n$  is even, then  $-n / 2$   
 if  $n$  is odd, then  $(n + 1) / 2$

$$|\mathbb{Z}| = |\mathbb{N}| = \aleph_0$$

## **Important Question**

Do all infinite sets have  
the same cardinality?

Prepare for one of the most beautiful (and surprising!) proofs in mathematics...

$$S = \left\{ \text{Lincoln Penny}, \text{Lincoln Cent} \right\}$$

$$\wp(S) = \left\{ \emptyset, \left\{ \text{Lincoln Cent} \right\}, \left\{ \text{Lincoln Penny} \right\}, \left\{ \text{Lincoln Penny}, \text{Lincoln Cent} \right\} \right\}$$

$$|S| < |\wp(S)|$$

$$S = \left\{ \text{Lincoln Penny}, \text{Kennedy Half Dollar}, \text{Button} \right\}$$

$$\wp(S) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \emptyset, \{ \text{Lincoln Penny} \}, \{ \text{Kennedy Half Dollar} \}, \{ \text{Button} \}, \\ \{ \text{Lincoln Penny}, \text{Kennedy Half Dollar} \}, \{ \text{Lincoln Penny}, \text{Button} \}, \{ \text{Kennedy Half Dollar}, \text{Button} \}, \\ \{ \text{Lincoln Penny}, \text{Kennedy Half Dollar}, \text{Button} \} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$|S| < |\wp(S)|$$

$$S = \{a, b, c, d\}$$

$$\wp(S) = \{$$

$$\emptyset,$$

$$\{a\}, \{b\}, \{c\}, \{d\},$$

$$\{a, b\}, \{a, c\}, \{a, d\}, \{b, c\}, \{b, d\}, \{b, e\}$$

$$\{a, b, c\}, \{a, b, d\}, \{a, c, d\}, \{b, c, d\},$$

$$\{a, b, c, d\}$$

$$\}$$

$$|S| < |\wp(S)|$$

If  $S$  is infinite, what is  
the relation between  $|S|$  and  $|\wp(S)|$ ?

Does  $|S| = |\wp(S)|$ ?

If  $|S| = |\wp(S)|$ , there has to be a one-to-one correspondence between elements of  $S$  and subsets of  $S$ .

What might this correspondence look like?

$\mathbf{x}_0$

$\mathbf{x}_1$

$\mathbf{x}_2$

$\mathbf{x}_3$

$\mathbf{x}_4$

$\mathbf{x}_5$

$\dots$

$$X_0 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_0, X_2, X_4, \dots \}$$

$$X_1 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_0, X_3, X_4, \dots \}$$

$$X_2 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_4, \dots \}$$

$$X_3 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_1, X_4, \dots \}$$

$$X_4 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_0, X_5, \dots \}$$

$$X_5 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_0, X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5, \dots \}$$

...

|       |       |       |       |       |       |         |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| $X_0$ | $X_1$ | $X_2$ | $X_3$ | $X_4$ | $X_5$ | $\dots$ |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|

$$X_0 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_0, X_2, X_4, \dots \}$$

$$X_1 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_0, X_3, X_4, \dots \}$$

$$X_2 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_4, \dots \}$$

$$X_3 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_1, X_4, \dots \}$$

$$X_4 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_0, X_5, \dots \}$$

$$X_5 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_0, X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5, \dots \}$$

$\dots$

|       |       |       |       |       |       |         |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| $X_0$ | $X_1$ | $X_2$ | $X_3$ | $X_4$ | $X_5$ | $\dots$ |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|

$$X_0 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_0, \quad X_2, \quad X_4, \quad \dots \}$$

$$X_1 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_0, X_3, X_4, \dots \}$$

$$X_2 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_4, \dots \}$$

$$X_3 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_1, X_4, \dots \}$$

$$X_4 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_0, X_5, \dots \}$$

$$X_5 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_0, X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5, \dots \}$$

$\dots$

|       | $x_0$    | $x_1$    | $x_2$    | $x_3$    | $x_4$    | $x_5$    | ... |
|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|
| $x_0$ | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | ... |

$x_1 \longleftrightarrow \{ x_0, x_3, x_4, \dots \}$

$x_2 \longleftrightarrow \{ x_4, \dots \}$

$x_3 \longleftrightarrow \{ x_1, x_4, \dots \}$

$x_4 \longleftrightarrow \{ x_0, x_5, \dots \}$

$x_5 \longleftrightarrow \{ x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, \dots \}$

...

|       |       |       |       |       |       |         |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| $X_0$ | $X_1$ | $X_2$ | $X_3$ | $X_4$ | $X_5$ | $\dots$ |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|

$$X_0 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_0, \quad X_2, \quad X_4, \quad \dots \}$$

$$X_1 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_0, X_3, X_4, \dots \}$$

$$X_2 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_4, \dots \}$$

$$X_3 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_1, X_4, \dots \}$$

$$X_4 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_0, X_5, \dots \}$$

$$X_5 \longleftrightarrow \{ X_0, X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5, \dots \}$$

$\dots$

|       | $x_0$    | $x_1$    | $x_2$    | $x_3$    | $x_4$    | $x_5$    | ... |
|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|
| $x_0$ | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | ... |

$x_1 \longleftrightarrow \{ x_0, x_3, x_4, \dots \}$

$x_2 \longleftrightarrow \{ x_4, \dots \}$

$x_3 \longleftrightarrow \{ x_1, x_4, \dots \}$

$x_4 \longleftrightarrow \{ x_0, x_5, \dots \}$

$x_5 \longleftrightarrow \{ x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, \dots \}$

...

|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |

$x_1 \longleftrightarrow \{ x_0, \quad x_3, \quad x_4, \quad \dots \}$

$x_2 \longleftrightarrow \{ x_4, \dots \}$

$x_3 \longleftrightarrow \{ x_1, x_4, \dots \}$

$x_4 \longleftrightarrow \{ x_0, x_5, \dots \}$

$x_5 \longleftrightarrow \{ x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, \dots \}$

...

|       |                       | $x_0$   | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-----------------------|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | $\longleftrightarrow$ | Y   | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | $\longleftrightarrow$ | Y   | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | $\longleftrightarrow$ | { $x_4$ , ... }   |       |       |       |       |       |     |
| $x_3$ | $\longleftrightarrow$ | { $x_1$ , $x_4$ , ... }                                 |       |       |       |       |       |     |
| $x_4$ | $\longleftrightarrow$ | { $x_0$ , $x_5$ , ... }                                 |       |       |       |       |       |     |
| $x_5$ | $\longleftrightarrow$ | { $x_0$ , $x_1$ , $x_2$ , $x_3$ , $x_4$ , $x_5$ , ... } |       |       |       |       |       |     |
| ...   |                       |   |       |       |       |       |       |     |



|       |                       | $X_0$                                     | $X_1$ | $X_2$ | $X_3$ | $X_4$ | $X_5$ | ... |
|-------|-----------------------|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $X_0$ | $\longleftrightarrow$ | Y   | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $X_1$ | $\longleftrightarrow$ | Y   | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $X_2$ | $\longleftrightarrow$ | N   | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $X_3$ | $\longleftrightarrow$ | { $X_1, X_4, \dots$ }                     |       |       |       |       |       |     |
| $X_4$ | $\longleftrightarrow$ | { $X_0, X_5, \dots$ }                     |       |       |       |       |       |     |
| $X_5$ | $\longleftrightarrow$ | { $X_0, X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5, \dots$ } |       |       |       |       |       |     |
| ...   |                       |   |       |       |       |       |       |     |

The diagram shows a sequence of variables  $X_0, X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5, \dots$  on the left, each connected by a double-headed blue arrow to a corresponding cell in a table. The table has columns labeled  $X_0, X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5, \dots$  at the top. The rows show the values  $Y$  or  $N$  for each  $X_i$ .

|       | $X_0$    | $X_1$    | $X_2$    | $X_3$    | $X_4$    | $X_5$    | $\dots$ |
|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|
| $X_0$ | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | $\dots$ |
| $X_1$ | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | $\dots$ |
| $X_2$ | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | $\dots$ |

Below the table, the sets of variables associated with each row are shown:

- $X_3$  is associated with  $\{ X_1, X_4, \dots \}$
- $X_4$  is associated with  $\{ X_0, X_5, \dots \}$
- $X_5$  is associated with  $\{ X_0, X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5, \dots \}$
- $\dots$

|         |                       | $X_0$                                       | $X_1$    | $X_2$    | $X_3$    | $X_4$    | $X_5$    | $\dots$ |
|---------|-----------------------|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|
| $X_0$   | $\longleftrightarrow$ | <b>Y</b>                                    | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | $\dots$ |
| $X_1$   | $\longleftrightarrow$ | <b>Y</b>                                    | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | $\dots$ |
| $X_2$   | $\longleftrightarrow$ | <b>N</b>                                    | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | $\dots$ |
| $X_3$   | $\longleftrightarrow$ | <b>N</b>                                    | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | $\dots$ |
| $X_4$   | $\longleftrightarrow$ | $\{ X_0, X_5, \dots \}$                     |          |          |          |          |          |         |
| $X_5$   | $\longleftrightarrow$ | $\{ X_0, X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5, \dots \}$ |          |          |          |          |          |         |
| $\dots$ |                       |   |          |          |          |          |          |         |

|                           | $x_0$                                       | $x_1$    | $x_2$    | $x_3$    | $x_4$    | $x_5$    | $\dots$ |
|---------------------------|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|
| $x_0 \longleftrightarrow$ | <b>Y</b>                                    | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | $\dots$ |
| $x_1 \longleftrightarrow$ | <b>Y</b>                                    | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | $\dots$ |
| $x_2 \longleftrightarrow$ | <b>N</b>                                    | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | $\dots$ |
| $x_3 \longleftrightarrow$ | <b>N</b>                                    | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | $\dots$ |
| $x_4 \longleftrightarrow$ | <b>Y</b>                                    | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | $\dots$ |
| $x_5 \longleftrightarrow$ | $\{ x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, \dots \}$ |          |          |          |          |          |         |
| $\dots$                   |   |          |          |          |          |          |         |

|       |                       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | $\longleftrightarrow$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | $\longleftrightarrow$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | $\longleftrightarrow$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | $\longleftrightarrow$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | $\longleftrightarrow$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | $\longleftrightarrow$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   |                       |       |       |       |       |       |       |     |

|       |   | $X_0$ | $X_1$ | $X_2$ | $X_3$ | $X_4$ | $X_5$ | ... |
|-------|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $X_0$ | ↔ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $X_1$ | ↔ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $X_2$ | ↔ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $X_3$ | ↔ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $X_4$ | ↔ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $X_5$ | ↔ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   |   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

|       | $x_0$    | $x_1$    | $x_2$    | $x_3$    | $x_4$    | $x_5$    | ... |
|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|
| $x_0$ | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | ... |
| $x_1$ | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | ... |
| $x_2$ | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | ... |
| $x_3$ | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | ... |
| $x_4$ | <b>Y</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>N</b> | <b>Y</b> | ... |
| $x_5$ | <b>Y</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>Y</b> | <b>Y</b> | ... |
| ...   | ...      | ...      | ...      | ...      | ...      | ...      | ... |

|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

|   |   |   |   |   |   |     |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

|       |       |       |       |       |       |       |     |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} x_0' \qquad \qquad \qquad x_5' \quad \dots \end{array} \right\}$

|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

|   |   |   |   |   |   |     |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

|   |   |   |   |   |   |     |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

Which row in the table is paired with this set?

|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

|   |   |   |   |   |   |     |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

Which row in the table is paired with this set?

|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

|   |   |   |   |   |   |     |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

Flip all Y's to  
N's and vice-  
versa to get a  
new set

|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

Flip all Y's to N's and vice-versa to get a new set

|   |   |   |   |   |   |     |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

{  $x_1', x_2', x_3', x_4', \dots$  }

Flip all Y's to N's and vice-versa to get a new set

|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

Flip all Y's to N's and vice-versa to get a new set

|   |   |   |   |   |   |     |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

|       |       |       |       |       |       |       |     |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

|   |   |   |   |   |   |     |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

|   |   |   |   |   |   |     |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

Which row in the table is paired with this set?

|       |       |       |       |       |       |       |     |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

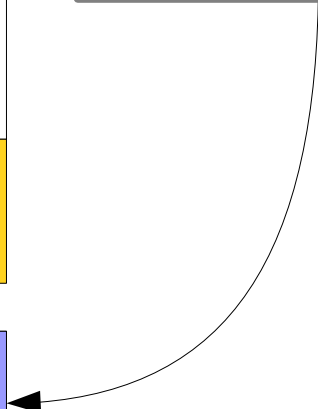
|   |   |   |   |   |   |     |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

Which row in the table is paired with this set?

|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

|   |   |   |   |   |   |     |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

Which row in the table is paired with this set?



|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

|   |   |   |   |   |   |     |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

Which row in the table is paired with this set?

|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

|   |   |   |   |   |   |     |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

Which row in the table is paired with this set?

|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

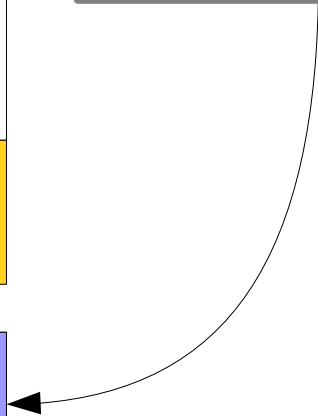
|   |   |   |   |   |   |     |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

Which row in the table is paired with this set?

|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

|   |   |   |   |   |   |     |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

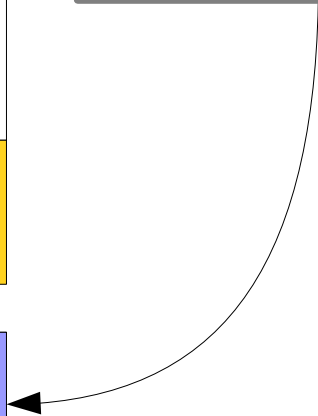
Which row in the table is paired with this set?



|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

|   |   |   |   |   |   |     |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

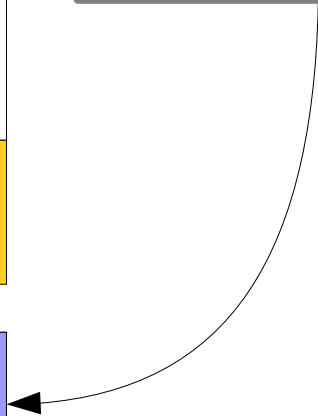
Which row in the table is paired with this set?



|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |

|   |   |   |   |   |   |     |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

Which row in the table is paired with this set?



|       | $x_0$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ | $x_4$ | $x_5$ | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| $x_0$ | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_1$ | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_2$ | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_3$ | N     | Y     | N     | N     | Y     | N     | ... |
| $x_4$ | Y     | N     | N     | N     | N     | Y     | ... |
| $x_5$ | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | ... |
| ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ...   | ... |
|       | N     | Y     | Y     | Y     | Y     | N     | ... |

Which row in the table is paired with this set?

# The Diagonalization Proof

- The **complemented diagonal** cannot appear anywhere in the table.
  - In row  $n$ , the  $n$ th element must be wrong.
- No matter how we try to assign subsets of  $S$  to elements of  $S$ , there will always be at least one subset left over.
- **Cantor's Theorem**: Every set is smaller than its power set:

$$\text{For any set } S, |S| < |\wp(S)|$$

# Infinite Cardinalities

- Recall:  $|\mathbb{N}| = \aleph_0$ .
- By Cantor's Theorem:

$$|\mathbb{N}| < |\wp(\mathbb{N})|$$

$$|\wp(\mathbb{N})| < |\wp(\wp(\mathbb{N}))|$$

$$|\wp(\wp(\mathbb{N}))| < |\wp(\wp(\wp(\mathbb{N})))|$$

$$|\wp(\wp(\wp(\mathbb{N})))| < |\wp(\wp(\wp(\wp(\mathbb{N}))))|$$

...

- **Not all infinite sets have the same size.**
- **There are multiple different infinities.**

What does this have to do  
with computation?

**“The set of all computer programs”**

**“The set of all problems to solve”**

# Strings and Problems

- Consider the set of all strings:  
 $\{ "", "a", "b", "c", \dots, "aa", "ab", "ac," \dots \}$
- For any set of strings  $S$ , we can solve the following problem about  $S$ :  
**Write a program that accepts as input a string, then prints out whether or not that string belongs to set  $S$ .**
- Therefore, there are at least as many problems to solve as there are sets of strings.

Every computer program is a string.

So, there can't be any more  
programs than there are strings.

From Cantor's Theorem, we know that there are  
more sets of strings than strings.

There are at least as many problems  
as there are sets of strings.

$$|\mathbf{Programs}| \leq |\mathbf{Strings}| < |\mathbf{Sets\ of\ Strings}| \leq |\mathbf{Problems}|$$

Every computer program is a string.

So, there can't be any more  
programs than there are strings.

From Cantor's Theorem, we know that there are  
more sets of strings than strings.

There are at least as many problems  
as there are sets of strings.

**|Programs| < |Problems|**

**There are more  
problems to solve than  
there are programs to  
solve them.**



# It Gets Worse

- Because there are more problems than strings, we can't even *describe* some of the problems that we can't solve.
- Using more advanced set theory, we can show that there are *infinitely more* problems than solutions.
- In fact, if you pick a totally random problem, the probability that you can solve it is *zero*.

But then it gets better...

# Where We're Going

- **Given this hard theoretical limit, what *can* we compute?**
  - What are the hardest problems we *can* solve?
  - How powerful of a computer do we need to solve these problems?
  - Of what we can compute, what can we compute *efficiently*?
- **What tools do we need to reason about this?**
  - How do we build mathematical models of computation?
  - How can we reason about these models?

# Next Time

- **Mathematical Proof**
  - What is a mathematical proof?
  - How can we prove things with certainty?